Amid Crisis In Japan, Yen Climbs Even Higher

By David E. Sanger
New York Times Service

TOKYO — As the Japanese yen soared into a new era Monday, the country seemed to have one question on its lips: How could the nation's currency be so strong when its economy is still scraping bottom and its government is in utter cha-

All day, the yen's rise past a crucial threshold, the point where one yen is worth more than a penny for the first time in history, swirled and intermingled with the litical maneuverings set off by the resig-ation of Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata on Saturday.

Rumors of new combinations of political parties and personalities, of secret meetings and imminent divisions in the country's two biggest parties — the Liberal Democrats and the Socialists — only drove the markets into greater fury.

be more that it appeared that disorder
I reign as Japan's old political order untaveled for the second time in a year, the more the traders seemed to grow convinced that Japan's \$60 billion trade surplus with the United States would not end any time soon.

The result, everyone seemed convinced, would be a weaker dollar, perceived here as the Clinton administration's only effective trade policy for making American products more competitive.

By the hour, more and more leaders of the Japanese business community denounced the state of confusion, complaining loudly that if their exports were made more expensive around the world, Japan's fledgling economic recovery would be choked off. And by the end of the day, they were contending that unless Japan's political community straightened itself out quickly, a wave of red ink would obliterate whatever hope of economic recovery the

country has entertained in recent months. have grave fears in the face of the political vacuum and the abnormal rise in the yen," said Takeshi Nagano, the leader of the Japan Federation of Employers' Associations. If it does not stop, he said in a statement, "The whole of our country's industry will be forced to a standstill."

That may have been a bit of overstate-See YEN, Page 6



A London trader waits Monday in vain for more central bank intervention as dollar slumps to a new low against the yen.

Who Suffers When Dollar Plunges?

By Alan Friedman International Herald Tribune

PARIS - The dollar hit another postwar low against the yen early Monday, sinking to 99.46 yen at one point and leaving traders wondering when they might next face a challenge from the world's leading central banks.

Last Friday, currency traders thumbed their noses when central banks, led by the Federal Reserve Board, spent an

NEWS ANALYSIS

estimated \$2 billion to \$3 billion attempting to shore up the U.S., currency. The dollar plunged again Monday morning in Asian trading, and wallowed weakly during much of the day before recovering to 100.45 yen by the close of trading in New York. It closed at 1.5830 Deutsche marks, down over a pfennig from its

close on Friday. (Page 10)
Officials of the U.S. Treasury have said that any further appreciation of the yen and the mark could damage world economic recovery. But the policymakers, along with foreign exchange specialists, have left two questions unanswered for

both industry and the general public: Is the dollar's plunge really all that catastrophic? And for whom?

The answer, say economists on both sides of the Atlantic, is that a declining dollar, in the short term, need not mean a crisis. And while there is concern that a weaker dollar can help fuel inflation over the longer term, few economists would say it is

The most significant worry for policymakers at the U.S. Treasury and at the Fed is that the dollar might become so weak that it would trigger serious instability in financial markets by causing massive liquidation of bond and equity holdings by foreign investors.

This could set off a chain reaction of panic selling that could drive already high long-term interest rates still higher and make it more expensive for the Treasury to fund the national debt. It is thus a possible consequence of the dollar's weakness, and an indirect one as well.

To be sure, in the short term, the weak dollar can make life See DOLLAR, Page 6

Clinton Shuffles His Top Aides, Naming Panetta As Chief of Staff

By Paul F. Horvitz

WASHINGTON - President Bill Clinton announced a major reshuffle of his staff on Monday, naming his budget direc-tor as the new White House chief of staff and asking his public relations expert, Da-vid Gergen, to focus exclusively on foreign

Leon E. Panetta, a former California congressman whose work as budget director carned him the de facto title of chief deficit "hawk" in the Clinton administration, will take over the chief-of staff duties from Thomas F. (Mack) McLarty, who will become counselor to the president with a broad portfolio.

"He's not going anywhere," Mr. Clinton said of Mr. McLarty. "He's my closest friend." The president said Mr. McLarty would take greater responsibility promoting the administration's agenda on Capitol

The changes, in effect, continued a trend-in which friends and colleagues of Mr. Clinton's from his home state, Arkansas, are moved aside in favor of advisers with broader Washington experience.

The announcement came at a time in which Mr. Clinton is being strongly buffet-ed by political crosscurrents at home and abroad. His standing with the public has not substantially improved since his 1992 election with 43 percent of the vote; his health reform effort is being picked apart in Congress, and he is increasingly being accused of indecisiveness in foreign affairs.

Mr. McLarty, an Arkansas public utilities executive, has known Mr. Clinton since boyhood. He will now work on a range of issues for the president, including health reform and congressional approval of the world trade agreement, or GATE, the White House said.

Mr. Panetta, who turns 56 on Tuesday, spent 16 years in the House of Representatives and rose to the chairmanship of the House Budget Committee. He is known as a politically savvy, hard-nosed manager with a strong grasp of substantive policy.

understanding of both ends of Pennsylva-

Mr. Clinton said, referring to the broad boulevard that connects Congress and the

White House. By both ends of Pennsylvania Avenue the president meant the lawmakers and the

Mr. Panetta indicated that he would be making further changes in the White House staff, in consultation with the presi-

As director of Mr. Clinton's Office of Management and Budget, Mr. Panetta was among those advisers who successfully lobbied for a strong package of spending cuts and tax increases to help bring the nation's annual budget deficit under con-

He made no comments Monday that suggested any policy shift on support for the flagging dollar.

Mr. Gergen, who intends to leave the administration at the end of the year, was asked to assist both the White House and the State Department in the "articulation"

of foreign policy, as he put it.

Asked by a television interviewer how he would deal with the falling value of the dollar, during the president's forthcoming meetings in Italy with the Group of Seven wealthy nations, Mr. Gergen spoke only of the progress Mr. Clinton can display in the arms of deficit medication. area of deficit reduction.

"Let's talk about one problem at a time," Mr. Gergen said. He said Mr. Clinton had put to rest rumors that Secretary of State Warren M.

Christopher might be replaced and that he would be merely providing "an additional voice" in explaining U.S. foreign policy.
Mr. Clinton and other White House aides have often stated that their policies, while consistent and correct, have not always been explained properly to the pub-

The president named Mr. Panetta's deouty, Alice Rivlin, to take over the budget office. She is a former director of the Congressional Budget Office, which conducts nonpartisan research for Congress on the budgetary impact of legislation. She will need Senate confirmation to

"No one in Washington has a better replace Mr. Panetta Mr. Panetta's appointment falls outside the Senate's com-

WORLD CUP (GRANDSTAND

Spain 3, Bolivia 1

Josep Guardiola hit a penalty kick in the 18th minute against Bolivia on Monday and, in the second half. José Luis Pèrez Caminero added two more within six minutes as Spain qualified for the second round at Chicago's Soldier Field. Erwin Sanchez scored for Bolivia in the second half.

Germany 3, South Korea 2

In the sweltering heat of the Cotton Bowl in Dallas on Monday, Jürgen Klinsmann opened the way with goals for Germany in the 12th and 36th minutes of the first half against South Korea, Karlheinz Riedle added another in the 19th minute. Hwang Sun Hong countered for South Korea in the 52nd minute and Hong Myung Bo added a second in the 63rd, but Germany held on to advance to the second

round. Round 2 for U.S.?

The U.S. team appears headed for the second round for the first time in 64 years, although an elaborate blend of results in the other five groups could make them the first host nation not to

advance. With four points, however. the Americans have a good chance of moving on as one of the top four third place teams.

Adidas's Spin on the Ball

Goalkeepers have been dismayed by the new ball in use at this World Cup. and the manufacturer, Adidas, has confirmed their impressions: New material in the revolutionary new Questra ball makes it fly faster than other balls. giving goalkeepers less time to react.

Cameroon Goalkeeper Quits

Cameroon's top goalkeeper, Joseph-Antoine Bell, has quit nation's World Cup team because of a dispute with team officials. Bell said the officials had tried to force Coach Henri Michel to start someone else in goal Friday against Brazil in a game that Camercon lost, 3-0.

esday's matches; Ireland vs. Norway, at East Rutherford, New Jersey, 1635 GMT; Italy vs. Mexico, at Washington, 1635 GMT; Brazil vs. Sweden, at Pontiac, Michigan, 2005 GMT; Russia vs. Cameroon, at Stanford, California, 2005

World Cup report: Pages 18 and 19



Frank Learning Michael Chang beating Sergi Bruguera at Wimbledon. Page 16. guera at Wimbledon.

Kiosk

CIA Fears Theft Of Nuclear Arms

WASHINGTON (Reuters) - Russian gangs pose a threat to the rest of the world because of the possibility that they might steal and sell nuclear weap-ons, the CIA director, R. James Woolsey Jr., said Monday.

"Russian organized crime has quick-

ly become an international menace," he said at a hearing of the House Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mr. Woolsey said there was no evidence that gangs had smuggled nuclear warheads or material out of Russia. But he said, "We can not rule out the possibility that organized crime groups will be able to obtain and sell nuclear weapons or weapons-grade materials." He added, "We should not rule out the prospect that organized crime could be used as an avenue for terrorists to acquire weapons of mass destruction."

Chess Crossword

Page 5. Page 20.

Your Early Morning Jolt: Coffee Prices Are Soaring

By Erik Ipsen

LONDON - Coffee prices soared by more than a third to their highest prices in more than seven years in trading Monday in London and New York, and the cost to

consumers may not be far behind.

"Today's developments will definitely put pressure on coffee roasters to up their prices," said a source close to the International Coffee Organization, which com-prises the world's leading coffee-producing and -consuming nations. Analysts said they were not sure how much the recent rises in raw coffee prices would affect the price to consumers.

The leap in prices was set off by news of a snap frost in the coffee-growing regions of southern Brazil. Assessments of the damage will take days, but frantic traders stampeded into the market and pushed coffee prices up by more than 35 percent to as high as \$1.70 a pound, the highest level in more than seven years.

In New York, coffee for September delivery rose 33.5 cents a pound Monday to \$1.6160 on the Coffee, Sugar and Cocoa

The jump came on the back of a string of price rises that had seen the price of coffee more than double since February, from about 60 cents a pound for green coffee eans to \$1.25 on Friday.

Curiously, analysts blamed the low cost of coffee in recent years for the shortage that has been driving up prices all year. Before the collapse of the coffee growers'

cartel almost exactly five years ago, coffee had sold for \$1.40 a pound.

Since the breakup of the cartel and the end of concerted efforts by producers to stabilize prices by holding coffee off the market in years of bumper harvests, it had only twice breached 50 cents a pound. The low prices of the last five years

have meant that producers have not had enough money to invest in their planta-tions," said Lawrence Eagles, a commod-ity analyst with GNI Ltd. in London. This Brazilian frost only compounds the situation." Analysts fear that the frost may have

iped out as much as 15 percent of Brazil's 1995-96 crop, a loss that would translate to 5 percent of total world production. The frost season in Brazil has another 6 weeks to run, with weather forecasters predicting another frost for Monday night and for the weekend as well.

"Trading has been hectic to say the least," said Mr. Eagles. "A number of big consumers have been caught without adequate stocks."

In addition to the weather and the low prices prevalent in recent years, analysts blamed speculators for the jump in prices.

In the past, analysts noted that the big coffee roasters, including such international giants as Nestlé SA and Phillip Morris Cos.' General Foods division, had been able to choose freely the timing of their buying in the market. With the emergence of speculators, the balance has swung back

See COFFEE, Page 6

Bonn Seems Prepared to Compromise on EU Presidency

By Tom Buerkle international Herald Tribune

BRUSSELS — Germany and Britain gan laying the groundwork Monday for compromise over the presidency of the opean Union's executive commission. Bonn signaled a willingness to abandon me Minister Jean-Luc Dehaene of Bel-

"We will talk to everyone involved and rk out a proposal," Chancelor Helmut

Dow Jones Trib Index

1 544

100 45

Newsstand Prices

orra9.00 FF Luxembourg 60 L. Fr

110.46

1.5525

100,525

Up 48.56

e Dollar

Kohl said in Bonn. "I'm not blind, I want to come up with a result."

In London, Prime Minister John Maior reaffirmed his determination to block Mr. Dehaene, but he and other government officials avoided any mention or criticism of other potential nominees.

Britain vetoed Mr. Dehaene's candidacy to head the commission at the weekend summit meeting in Corfu. Greece. It remained doubtful that Mr. Kohl could break the impasse by a special summit meeting to be heid here on July 15, European officials said. Germany takes over the rotating presidency of the EU in

The uncertainty over Germany's options persisted because the list of alternafive candidates is topped by Belgian per-sonalities, including former Prime Minister Wilfried Martens and Etienne Davignon, an industrialist, who are fervent believers in the kind of European integra-

tion that provoked Britain's veto of Mr.

A commission spokesman said the current president, Jacques Delors of France, and his 16 fellow commissioners would remain in office if there was no agreement on a successor when their term ends on Jan. 5, 1995.

Still, there was optimism for a solution in Brussels. Mr. Kohl is determined to See EUROPE, Page 6

A How-To Book Helps Chinese Divided Over Their Rush to Riches

By Michael Laris

BEIJING - Along with taking crash courses in microeconomics and accounting, an unusually large number of Chinese are learning something else they have decided is indispensable in their rush to market: how to sever their marriages.

They even have a textbook. A blunt, easy-to-read volume titled "How to Divorce" appeared at bookstalls last month.

In question and answer format, it covers everything from basic administrative procedures to how stock profits are divided in divorce. Even more difficult problems are tackled head-on.

For example, Question No. 160, "If one side is sold into marriage and wants to divorce, how does the court handle this?" Answer: "Selling spouses is illegal. Plaintiff has clear grounds for divorce. Purchase price will be confiscated by the state. Parents or matchmak-

er may be severely punished, especially if sold party was physically harmed."

The book is intended to meet the needs of Chinese who are divorcing and also breaking with thousands of years of tradition. Last year, there were 909,000 divorces, an increase of 300 percent over 1991. More Chinese can now afford the economic risk of

leaving a stifling marriage. In cities, the transition to a market economy has raised incomes and expectations, forcing many to reevaluate their lot and, increasingly, their spouses. People are more aggressively shaping their personal

lives. They say they want love in their marriages, not merely convenience. Other marriages are falling victim to the pressure and longer work hours of a sink-or-swim economy. A recent government study reported that numerous divorces occur when one spouse gets rich or finds a

To be sure, many fewer people divorce in China than in the West. Compared with China's 909,000 divorces last year, there were more than I million in the United States, which has a population only onefifth that of China's. But Chinese can divorce with more freedom and less social stigms than at any other time in the country's history.

Although divorced women still face a much greater stigma than divorced men, there is a growing willingness among women to assert their independence

For thousands of years, Confucian teachings held that women should marry only once in a lifetime. The names of young widows who lived chastely until they died were memorialized on temple walls. Ding Ning a leading Beijing literary editor and the

miserable marriages. For the last two years, she has

been a volunteer counselor at a women's hot line. "When I work the women's hot line, I hear from many women who are suffering," she said. Their husbands beat them or are having affairs, and so they want to get a divorce. But they don't know how to do it."

Under China's divorce laws, liberalized over the last dozen years, once couples secure the approval of their work units, local Communist Party street committees are authorized to handle divorces. The prospect of an open confrontation in divorce court, long the only option in China; had discouraged divorces.

The current surge of divorces is the second since the The current surge of divorces is the second since the senior leader, Deng Xiaoping, began his program of economic reform and modernization in 1978. The previous leap occurred in the early 1980s, when conples who married for political self-protection during editor of "How to Divorce," said she took on the project to help the millions of women trapped in

See SPLIT, Page 6



By Roger Cohen
New York Times Service

PECIGRAD, Bosnia-Herzegovina - This is the story of a Bosnian Muslim officer, a refugee, an honored fighter against the Serbs and now, to many of his people, a traitor.

It is also a story of the Bosnian war, its cruelty, its amhiguities and ultimately, the quandary it poses to the Muslims: whether to fight on to avenge terrible wrongs committed against them by the Serbs or to compromise for the sake of peace?

The officer's name is Colone! Nevzet Deric. He made his choice: to compromise. To his opponents, his choice was betrayal.

The decision reflects the painful choice facing the Muslim-dominated Bosnian government — an imperfect peace with the Serbs or more war.

After a 26-month odyssey, Colonel fields, sending up black plumes.

comrades in the 5th Corps of the an ethnic cleansing should end up like ing that we must get armed." Mr. Bosnian Army. They are aimed at Col-this." onel Deric, who deserted to join Fikret

By Lee Hockstader

Washington Post Service
MOSCOW — Alarmed by

rapidly falling foreign invest-

ment. Prime Minister Viktor S.

Chernomyrdin promised Mon-

day that Russia would enact a package of tax hreaks and law

incentives to persuade Western executives that doing husiness

in this country is not like play-

ing Russian roulette.
Mr. Chernomyrdin, in a

meeting with the leaders of ma-

jor Western corporations, said

the government would intro-

duce legislation to give foreign-

owned enterprises a five-year

tax holiday and subsequent

guarantees that tax legislation

In addition, foreign compa-nies would be allowed to own

land and be granted a freer

hand in money transfers. Joint

Russian and foreign ventures

would be granted duty-free im-

ports of production equipment

and materials and also the right

to retain all hard-currency earn-

Mr. Chernomyrdin sounded a bullish note. "I think that all

this will lower the risk for for-

eign investment in the Russian

economy by the end of the year," he said.

His remarks to an elite busi-

ness group, which included top

executives from Coca-Cola,

United Technologies Corp. and Citicorp, came as Western investment in Russia is dropping

sharply from levels that were

Foreign investment in Russia

this year is expected to be only about \$1 billion, down from

\$1.5 billion last year. The cumu-

lative total of all foreign invest-ment in the country is \$2.7 bil-

With inflation down some-

what from its 900 percent annu-

al rate in 1993 and a tight hud-

get having just passed Parliament last week, the Rus-

sian leader said, "The macro-

economic state of the economy

not high to begin with.

ings from their exports.

would remain stable.

Russia Is Promising

Investors a New Deal

vors compromise with the Serbs.

Last September Mr. Abdic declared autonomy in Bihac, in northwestern Ahdic's money turned his head." Bosnia, igniting civil war war among the 190,000 Muslim inhabitants.

"I cannot believe this deployment of

forces by the Bosnian government against its own people." Colonel Deric said with the wan smile that often plays on his face, youthful and weary. "It's all utterly futile, Nothing can be solved by the war."

Lighting a succession of eigarettes, he asked, "Should I insist on fighting hattles so that the number of Muslims in Bosnia just goes on diminishing?"

To Bosnian officials, such a question is merely the self-serving protest of a man who has betrayed the countless Muslim victims of the Serbs.

"Nevzet Deric has sold out and is Deric, 30, commands a brigade in this merely fighting for money," said Mirwestern Bosnian town on the front sad Veladzic, a government minister. line, where mortar shells crash into the "What higher interest could make him fields, sending up black plumes." "Urn against his own people? It is a The shells are fired by his former very tragic story that a victim of Serbi-

Ferhat Carolic, a police official in

allows us for the first time to

tackle the investment climate."

that Mr. Chernomyrdin, the

former head of Russia's Gas

Ministry, who just six months

ago was heaping scorn on the "marker romanticism" of eco-

nomic reformers, has got some

free-market ardor himself.
Last month, he pledged to continue the tight money and credit policies that have helped

reduce monthly inflation from

more than 20 percent to about 8

percent this year. His austere

hudget, passed nearly intact by

Parliament last week, has infu-

riated the military and agricul-

first and foremost about the ut-

ter unpredictability of tax,

banking and other laws in Rus-

sia, which seem to change more

The foreign executives are

By Steven Erlanger

New York Times Service

KIEV - President Leonid M. Krav-

chuk and his former prime minister, Leo-

idential elections, which displayed a coun-

Scattered results in slow counting from

the seven-man race showed Mr. Kravchuk,

elected Ukraine's first president in Decem-

ber 1991, sweeping western Ukraine, a nationalist region that was "Sovietized" only after World War II.

In his campaign, Mr. Kravchuk has been

stressing Ukraine's independence and sta-

hility in contrast to the civil strife else-

where in the former Soviet Union. He has

been minimizing the wretched state of

Ukraine's almost entirely unreformed

largest military factories, was dominating

the vote in the more industrialized and

Mr. Kuchma, who ran one of Ukraine's

try deeply split between east and west.

scheduled to meet Tuesday with

often than the seasons.

President Boris N. Yelisin.

Foreign investors comptain

tural lohhies, among others.

The session was another sign

Abdic, a Muslim businessman who favors compromise with the Serbs.

Bihac and former friend of Colonel vors compromise with the Serbs.

Bihac and former friend of Colonel national interests in 1991 and prepart to June 1993, he was, it seems, possessed by a determination to drive er against the Serbs, with a great knowledge of guerrilla warfare. But

> Two interviews with Colonel Deric and conversations with several people who have traced his experiences yielded the following account:

> The colonel, who served in the former Yugoslav Army, became alarmed about Bosnia's future when war beween Serbs and Croats broke out in 1991. If the Serbs were so ferocious in the defense of their people in Croatia, he reasoned, how would the large Serhian minority in Bosnia react to independence in that republic?

> As a military adviser to Alija Izethegovic's Party of Democratic Action in Banja Luka and in his home town of Kljuc, Colonel Deric said, he spent much of 1991 urging the party to arm Muslims and arrange the desertion of Muslims in the Yugoslav Army. But Mr. Izetbegovic, now president of Bosnia, rejected the idea.

> 'I was labeled an extremist for say-Deric said. "But the fact is that the Serbs of Bosnia were fighting for their

Ukraine's Split Vote May Force Runoff

Russified south and east, including the

Mr. Kuchma, 55, argues for closer eco-

nomic ties to Russia and the other coun-

and energy dependencies, while Mr. Krav-chuk accuses him of wanting to pull

Ukraine into Moscow's orbit once again.

Preliminary results will not be an-

nounced officially until Tuesday morning. Viktor Pogorilko, deputy chairman of the Central Election Commission, announced

late Monday.

But according to local election officials

and the Interfax news agency, Mr. Krav-chuk and Mr. Kuchma were dominating

Assuming neither receives more than 50 percent, there will be a runoff between the

two in two weeks' time that is expected to

Oleksandr O. Moroz, the powerful neo-

the vote, as expected.

be close and nasty.

terests and not preparing for war. That

was stupid. War broke out with extraordinary through to Banja Luka. ferocity in April 1992, as soon as Bos-

nated city now purged of Muslims. to me. The first was that I would never and daughter fled to Slovenia and he and political compromise with the nas not seen them for two years.

reputation for exceptional bravery. "Nevzet Deric was an extraordinary

the war only too well. From June 1992 army."

lims were fighting for our national in- back the Serbs. He spent every night in the hills, regaining some territory, holding the line, planning a break-

But a year ago he collapsed in what nia declared independence. Bosnian he described as "a complete mental Serhs, hacked hy Serbia, began a brutal roundup of unarmed Muslim civiltion." Former colleagues said it was ians in a bid to impose Serhian ethnic tuberculosis. He was hospitalized in Bihac for two months.

Among their targets was Kljuc, "I lay there and started thinking," south of Banja Luka, a Muslim-domi- he said. And two things became clear Colonel Deric fled to Bihac. His wife reach Kljuc or Banja Luka by fighting, Serbs was the only way. The second In chaotic Bihac, as the Muslims was that if my pleas to push forward sought to organize a force to hold off were so often rejected, it was because the rampaging Serbs, Colonel Deric many officers in the 5th Corps just became commander of the 504th Bri- wanted to keep their comfortable posigade of the 5th Corps and earned a tion, their money and their Merce-

When Mr. Abdic declared autonofighter," said Atif Dudakovic, his com- my on Sept. 27, Colonel Deric folmander. "But unfortunately, in the lowed because, he said, "not even the end, he did not understand this war and he took the road of treason."

Serbs can do as much harm as President Izetbegovic, who has pushed us dent Izetbegovic, who has pushed us Colonel Deric says he understood into battle against a well-armed

WORLD BRIEFS

North Yemen Bombs Aden Refinery

ADEN, Yemen (AFP) — Northern warplanes on Monday attacked the oil refinery in breakaway south Yemen as rival forces battled in Adea's suburbs, with around 100 civilians and soldiers:

reported killed in two days.

Rival forces fought with automatic weapons, rocket-propelled grenades and mortars along the road to the refinery, which has been cut off from Aden since northern troops entered the suburbs.

100 (100 mm) 100 (100 mm) 100 (100 mm) 100 (100 mm)

est (n. 142) Political de la constant

Haiti

[:Re]

Shake

Sanct

POR.

135 VE "2....

בר : נול פרולוסה

1051 SIN

reality of Fair Co.

Self-Stranger

E :000

BETTLE THE

Wish-Ti-

FEET ...

L

grenter at

mirate h

Be: := _ th

Pag. =

har

prescion and dracia i est

ದಮ್ಮ ಸಿಲ್ಲರ್ನನ್ನ

All the said

Egite Tine

ROTE CONTRACTOR

E Strainie

EL LL

FORCES from

ENT:

ben ein. Sier grieer

a interest

Bear Can

De tal san in a

1 miles 2 mg

Bat de

E winda

Botte Little 1

e of press

E Tarack . LT d

Mar the mine

hatier Gener

the to the arm

M Kathy S

MINGTO!

Ronald Reag

partition in

the Russians.

S to Rook W

io get the job

it seemingly

and a space sta

the letought in a

space fught

le ilizi showd s could co Illade, in the w savilences wi

his year, officia Meconifortable m

of its time to sto

Mind chough mc

by to now, the U

the effort or to g

thread, the programmer transport in the leading and ma

design changes,

ace last year's bu

er the Clinton

largest interna Collaboration Med in peacetime

thange in the hu

delays and has been rede

I hade over wh

A

DCT:

be - 2-2:

The south said more than 50 soldiers were killed when its forces, backed by warplanes and artillery from ships, drove back a northern tank and artillery offensive, the Kuwaiti news agency reported, without naming the bartle site.

Jerusalem Mayor Aims to Bar Arafat

JERUSALEM (Reuters) - The mayor of Jerusalem and nounced Monday that he would help bring Jews from abroad to obstruct any visit to the city by Yasser Arafar, leader of the

Palestine Liberation Organization.

T was not elected to deal only with sanitation, said Mayor.

Ehud Olmert, defying Prime Minister Vitzhak Rabin's insistence. last week that Mr. Arafat had a right to pray at Muslim holy sites.

Israel Radio said Monday that a Canadian jumbo jet was ready to

Mr. Olmert, elected seven months ago, has vowed to muster a million people to keep Mr. Arafat away from Islam's third holiest site, the Dome of the Rock Mosque where the Jewish temple stood in biblical days.

Dutch Coalition Talks Break Down

THE HAGUE (Reuters) — Talks aimed at forming a new coalition government from parties to the right and left of the Dutch political spectrum broke down on Monday.

"The talks have failed," a government spokeswoman said, adding there would be no further official comment until Queen Beatrix had been officially informed.

Labor, the conservative Liberal Party and the center-left Democraten 66 had negotiated for seven weeks trying to piece togethers workable "purple" alliance, the first three-party coalition in 12 years and so-dubbed because of its mix of party hues.

Korean Strike Eases After Violence

SEOUL (AP) — An unauthorized strike that crippled South Korea's train and subway systems for four days began easing Monday after riot police stormed worker meeting sites and arrested hundreds of strikers.

More than 90 percent of the railroad engineers had returned to work as of Monday. But only 43 percent of subway workers, including 20 percent of the engineers, had returned to their jobs.

and continuing cutbacks in subway service were expected.

On Sunday, 7,000 riot police removed workers and student sympathizers from two universities. More than 500 people were arrested. In violent clashes, police fired volleys of fear gas, and workers responded with firebombs.

Police Release 8 Egyptian Lawyers

CAIRO (AFP) — Eight lawyers arrested during a demonstration have been freed, while six others on a hunger strike have been taken to the bospital, the Egyptian Bar Association said Monday. The releases reduced to 16 the number of lawyers beld after a rally on May 17 to protest the death of an Islamic lawyer, Abidd Harith Madani, in police enstody.

But six of the 33 lawyers who went on the hunger strike last week to demand publication of an official report into Mr. Madani's death were taken to the hospital Sunday after their health deteriorated.

U.K.-China Talks on Bases Extended

HONG KONG (AP) — Britain and China failed for the second time in less than a week Monday to reach agreement on the future of 39 bases being vacated by the British Army in Hong Kong, but decided to continue the talks on Thursday.

Hong Kong radio quoted the Chinese negotiator, Guo Fengmin, as saying some technical problems remained over the mili-

Germany Seeks Extradition by Spain

SCHWEINFURT, Germany (AFP) — The public prosecutor in Schweinfurt has called for the extradition of Otto Ernst Remer, the former commander of Hitler's military beadquarters in Berlin. iudicial officials announced Monday.

Mr. Remer, 81, is under arrest in Spain after being found guilty in Germany for inciting racial hatred. The extradition request was made through the Spanish Justice Ministry, said Walter Rupprecht, Mr. Schweinfurt's prosecutor.

U.S. Reveals More Radiation Testing

WASHINGTON (Reuters) - About 1,200 people may have participated, some without warning of the dangers, in 48 undisclosed radiation experiments conducted from the 1920s until 1989, the Energy Department said Monday.

It added that the subjects included bealthy people as well as terminally ill patients, pregnant women, psychiatric patients and children and fetuses.

Information on some of the experiments has been reported in recent months when the Clinton administration began an investigation to determine the extent of once-secret government-backed radiation tests on bumans.

After Saxony Deadlock, a Coalition?

Christian Democrats and Social Democrats Weigh Talks

Agence France-Presse BONN - The Christian Democrats and Social Democrats faced the prospect of forming a coalition in the state of Saxony-Anhalt on Monday after neither won a decisive result in elections for the Parliament there.

Analysts said the outcome of the election Sunday could be a favored talks with the Socialists portent for the German legislative election Oct. 16.

A strong showing in the East German state by the Party of Democratic Socialism, the former Communists, kept the Social Democrats from wresting control from the Christian Democrats of Chancellor Hel-

seat deprived the Mr. Kohl's party of its coalition partner in Saxony-Anhalt.

The outgoing Christian Democrat premier, Christoph Bergner, whose party won 34.4 percent of the vote and can expect 37 seats, repeated in a radio interview Monday that he for a "grand coalition." Richard Höppner, the local

leader of the Social Democrats, which won 34 percent of the vote and can expect 36 seats. told the same station such a possibility was not to be ruled

Mr. Höppner added, however, that alternatives had to be But the failure of the Free discussed, and in another radio Democrats to gain the 5 percent interview said that should nego-

of the vote necessary to win a tiations with the Christian Democrats fail, the possibility of an Social Democrat-led minority government had to be

nid D. Kuchma, appeared Monday to be headed for a runoff vote in Ukraine's pres-

This would mean bringing in the Alliance 90/Greens group. With 5.1 percent of the vote, it will have five seats.

considered.

MIZ.

A major problem for the two main parties is the former Communists, who won 19.9 percent of the vote and 21 seats and confirmed their position as the third party in former East Ger-

The Social Democrats greatly improved on their 1990 result of 26 percent in Saxony-Anhalt. hut the former Communists, who had 12 percent four years ago, improved hy almost as

Germans Plan Low Profile In the Bastille Day Parade

FRENCH FLOODS - A woman walking past damaged vehicles at Auribeau, southeastern France, after weekend

storms caused flooding and mudslides. Rail services between France and Italy were still disrupted on Monday.

tries of the former Soviet Union as the bes: expected to go to Mr. Kuchma in a second

Communist speaker of Parliament who op-

poses private ownership of land, appears to be running third in the voting, with a stronger showing in farm areas.

A significant part of his vote would be

But Mr. Kravchuk, a noted political

lactician, has been appealing to the leftist

olock with the naming of a former Soviet-

era official, Vitali Masol, as prime minis-

There was also some support for the

only free-market reformer in the race, for-

mer Finance Minister Volodymyr Lano-

viy, but his strength seemed concentrated

Ukraine, in the cities of the Donbass, Mr.

Kuchma was receiving 50 percent to 60

percent of the vote. with Mr. Moroz in the

low 20's and Mr. Kravchuk getting he-

In the western city of Lviv, more than 80

tween 10 percent and 15 percent.

Kiev, where Mr. Kravchuk is leading.

According to Interfax, in eastern

Agence France-Presse

STRASBOURG. France - German soldiers will parade down the Champs Elysees in Paris on July 14, Bastille Day, for the first time since Hitler's forces were driven out of France by the Allies 50 years ago, but they will be hard to

It will take eagle eyes and knowledge of armor types to spot the Germans from the 10th Panzer Division, who will be in 24 unmarked tanks and wearing camouflage uniforms like other units, rendering them indistinguishable from a distance amid the Eurocorps. Europe's future military force.

The 192 Germans will be positioned between armored units from Belgium and Spain and there will be no national flags in

The only clue to the soldiers' homelands will be a badge on the epaulette, General Helmut Willmann of Germany said at a news conference here.

The decision to allow the German troops to take part in the military display was announced recently by President Fran-çois Mitterrand at a French-German summit meeting in Mulhouse.

Berlusconi **Feels First Vote Pains**

ROME - Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi suffered his first electoral setback when opposition candidates won several regional polls, results showed on Monday.

His opponents took weekend runoff votes for mayors, provincial presidents and a regional council. The results of elections in 137

smaller cities were issued as the Senate president warned that new national elections could become necessary if the opposition used its slight majority in the upper house to block legis-

First defeat for Forza Italia," Milan's Corriere della Sera said of the party Mr. Berlusconi formed in January and led to triumph in March at the head of the conservative Freedom Alli-

ance. The results were the first reverse for Mr. Berlusconi since he reinforced his grip on Italy when Forza Italia won more than 30 percent of the vote in the June 12 European elections.

Some commentators, however, said the significance of the polls was muted because of the low turnout, with only about half of the six million eligible voters casting ballots.

The most glaring loss for Forza Italia was on the island of Sardinia, where the candidate for regional president hacked hy Forza Italia and the neofascist-led National Alliance, part of Mr. Berlusconi's coalition, won only about 36 percent.

The candidate from a coaliuon backed by the former Com-

TRAVEL UPDATE

EU Moves on Ending Border Checks: BERLIN (AFP) - Accords to scrap identity checks at the borders of five European Union countries and coordinate immi-

gration controls will take effect in October, Germany's minister of state for security services said Monday.

The official, Bernd Schmidbauer, said he was assuming that the computer system needed to carry out the so-called Schengen

accords would be operational by October. Delays in the implementation of the accords have been blamed on difficulties with he computer system in Strasbourg, France. The accords are named after the town in Luxembourg where

they were signed on June 19, 1990. Mr. Schmidbauer said implementation would mean that people crossing borders between France, Germany, Belgium, Luxembourg and the Netherlands would not be asked for identity documents starting in October. Among later signatories, he said, Spain and Portugal should in principle be able to join in the system by then, but Italy and Greece would be prevented from doing so by technical problems.

Labor peace on Dutch railroads hung in the balance as employees voted on a proposed settlement of a dispute involving job cuts. munist Democratic Party of the The hallots were to be counted Tuesday. The dispute shut down Left won more than 42 percent. the Dutch rail system for two days earlier this month. (AP).



To call from country to country, or back to the U.S., dial the WorldPhone number of the country you're calling from.

Antigua (Available from public cardphones only) 06-022-91-22 001-800-444-1234 Cack Republication 00-42-000112 Hairi (CO) Netherlands Antilles/CC\+ 001-800-950-1022 St. Lucia 191-997-0001 Argentina + 1001-800-333-1111 Denmark 0. ◆ Honduras+ 001-800-674-7000 800140022 Nicaragual Co Sweden (CCM 020-795-922 $00 \blacksquare -800 \cdot 01 + 11$ 022-903-012 Dominican Republic 1.8004.751-0024 Hungary 0004 (Outside of Managua, dial 02 hist.) Switzerland(C∩+ Bahanias (C) Bahrain 1-800-624-1000 170 Norwayi≎⊃e - 155-0222 800-19912 Trinidad & Tohago 1-800-55-1001 800-002 Egypt (€ € irelando 🔿 (SPECIAL PHONES ONLY) 0800-10011 355-5770 israel (1.1) Military Bases (Cutade of Caro, dial 62 first) 177-150-2727 2810-108 United Kingdom(CC) 1-800-623-0484 El Salvador◆ 195 traly Core 172-1022 Paraguay+ 008-11-800 To call the U.S. using BT 0800-89-0223 0480042222 2000-102-80 800-674-7000 Finland C. • To call the U.S. using MERCURY 05/10/99(137) To call anywhere other than the US/05/06/800-8001 (01-190 000-8012 France ' . • [4**7**-(6).]4 Kenya Poland(CC) 0▼-01-04-900-222 1-840-888-8000 00.1.09 (Acadable from most major caties) 080011 Çamhiu♦ Portugal(CO) 05-017-1234 Llechtenstein/Co-155-0222 Puerto Rico(CC) 000-4121 1-800-624-1000 Germanyo 1-800-888-8000 U.S. Virgin Islands (CC: 1-800:883-8000 800-0112 00▼-0316 clamic are adoldate in cuttern Germany Luxembourg San Mariner CC 14 172-1022 Valican City (C) 172-1022 95-800-674-7000 Colombia: C-4 980-15-(400) Greece (c. • 00-800-1211 Slovak Republication 00-43-000112 Venezuela :-300-1114-0 1-800-624-8721 Costa Rica® Grenada-> TOWARD TO 1100-99-0030

Use your MCI Card," local telephone card or call collect...all at the same low rates. (CO) Country to a sorter calling a color k. The notify a subble technical governmental heatistic. Contain in ancromopph. 🍅 Limited analybidin. 🔻 2 at for second dial tone. 🛦 Available from IADATH public phonocoals. Rate depends on all organic Messon. This menoral constructions corner. WORLDPHONE Let It Take You Around the World.

THE AMERICAS / THE QUESTION OF COLOR

to Bar Arafat ing Jews from abroad to er Arafat, leader of the tantanent said Maya tanak Rabin's insistence may at Maslim holy als an jumbo jet was ready to

o, has cowed to musters from Islam's third holes of the Jewish templeston Break Down

amed at forming a no

the cont and left of & a Meaday. ent spokesnoman sag (2) comment until Que and the conter-left Den. in ing to piece together res-party coglition in a in party bues.

ter Violence The that crippled Sout tour days began easie The street of street and

an amount in a featurned to their job A CONTRACTOR people we # . ni 1927 225. g

an Lawvers alle der no a demonst - Contract to the state of A main and Menes - Ar et, beld Mis: and a section awast. Atta

one cannot strike in the control one Mr. Me-Sur due after their leafi ases Extended in the Land of the second and the future

en registration Con Fenge ern. oz. ber de mili

lition by Spain The much prosecut and the Best of th in interfering found gair and Water Ro

The Property of the

and the parents I

The state of the s

عادة عن السودي المادة-المادية المادية المادية

DATE

Tracks disconnected to the control of the control o

Sheri She Sheri Sh

Netherlands and leaves and leaves

or the falling is start.

oaling from

A STATE OF THE STA

iction Testing But many suspect the money 14 10 may he had a second of the second of t

devoted to the army.

On Both Sides of the Racial Divide, the Simpson Case Evokes Stereotypes

"I guess it was a Jekyll-Hyde thing," he said. "See, O.J. Simpson thought he was white. He acted white. He lived with white people. He married a white woman. The 'sisters' never really interested him. And the hlack community looked up to him as a bona fide hero."

Viewed through the prism of race, the Simpson saga takes on grimmer, more conspiratorial facets than the everyday tragedy of a celebrity gone wrong. Mr. Kelly's hlunt musings might serve as Exhibit A. The recent Time magazine cover featuring an artificially darkened mug shot of Simpsoo — a stereotypical interests. ical image of a menacing black male, prominent African Americans say, among others — is Exhibit

Other evidence of racial repercussions includes the repeatedly broadcast video of Mr. Simpson in handcuffs — "That was unnecessary," the civil rights advocate Jesse L. Jackson complained.

and obscenities, and the People magazine cover

POLITICAL NOTES

DOUBLE BACKING FOR NORTH — Oliver North, the Republican candidate for

Virginia's Senate seat, talking politics at a fund rally with twins Bob and Bill Spence.

these words may oever pass George Stephan-opoulos' lips again: "In defense of Senator

The defense of the White House nemesis by

the senior White House aide came over the

weekend at a Democratic Party gathering in

San Francisco, where many state leaders ea-

gerly heaped criticism oo the Senate Republi-

Most of it got bearty applause, but Mr. Stephanopoulos felt compelled to disagree

when the Nevada Democratic chairwoman,

Virginia Cain, said Mr. Dole should be

branded a hypocrite for opposing govern-ment-guaranteed bealth care. She said Mr.

Dole owed his life to government health care

be received after being wounded in World

Not so fast, said Mr. Stephanopoulos.

opoulos said.

"He is the product of big government," she

"He was a bero, a war hero," Mr. Stephan-

Then, the Clinton aide went even a bit

further, even though Mr. Dole has bad little

kind to say lately about the Clinton White

"I think he believes in health care," Mr.

Senator Alfonse M. D'Amato, a New York

Republican, after it was disclosed that he made a one-day profit of \$37,125 on a stock

offering: "I'm no Hillary Clinton." (LAT)

House and its health care views.

Stephanopoulos said.

Quote/Unquote

Mr. Kelly does not expect to see his old pal anytime soon.

"I guess it was a Jekyll-Hyde thing," he said. "See, The Simpson case, in short, is a collection of racial clichés, myths and stereotypes.

"We briog almost stereotypical oooons from the '50s and the '60s to a reality that's too complex in the '90s for those models to explain cases like O.J. Simpson," said Henry Louis Gates, a Harvard pro-

"You can see that by the weird way everybody is going around talking about this." Mr. Gates said.
"I've been on a book tour, talking to the people who check you in, shine your shoes, make up your room, and the phrase I keep bearing from black people is They're cutting us down one by one.' I think the people who talk like that are trapped in received ways, traditional ways, of analyzing the race prob-

Like any famous, successful black person in American society, Mr. Simpson has lived his life subject to the cross pressures and expectations from the white majority and blacks alike. Thus, while condemning the way the media have demonized Mr. to distance themselves from the man.

"O.J. may have been a hero in mainstream America, but O.J. is no big hero in the black community," said a Los Angeles entrepreneur, Muhammad Nassardeen, founder of Recycling Black Dollars, a group that promotes black businesses. "In terms of what he has done for his community, it's very little."

Through the prism of race Mr. Simpson can be seen as a man who parachuted behind the lines of the other side, adopted the values he found there and lived his life among aliens until he wound up in the middle of a nightmare involving the deaths of two people: his former wife Nicole, 35, and her 25-yearold friend, Ronald Lyle Goldman.

"As I move around talking to people, I hear that black women have a variety of things to say about this, including 'Why did be have to end up getting involved and obsessed over a white woman?" said Audrey B. Chapman, a family therapist and counselor at Howard University and a specialist in black male-female relationships.

Ms. Chapman noted the widespread belief among black women - supported, she said, by U.S. census Simpson, the public figure, as an alleged murderer figures—that black males get involved romantically and a wife-beater, some prominent blacks are quick with white women more frequently than the other way around. "There's still this tension any time the

issue is raised of a black male marrying a white woman. It's 'Damn, she could have been a sister!' 'Ms. Chapman said. "It's one less man for a black

woman to have, and there is resentment."

Mr. Nassardeen said, "My concern is that this is yet another opportunity to bring an African-American down hard."
He added, "It's the denigration of the African-

American male, an opportunity to put us in a negative light any time we make posiove strides."

"Anybody whose head is severed at the spine and brutalized, that's the victim," said a New York management consultant, Jewel Jackson McCabe. founder of the National Organization of 100 Black Women, a feminist advocacy group. "But I think that anybody who commits a crime like this is someone who obviously is also a victim."

From another angle, it's the Othello story, Shakespeare's classic play about a brooding Moor in obsessive—and ultimately fatal—love with a white

"On one level it's about a black man and a white woman, but it's really about rage, envy, jealousy and desire," said Harvard's Mr. Gates. "O.J. Simpson is larger than life, but be's also larger than race."

Haiti Army Is Reported Shaken by **Sanctions**

gram "was so lousy."

By Lloyd Grove Washington Past Service

LOS ANGELES -- He was the tough black kid

from the streets of San Francisco who got to the top

on ability, brawn and charm, then reinvented him-self as a spokesman for Corporate America.

Before he was charged and jailed in the murders of his former wife and ber waiter-friend. Orenthal James Simpsoo lived behind a gate in exclusive

Brentwood, driving a Rolls-Royce and joining the nearby Riviera Country Club (initiation fee \$75,000), where he played golf and gin rummy with the rich, middle-aged white men he thought of as his

"I used to kid him," recalled one of them, Tom Kelly, a longtime Riviera club member, because the

University of Southern California basketball pro-

By Howard W. French

New York Times Service PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti - Although the Haitian Army has outwardly responded with nothing but defiance to international sanctions aimed at driving it from power, people familiar with the military's workings say it now may be close to buck-

ling. In recent days, a ban on com-mercial air traffic has halted all but a handful of flights, and Washington has frozen most tinancial transactions involving Haitians and U.S. banks.

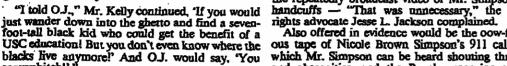
In response, Haitian soldiers have stepped up urban patrols, built saudbag barricades down-town and acted to restrict the movements of foreign journal-

But for all the bluster from Haiti's military leaders, who have refused to bow to foreign pressure to allow the return of the elected president, the Reverend Jean-Bertrand Aristide, Haitians with long ties to the army describe a pattern of rising dissent in the army's officer

corps.
There have been widespread reports in recent days that the army commander, Lieutenant General Raoul Cedras, received a \$500,000 payment from Haiti's central bank, a payment that bank officials were told would be spent on a lobbying campaign in the United States and elsewhere against Father

is a sort of golden parachute to case a flight into exile by the

Those who know General Cédras well say that he now has few illusions about the armybacked de facto government's ability to withstand sanctions but is hesitating to code power because of pressure from his wife, Yanick, and his closest as sociate, the army chief of staff, Brigadier General Philippe Biamby, described as a fanatic



Also offered in evidence would be the oow-famous tape of Nicole Brown Simpson's 911 call oo which Mr. Simpson can be heard shouting threats

Clinton Seeks Years' Delay of Lawsuit

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas - President Bill Clinton will ask that a sexual harassment lawsuit be dismissed until after be leaves the presidency, according to papers his lawyer filed Monday in U.S. District Court here.

The motion asks the court to allow Mr. Clinton to delay the normally required response to out prejudice to reinstatement clear whether presidents can be the allegatious until courts have after the conclusion of his presidecided whether a president dency," Mr. Bennett wrote.

dent's lawyer, said in the court papers that Mr. Clinton will file 1982 U.S. Supreme Court opin-

He said that responding to allegations and other matters office. involved in litigation would harm the nation by distracting the president from his public

an be sued. "Without prejudice" means it
Robert Bennett, the presi- could be refiled.

tions taken while they are in said.

The lawsuit filed May 6 by Paula Corbin Jones, a former Arkansas state employee, alleges that Mr. Clinton made a The motion will ask the court lewd sexual advance while he to dismiss this complaint withwas governor in 1991. It is not sued for actions taken before becoming president.

"If the president were required to prepare defenses and Mr. Bennett's filing cites a consult with counsel in connec-

presidents are mamme while in Richard Nixon, which found than immunity, the very interoffice from having to deal with that presidents are immune ests that immunity seeks to proprivate lawsuits.

that presidents are immune ests that immunity seeks to profrom being sued for official actect will be lost," Mr. Bennett

> He also argues that the con-stitutional principles calling for separation of powers "require the court to restrain from exercising jurisdiction over this matter until President Clinton is no longer in office."

Mrs. Jones's attorneys have told the judge that she has a right to see a formal response to the allegations. Mr. Clinton has denied the

allegations by Mrs. Jooes, who in 1991 was working for the tion with moving to dismiss the Arkansas Industrial Developa motion by Aug. 5 arguing that ioo related to former President complaint on grounds other ment Commission.

Court Gives Cable TV Room to Compete

By Joan Biskupic

Washington Past Service
WASHINGTON — The Supreme Court, in one of the most significant cases of the term, unanimously said Monday for the first time that cable companies are entitled to strong First Amendment pro-tection, approaching the safeguards ac-corded traditional media like newspapers. The ruling, in a case that had been long

expected by business and consumer interests, generally will give cable, telephooe companies and other wire-based players in the Information Age more protection gainst federal regulations that would limit their ability to compete in the market. The court elevated the interests of cable-

over that of broadcasters, who traditionally have been subject to more regulation. Yet the decision will not necessarily get cable out from under federal regulations that force cable companies to devote up to ooe-third of their channels to local broad-

By a 5-to-4 vote, the court said those regulations might be justified by important government interests, for example, preserving the financial well-being of local broadcasters. The justices returned the case to a lower court for consideration in light of the new standards.

By Steven Greenhouse

New York Times Service

casters.

As such, the new ruling will oot immedi- tant public interests. But he said that the ately change the rules for programming.

The five-justice majority said the "must carry" regulations, which were at the beart of the dispute, were intended to preserve access to free television, rather than aimed at controlling the content of cable pro-

Because the regulations do not target the "content" of programming, Justice Anthony M. Kennedy wrote for the court, the federal government only must show that the regulations further an important governmental interest.

The Federal Communications Commission, defending the 1992 cable law at issue and supported by the nation's broadcasters, had maintained that the "must carry" regulations ensure programming diversity and allow viewers nationwide and of all financial means to have access to quality programs, whether by cable or over-the-

If cable systems were not forced to carry a oumber of local broadcasters, the government had asserted, advertising interest in local statious would dry up and they would be forced out of business.

Justice Kennedy acknowledged that ensuring competition and the widespread dissemination of information were impor-

government had no: proved that the local broadcast industry was in genuine oced. Even with a beightened First Amend-

ment protection, he said, "the government still bears the burden of showing that the remedy it has adopted" to protect the viability of local broadcasters "does oot burden substantially more speech than is necessary to further the government's legitimate interests." Justices who dissented from that part of

the ruling agreed with cable companies that the "must carry" regulations unjustifiably targeted the content of speech.

"They are an impermissible restraint oo the cable operators' editorial discretion as well as on the cable programmers' speech, Justice Sandra Day O'Connor wrote for dissenting justices.

"For reasons related to the content of speech, the rules restrict the ability of cable operators to put on the programming they prefer, and require them to inclode programming they would rather avoid."

For television watchers, the ruling suggests that cable companies will continue to be required to offer local commercial and educational broadcast stations, those typically showing college basketball, or old movies and situation comedy reruns.

U.S-Russian Space Station: Will It Fly?

Clashes Over Christian Right

their party for the elections this November

and in 1996, Republican leaders are arguing

over how to handle the growing power of the

their outright opposition to legalized abortion and debating their stands on health care

changes, welfare policy and family values.
Only last week, the Senate minority leader,

Bob Dole, rose in the Senate to denounce the

Democrats as "appealing to religious bigot-ry" by condemning Christian conservatives' influence over Republicans.

Yet the next day, a Republican colleague,

Senator Arlen Specter of Pennsylvania, ac-

cused his party of intolerance because it had

allowed that faction to gain power. Last

weekend, prominent Republicans sparred

The fractures are evident in a party that is

preparing for its first presidential election in

16 years as the opposition. Even though Re-

publicans expect to pick up a number of

congressional seats in the November election,

their bigger concerns are about 1996. At issue

is how the Republican Party can hold onto its

base without pushing itself so far toward the

political margins that it nominates a presidential candidate who cannot win. (NYT)

When the Democrats Hall Dole

SAN FRANCISCO - Take note, because

over the issue at Iowa's state convention.

Christian right.

WASHINGTON - As they seek to unify

By Kathy Sawyer Vandelingson Post Service

WASHINGTON - In 1984, when Ronald Reagan approved the construction of a human outpost in orbit, the idea was to beat the Russians. Nine years, \$10 billion and two presidents later, the idea of the space stafion is to work with the Russians to get the job done. The seemingly permanent U.S. battle over whether to kill

or build a space station is about to be refought in Congress. It could determine the fate of the human space flight program. The first showdown vote of the season could come as early as Tuesday in the House of Representatives, where it sur-

vived by one vote last year. This year, officials predict a more comfortable margin. They say it's time to stop debating and start building. But opponents respond again that there just isn't enough money.

Hp to now, the U.S. govern-ment has been unable either to kill the effort or to get going on it instead, the program has remained trapped in a cycle of technical and management problems leading to budget cuts and design changes, which lead to be the contract of the to mere delays and so on. The station has been redesigned sev-

pied în peacetime.

tional Aeronautics and Space Administration, Daniel S. Goldin, has spent weeks dashing around Congress, determined to visit 220 skeptical House members before the vote. He has sometimes been accompanied by his Russian counterpart, Yuri Koptev, whose country is now a partner.

Mr. Goldin's message is that, under orders from the White House, the long-troubled program has been whipped into shape, its management and budget trimmed and its pur-Working with the Russians,

the argument goes, not only saves money, reduces technical risk and enhances safety and flexibility for humans in orbit but it also makes sense in the post-Cold War world. NASA wants to spend \$17.4

billion more to complete the station and another \$400 million for goods and services from Russia, Mr. Goldin says.

That is in addition to \$14 billion to be spent on the project by Japan, Canada, Russia and 10 European nations. The \$14 billion includes a Russian contribution in facilities and equipment, which officials have calculated as worth \$5 billion. The product of all this is to be

Since last year's budget fight, a 415-ton research complex

The administrator of the Na- et launches and one by the Eu-

Another member of the House, Timothy J. Roemer, Democrat of Indiana, said the rather "the ugly stepsister, cramming its enormous foot into a smaller NASA budget."

And on Friday, Senator William S. Cohen, Republican of Maine, calling the program a financial black hole," released a General Accounting Office report that said Russian participation may not save \$2 billion, as NASA asserts, because of costs related to adapting equip-

figures represented a "bookkeeping issue."

possible a better space station.

what has been lacking, the administration's critics argue.

U.S. Conference on Africa Under Fire

WASHINGTON - An ad-"I doo't think there has been ministration-sponsored confer- a focus on Africa ever in any administration, including this ence on Africa immediately became a lighting rod as hlack one," said Representative Donald Payne, Democrat of New Jersey, chief foreign policy members of Congress seized on it to criticize President Bill Cliotoo's policies toward spokesman for the Congressional Black Caucus. I have oo idea what the focus of this condons and to criticize the conferference is or what its intended ence itself as poorly planned. After accusations in recent goals are.

Like most members of the mouths that the administration caucus, Mr. Payne boycotted was oeglecting Africa, W. Anthony Lake, the president's nathe conference, complaining that it was poorly and hastily tional security adviser, who orplanned. Caucus members also chestrated the two-day were angry that the White conference, promised in his House did not solicit their adkeynote speech an increase in vice, be said. attention and assistance. He faulted the administra-

He enumerated poverty, civil tion for being slow to condemn wars, population growth and AIDS among the problems that the killing in Rwanda as genocide and for dragging its feet on arranging for African nations to need to be tackled in Africa. "Caring is not enough," he said Sunday. "Caring must be intervene there.

In a stinging report timed to coincide with the conference, translated into conceptual clarity about the nature of the prob-Human Rights Watch said the administration's "failure to lems that Africa faces, and then care must be translated into make the prevention and punishment of genocide in Rwanda But conceptual clarity and a priority reflects the low level practical action are exactly of American interest in Africa."

Rejecting this criticism, Mr. Lake said, "Throughout Africa, we have left no doubt in the minds of autocratic leaders that we insist on a rapid transicion to democracy, return to civilian rule and respect for human rights."

Mr. Lake said repeatedly that he hoped the conference would belp the administration refine its policies on Africa. But administration officials said the White House would not announce any new policies or economic aid.

While he had lofty words to describe Washingtoo's commit-ment to Africa, Mr. Lake admitted that its willingness to help is restricted by the federal budget deficit, an overstretched United Nations, and the American public's confusion on involvement abroad.

Mr. Lake pleased the admin-"There is no better time and istration's critics by declaring that genocide has taken place in Rwanda. At the same time, he acknowledged that the United those who rose to the challenge States and other countries had done too little to prevent the slaughter there.

shown at the conference, President Nelson Mandela of South Africa called on the United States to help Africa build democracy and pull out of poverty by "becoming the leading part-ner in the most novel and challenging international project since the Marshall Plan."

In a videotaped message

place to play a pioneering role," he said. "For many, many generations, praise will be unto as Africa set on a new and great beginning." Pointing to the democratic elections that brought Mr. Mandela to power, Mr. Lake

asserted that Africa offers plen-"The terrible problems of Af-

rican nations and the pessimism they can breed are matched only in scope by the continent's buge potential," be said.



space station is not the Cinderposes clarified and broadesed. clia of NASA, as some say, but

however the Clinton adminis with a 361-foot (109-meter) transcriptus achieved what a span and six laboratory modspan and six laboratory inco-partition of the large project at completion date set for June 2002. The plan calls for 27 U.S. about a Completion date set for June 2002. The plan calls for 27 U.S. about a Completion of the large project at the completion of the large project at the completion of the large project at the lar shuttle flights, 57 Russian rock-

ropean Ariane 5 booster. In recent days, opposition leaders have blasted the pro-

gram with metaphor. The project should be called Strep A because the space station is eating up every other NASA program to feed its ever-growing appetite," said Representa-tive Dick Zimmer, Republican of New Jersey, referring to the flesh-eating bacteria that has been in the news much recently.

Mr. Goldin said the differing

In general, the NASA chief added, the report is a validation of the stand that Russian participation "is a good deal for the American taxpayer." "It will save bundreds of millions, if not billions of dollars, while making

practical action."

Away From Politics

newspaper linked to the Reverend Sun Myung Moon's Unification Church, has begim a national weekly edition that it hopes will sell 250,000 to 500,000 copies a week. To supporters, it is evidence of a coming of age for The Washington Times, a 90,000-circulation daily that has served as a rallying point for conservatives. To skepnes, the new publication is fresh evidence that the church is trying to mold American public opinion, no matter what the cost.

One in four mothers on welfare abuses alco-

hol or drugs, according to a new study that

says "getting them unhooked" must be the central element of welfare reform. The report.

released by the Center on Addiction and

Substance Abuse at Columbia University,

also finds that mothers on welfare are three times more likely than other mothers to be substance abusers. • Storms rumbled across the mid-South from

Kentucky to Georgia, spinning off tornadoes

and causing flooding hlamed for at least three deaths, dozens of injuries and heavy damage. • California wine makers are going to Russia at the invitation of the Russian Orthodox Church in an effort to improve the quality of the church's sacramental wines. A delegation of wine makers from Sonoma County will make the trip. Russian Orthodox elders feel that the wines are oot wortby to embody the blood of Christ, said the Reverend Thomas Devereaux of St. John the Baptist Catholic

Church in Healdsburg, California.

A Way to Help Africa

Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Arkansas, Tennessee and Kansas adrift in a state of permanent homelessness or at risk of dying from starvation and disease. That describes the magnitude of the discovery made by the U.S. delegation that visited the Greater Horn of Africa a few weeks ago. More than 20 million people in what is arguably the world's poorest and most troubled region are in danger of losing it all. An emergency now, the situation will become a full-hlown crisis in that part of sub-Saharan Africa if nothing is done.

That blunt assessment is contained in the report prepared by Brian Atwood of the Agency for International Development, who led the delegation. Grim dispatches out of Africa detailing drought. food shortages, bloodshed and instability are not new. This report is different. It represents an American initiative to get at the problem in its beginnings. In anticipa-tion of the crisis, the Clinton administration is mobilizing international support for a major effort against the human suffering that recycles in the Horn of Africa with a maddening regularity. Having sent the team to make a firsthand assessment, President Bill Clinton now has in hand a plan

to avert the looming disaster. The report recommends steps that the United States and the international community can take to address the immediate

Americans should imagine the entire populations of the District of Columbia, the moment to consider action that can the moment to consider action that can move those African nations from their chronic food insecurity to the point where development takes place. Getting there will require resources beyond the capacity of the American Treasury. But the report suggests that sustained high-level American leadership can induce action by other Western donors, international organizations and the African nations themselves. That belief in American influence can be put to an immediate test. Many European nations have failed to deliver on their generous pledges of food aid.

At the heart of the crisis, however, are conditions that Africans must accept re-sponsibility for changing. In the postcolonial era, most African countries, with Western help or indulgence, got their economic policies wrong. Foreign donors can help nations in the Greater Horn of Africa deal with the consequences of poor growing seasons. Deht relief and liberalization of America's Generalized System of Preferences program for Africa will help, too. But they alone cannot reverse Africa's economic decline. Ending bad governance, reforming misguided ag-ricultural, financial and trade policies and halting internecine strife — those are the crucial steps to recovery. The United States and others can help lay the groundwork, hut Africans must walk that road.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Before the Next Rwanda

France professes to have no other motive than humanitarianism in sending troops to rescue threatened minority Tutsis in Rwanda's continuing civil war. That is good news. France had played a major part in arming and training the Hutu gov-ernment whose troops and militias have committed most of the civilian murders. It is only appropriate if the French are now mitigating a small part of the harm arising from their (but not only their) earlier error. The anti-Hutu rebels can be pardoned for wondering whether France is coming back to save the Hutu killers and to deny the rebels the victory they believe they are on the path 10 winning. French reassurances to the contrary are welcome. Others should pay close attention.

The Rwandan war, or this phase of it, is in its third month. Outsiders have managed to hring some relief supplies to quiet areas but not to protect civilians in disrupted areas. It is not simply that Rwanda is low on everyone's strategic list. It was Rwanda's had fortune to explode just as the United States was nailing into place its new policy of putting almost prohibitively high conditions on United Nations peacekeeping operations, even those operations in which Americans do not take part. The few African countries responsive to UN

peacekeeping appeals have lacked the logistical capacity to intervene on their own. Hence the importance of France's role even though, to play it, the French are collaborating with and partially rehabili-tating Zaire's used-up dictator Mobutu Sese Seko. The Security Council did finally approve the French expedition but only after the French had decided to go it alone.

The French plan is to do what 2,500 troops can do hriefly and relanvely safely and then, in order to avoid the swamp that the United States fell into in Somalia, to hand off to an African peacekeeping force which is supposed to be readied in the meantime. Perhaps this is the best the so-called international community can do in the circumstances.

But surely there is a better way than to wait with hands folded for the next bloodbath and then to scramble to staunch the flow. The better way is to assemble or earmark the requisite forces and supplies before the crisis so that the Security Council can then have real resources available when it considers a rescue mission. As things work now, the Security Council has only phantom re-sources at its disposal. The horrendous toll in Rwanda is the result.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

They Rewrite Marrakesh

trade in April when he signed an international trade agreement in Morocco. proclaiming that it would add \$1 trillion to the U.S. economy over the next few years. But when the administration withdrew from public scrutiny to translate the Marrakesh accord into U.S. law, it lurched toward protectionism. At issue are antidumping rules, which countries use to retaliate against foreigners who sell goods at

prices below their production costs. The Marrakesh accord puts limits on the rules so that countries can no longer exploit them by finding dumping where none exists. But the administration's draft language includes provisions that either change the words of the Marrakesh accord - which the United States signed along with more than 100 other nations or twist their meaning in such a way that America would be able to exclude more imports than the accord intended.

To prove dumping, the United States typically must show that the price of an import falls below its production cost; the higher the estimated cost, the higher the price the foreigner must charge. The Marrakesh accord permits new foreign companies to hase prices on production costs at the end of a start-up period; by that time, costs have usually declined. But the administration changes the accord to include some earlier and higher costs. That makes dumping easier to "prove."

Another administration provision would have the effect of forcing foreigners to raise prices when output is low during a recession, for example - just when domestic companies are cutting prices to survive. The administration also plans to waive part of the accord that would rule out retaliation for minor dumping infractions - where prices are set within 2 percent of cosis.

Finally, the accord permits retaliation only to the extent that dumped imports have injured domesuc industry; but the

President Bill Clinton preached open administration would allow retaliation beyond the injuries caused by goods sold at unfair prices.

The pattern here is to rewrite Marrakesh for protectionist purposes. While this pattern provides new evidence of the administration's split personality on trade, it comes as no surprise to those who have witnessed other internal hattles. Officials like Laura Tyson of the Council of Economic Advisers have fought from the beginning to promote more open trade; others seem determined to protect steel mills and other politically powerful industries from compension.

The draft document is an assault on consumers, who pay higher prices to domestic companies when they are insulared from competition. It is also an assault on domestic exporters - like oharmaceutical and computer companies - whose products will be shut out of foreign markets when trading partners mimic the U.S. rules. That reflects poorly on a president who claims NAFTA and the Marrakesh accord as hallmarks of his first term. - THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Other Comment

Nuclear Weapons for Some

The issue of nuclear weapons has become so beset with double standards that it cannot be judged on an ethical level. What it boils down to is that some nations can have them and others cannot, the implication being that the latter group is less responsible than the others. There is nothing one would have liked more to see than the total destruction of the infernal nuclear capabilities for both war and the so-called peace purposes, but that is not what the Nuclear Club nations are aiming at. They want to possess nuclear weapons and prevent others from having them.

- Saudi Gazene (Jidda).



International Herald Tribune ESTABLISHED 1887 KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER
Co-Chairmen

RICHARD McCLEAN. Publisher & Chief Executive JOHN VINOCUR, Executive Editor & View President

 WALTER WELLS, News Effor ■ SAMUEL ABT, KATHERINE KNORR and CHARLES MITCHELMORE Deputy Editors CARL GEWIRTZ ASSISTANT Editor ROBERT J. DONAHUE. Editor of the Editorial Pages & JONATHAN GAGE, Business and Forence Editor RENE BONDY, Deputy Publisher . JAMES McLEOD, Adventising Descript

JUANITA I. CASPARL International Development Director • ROBERT FARRE, Circulation Director Europe

Directeur de la Publication: Richard D. Simmons Directeur Adjuint de La Publication; Kutharine P. Duram

International Herald Tribune, 181 Avenue Charles-de-Gauffe, 92521 Neurilly-sur-Seine, France. Tel.: (1146-37,93.00, Fax : Circ., 46.37.06.51, Adv., 46.37.52.12, Internet: IHT @ curokom.ic Editor for Asia. Michael Richardson, 5 Camerhan, Rd., Singapore 0511 Tel. (651-472-7768-Fex. (651-274-234)
May. Dir., Asia, Rolf D., Kramepull, 50 Glonewier Rd., Hone, Konz, Tel. 852-9222-1108, Fax. 852-9222-1108,
Gen. Myr. Germany, T. Schlater, Fredricher 15, 60321 Frankfurth), Tel. (604) 72-67-55, Fax. (1661-77-73-10)
Proc.U.S.: Michael Gunna, 850 Third Ave., New York, N.Y. (1002), Tel. (212) 752-3680, Fax. G12: 755-6765 U.E. Advertising Office: 63 Long Acre. Limiton W.C., Tel. (671) 836-4802. Fav. (671) 240-2254. S.A. un capital de 1.700 (88) F. RCS Nanteree B 732021126. Commission Partiaire No. 61537. § 1944 International Hendal Tribune. All rigids reversed. ISSN 024-8622.



NEW YORK — "On the night of July 16 the camp commander ordered the door to Room 3 locked for five days. [Guards] emptied all the prisoners' toilet cans onto the floor. At that time there were approximately 400 men in the room ... After approximately 48 hours the outside temperature and lack of ventilation had created such an

prisoners started to riot ... "Fifteen young men were pulled out of the room and heaten until dead as punishment for the unrest ... Within an hour, ---- ordered the remaining men to be taken to the small courtyard

unhearable stench in the room that the

ann executed." An account of sadism in a Nazi concentration camp? No, the quotation is from a lawyer's interview with a survivor of a Serbian camp called Keraterm. near Prijedor in northern Bosnia. The incident occurred in July 1992.

Many interviews with survivors of aurocines in the former Yugoslavia have been compiled for possible use in pro-ceedings of the war crimes tribunal set up by the United Nations Security Council. Reading them is hard to bear.

By Anthony Lewis

One former prisoner of the Serbian forces (named, but I was asked to withhold names) "saw five detainees crushed to death by a Yugoslav national army truck while they had been made to stand against a wall." The truck "squeezed their torsos slowly."

It is not just the killing that is so sickening to read about. It is the torture, the humiliation inflicted by guards and officers. "The guards would come into the rooms, fire their rifles at the ceilings and force some prisoners to swallow the empty shells of 7.62mm ammunition ... During the day the guards took the

on all fours and hark like dogs. The prisoners had to take off their clothes and sit on bottles." Prijedor is in an area of the most brutal

prisoners outside and made them walk

Serbian "ethnic cleansing" — the process in which many thousands of Muslim Bosnians have been killed and a million or more terrorized out of their homes. And the terror continues to this day in northern Bosnia, with Muslims still being

By Giles Merritt

Yes to War Crimes Trials of the Beastly Commanders

rounded up by Serbian soldiers and dumped across the border in Croatia. Some people have questioned the desirability of war crimes trials for the former Yugoslavia. To read the interviews with witnesses of atrocities is to know why trials are essential — for reasons broader than the punishment of evil. The reasons were powerfully expressed in April by the U.S. delegate to the United Nations, Madelcine Albright, in a speech at the Holo-

caust Museum in Washington. "The magnitude of the war crimes committed in former Yugoslavia," she said, "demands an international legal response." There was "premeditated armed aggression." Bosnian Serb leaders used "extermination or expulsion" remove non-Serbian populations. Methods included "murder, torture, indiscriminate bombing, fire, dismemberment, rape and castration."

Most of the victims were not soldiers, Ambassador Albright said. They were ordinary people, "intentionally targeted not because of what they had done but for who they were."

And so, she said, the atrocities in Bos-

nia raised old and terrible questions.

What do we do when "the authority and resources of a state are directed toward the destruction of whole categories of human beings? How is it possible for so many people — capable of generosity and warmth in other contexts — to de-

scend to the level of beasts?" War crimes trials would be a deterrent to other such brutalities. Ambassador Albright said, in Bosnia and elsewhere. And then she made a point that I found

especially compelling. Trials would show, she said, that responsibility for the horrors does not rest with the Serbs or Croats or Muslims as groups. "It rests with the people who ordered and committed the crimes." And the wounds of this terrible war will heal faster if the idea of collective guilt is replaced by individual responsibility.

To those reasons I would add that

judicial proceedings would help Serbs as a people recognize that their history has been stained by psychopaths and mur-derers who misled them. Serbs will be whole again only when they come to terms with that truth, as most Germans have with theirs.

... The New York Times.

Europe Should Be Doing More to Bring Turkey Into the Fold

ANKARA — Is Turkey going to be "the sick man of Europe" again? Czar Nicholas I coined the phrase at the time of the Crimean War when the Ottoman empire had entered its terminal decline, and now the troubles that beset Turkey bring the label

10 mind once more. Turkey's ills seem legion, even though its structural strengths remain. It is the only genuine mar-ket economy and parliamentary democracy in a region that it increasingly dominates. The modern secular state that Kemal Ataturk founded in 1922 has not only been a success story hut is one of the few less developed countries to have made it into the ranks of the industrialized world.

Yet the country's economic crisis is starting to reach alarming proportions. The government, according to the Turkish press, is "drowning in deht," with foreign borrowings that now stand at \$70 billion. The medicine for tackling this indebtedness and inflation of about 100 percent a year is to be an austerity package that will be so severe that it risks sparking social and political unrest. Turkey is far from being at

peace with itself. Prime Minister Tansu Ciller is increasingly unpopular and her coalition govern-ment appears riven by backbiting and dissension. The Kurdish separatist campaign being waged hy Marxist-Leninist terrorists has taken on the look of a full-blown civil war. The Turkish army claims that it will all be over militarily by the end of the year, but even so the deep political damage will persist. The specter that haunts Tur-

key's political leaders is that the

country is steadily hecoming more vulnerable to Muslim fundamentalism. Earlier this year, the Islamic-led Welfare Party won 19 percent of the vote in local elections, and the fear is that its appeal among the underprivi-leged will be further strengthened by the Cilier government's austerity program. Half the population is less than 25 years old, and unemployment among young people is officially reckoned to be 36 percent. This is liable to become an even more persuasive recruiting sergeant for the fundamentalists once the economic austerity

Ankara's problems are far from just domestic. Fervently pro-European Turkey, which has been such a mainstay of NATO. is now at odds with its friends and allies on a range of issues. The United States is saying it will cut 25 percent of the \$300 million it is

due to pay Turkey in military aid, as punishment for Ankara's poor human rights record. With Tur-key already hurting from the \$20 billion it reckons the Gulf War cost its economy, Mrs. Ciller re-portedly has told President Bill Clinton that she will not accept any assistance at all if that is how the United States feels.

Turkey also is feeling sore with the European Union, which is soon to include Austria, Sweden, Norway and Finland, That, plus the prospect of a further enlargement in 1999 that would bring in Hungary, Poland, the Czech Re-public and Slovakia, is causing resentment. Turkey fears that it will forever be sent to the back of the line, although it has been 30 years since it became an associate member of the European Community.

see what they want to see. At others times, like now, they tend to be far too pessimistic. A more balanced picture might be that while Turkey's immediate future looks tough — the Ciller government's savage, some say clumsy deflationary measures are certain to spark political turbu-

> is not necessarily gloomy. The customs union that Turkey and the European Umon are negotiating will bring Turkey inside Europe's common external tariff. At first the impact on a number of outdated and protected Turk-

lence — the longer-term outlook

price of years of spendthrift eco-nomic policies and also of its re-

fusal to listen to warnings that the

seriously by Western public opin-ion that both EU and U.S. politi-

cians have limited room for ma-

neaver when dealing with Ankara.

For their part, Turkey's political

leaders seem to have difficulty m

gauging not only foreign attitudes

but also the true state of affairs domestically. At times they act like

the famously obese Ottoman Sul-tan Abdulaziz who inspected his

350-pound bulk every morning in

a special slimming mirror; they

ish industries will be devastating. But the hardworking Turks are already telling themselves, "We need a crisis to shape up."

human rights question is viewed so. The key to Turkey's future is the sort of place that will be found for it in the post-Cold War framework of international eco-

nomic and security cooperation. Turkey's importance as the link between Europe and the trouble spots of the Black Sea, the Caucasus and the Near East is widely appreciated, but there is still a reluctance to bring Turkey into the structures of Europe. EU membership seems as distant a dream as ever, and British-led efforts to bring Turkey into the Western European Union also

have been rebuiffed. If Turkey is to be a peacekeeper and a pole of stability in a region that is growing more volatile and uncertain, then Europe must be more supportive. The European Union should look beyond its habitual concerns over trade and European integration and focus on the geopolitical role it wishes Turkey to play. Above all, the West must restore to Tur-

key a sense of belonging.

World Trade Arrangements Are Neglecting the Main Problem

In short, Turkey is paying the

TOKYO - The Uruguay Round has been a diversion. allowing trade officials to appear to be engaged in trade expansion without tackling the politically

difficult central problem. The Uruguay Round sought to expand a fundamentally ineffective discipline over new areas, such as services, intellectual property and agriculture. In the end, it had to be concluded, because too many parties had spent too much time on it, and had promised everyone indispensable results.

To be sure, the result may stimulate more trace between the United States and Europe. Some developing and industrial countries may find access to each oth-

By Karel van Wolferen This is the second of two articles. : er's markets enhanced. But the lat- come ont with a report recom-

sentatives of 109 governments. and the World Trade Organization that it envisions, provide no reason for hope that conflicts produced by institutional incompatibilities can be dealt with more effectively.

Instead there is every chance that the projected WTO will become a new instrument with which the world's greatest trade managers promote their interests, Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry has already

est GATT agreement, signed on mending that Tokyo should make April 15 in Marrakesh by repre- full use of the strengthened dissettlement procedures of the WTO against countries that have thrown up barriers against Japanese exports. Evaluating practices of trading partners in 12 areas, MITI listed the United States as

an unfair trader in 10 of these, The United States will be at a disadvantage versus Japan when the proposed dispute settlement mechanisms begin to operate, since they are not designed to deal with an economic system

high ground as it accuses Washington of violations of free trade cific rules, while ignoring the incompatibilities of real life. the Super 301 trade law, or antidumping actions, as examples of U.S. protectionism. In fact, MI-TI's report is emphatic on the need for countering U.S. and European anti-dumping measures.

Japanese officials will proceed: in this manner not because they are bad and must be taught the path of virtue, but because they consider it their task. Appeals to a shared global common good may make sense to them individually, but as members of institutions whose mission it has long been to promote Japan's industrial fortunes they cannot heed it.

The ambitious politician Ichiro Ozawa may eventually succeed in turning Japan into what he calls "a normal country" that promotes consumer welfare, but this will require moving several mountains.

Japan has posed the first major challenge for GATT, but by no means remains alone. The miracle economies of East Asia, the fastest growing region in the world, have copied parts of the Japanese model.

China's new and fast-growing economic power is not controlled by a traditional entrepreneurial class but by a powerful bureau-

cracy and its proteges.
No one ever thought it was the aim of the Soviets to promote consumer weifare. It should not be too difficult for the United States to see that neither is it the current aim of Japan, China and a few others.

The notion that the WTO will

mostly defined by informal arrangements not scrutinized by style capitalists of all member style capitalists of all member countries is ludicrous. At best, it will measure inch by inch the

More likely, as it votes on amendments and interpretations, of the charter, it will turn into a cabal antagonistic to GATT's original purpose. An alliance of "good guys," held together by carrots, sticks and much sweat, made the United Nations serve U.S. interests, at least to some extent. Only those who see their economic interests in strategic terms will make a comparable ef-fort to direct the WTO.

No democratically elected govcrument can survive by allowing large swaths of its industry to be devastated by economic organizations that need not compete for capital or profit. By not addressing institutional incompatibility. the WTO will force governments. facing that prospect to resort toad hoc bilateral deals - even as it will simultaneously place more, obstacles in their way.

A trade structure providing no. means of coping with a huge pro-hlem and yet forbidding govern-ments to cope with it themselves. will collapse.

To save the world for free trade, the current design of the WTO must be scrapped and the contracting parties of GATT-should muster the political willand courage to deal with the primary issue that has undermined. the global trade regime.

The writer, a political analyst living in Japan, is author of "The. Enigma of Japanese Power." He contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1894: New President

PARIS - At one minute to four o'elock yesterday afternoon [June. 27] there was a wild rush in the corridor of the National Assembly at Versailles, and at the same time the cry went up: "Casimir-Perier has been elected." That cry was taken up from corridor to corridor, flew up and down stairs like a flash of lightning, out through windows and doors, into the streets, where expectant crowds were waiting - and had been waiting for hours — with feverish anxiety.

1919: Germans Arrive

PARIS — The German delegates entrusted with the task of affixing Germany's signature to the Peace Treaty arrived in Paris last night [June 27]. The ceremony of the signature will be held at 3 p.m. in the Galerie des Glaces at Ver-

sailles, where the German Empire was proclaimed in 1871. Four documents have to be signed; the Peace Treaty itself, the convention concerning Alsace-Lorraine, the convention relative to the occupied Rhine territories, and the protocol recognizing the indepen-dence of Poland. The gold pen which will be used has been of fered by Alsace-Lorraine.

1944: Republicans Sing

CHICAGO — [From our New York edition:] The thousands of Republicans in Chicago Stadium accorded Representative Clare Boothe Luce a rare tribute after she had completed her speech before the party's National convention tonight [June 27]. At the cali of Representative Joseph W. Martin Jr., permanent chairman; the throng arose and joined in the song: "Let Me Call You Sweetheart."

Here Is America After the Cold War

SALZBURG — Where's America? That question forms the political story for a conference here. Foreign opinion leaders want to know what has happened to American lead-

ership in world affairs. They wonder anxiously if we Americans will be engaged in their lives without the Cold War to draw us into their politics. We inhabit their dreams, and their nightmares, beyond dawn.

But there is a personal story as well here in the town of Mozart, of the von Trapp singers and of vasi haroque churches. It is the story of age and youth, of careers at full uoe and not yet begun, of daughter and dad, of Lily Hoagland at age 14.

Work (of a particularly pleasant sort) for me and the other conference goers, the Salzburg Seminar is vacation and discovery for Lily after a hard-fought school year in Washington.

While there are daylong sessions on international politics and economics for us, there are for her salt-mine shafts with sliding boards and palaces with mischievous hidden fountains to be explored.

The seminar is an Americanorganized workshop that attracis rising midcareer professionals from around the world. In this session, the "fellows" represent 37 countries, many from the former Soviet Union and Eastern Europe. They exchange ideas and information with a small "faculty," mostly Americans with experience in politics, diplomacy, journalism, law or academia.

I should add one more detail:

the seminar is held in Max Rein-

hardt's Leopoldskron Schloss.

the miniature castle where much

of "The Sound of Music" was

By Jim Hoagland

however briefly, in the iconography of her childhood. She bit. Would that connection hold the interest of an entry-level American teenager when she confronted the cloud of boredom that frequently hovers over international conferences even for those speaking at them? I quickly discovered that I need not worry.

A 14-year-old girl brings her own cloud of magic and sunshine with her, wherever she goes. A 14-year-old is at least two people: the young girl who one moment is playing lovingly with the castle cats and Tyrol teddy bears she has bought as souvenirs for her friends, and in the next instant a young woman scoping out the most elegant cosmencs and fashions avail-

able in a European resort town. The fluid ease with which she moves between these two psychological epochs is astonishing in apprehend. I learned a lot about Tajikistan, Ukraine and other places this week. But what learned about the magical spell that a 14-year-old girl can cast on attentive adults will outlast all those other discoveries.

Lily does her learning over the luncheon and dinner tables. Antonio, who had just spent the day explaining the European Union to questioning adults, enchants her with a discourse on the beauties of Barcelona and the majesty of soccer. Karen, a recent graduate of Middiebury College, is here as an intern. She talks about the rewards of majoring in languages. Others offer their support and their career insights, which seem to be filed away in a young cerebral data base for later use.

There is little of the pretense and bombast that infects many of the formal interviews a visiting jour-

nalist conducts on a trip to foreign capitals. Instead, a man who has carefully circled me at the beginning of the conference arranges a long talk over coffee. He explains how and why the regime for which he works is on the road to dictatorship and ruin. His commens would cost him his joh, and perhaps his life, were he to repeat them in his office hack in - well, back home. In the formal sessions, I talk

about Bill Clinton, his foreign policy and the press in America. The fellows' knowledge of American events is startling. They are polite and respectful about the president, personally; they do not ask about Whitewater or Paula Jones. But they hammer American policy.
Where is America on Rwan-

da? What are its real intentions toward Russia? Bulgaria? And, one fellow asks, Palestine? When will the confusion of the immediate post-Cold War era - a period that the Salzburg Seminar president, Olin Robison, labels "the first five years of the 21st century" — lift? Where, they ask, is America on the issue(s) of most importance to me?

There are no obvious answers, beyond the suggestion that America may be taking a needed hreak to get its own house in order

But at week's end I realize that I have unwittingly provided this group with a glimpse of something that should be more valuable and reassuring than all the words I could speak: the lively, engaged curiosity of an American teenager learning about a world in which America still counts, in dreams and in nightmares about the future. The Washington Post.

filmed. This was the lure I trolled before Lily: the chance to live. My conversations are as usual political, but with a difference,

the come to Cermans

1 Problem

Entre - Action 452

الأملانية .

Meet Jimmy Clinton, Miracle Man WASHINGTON — "It was kind of like a miracle," breathed Jimmy Carter, about his conversion of North Korea's dictator from lion to lamb. No wonder View II Supplied to the content of the the co der Kim Il Sung denied entry to special envoys chosen by President Bill Clintnn last month. Sen-ators Sam Nunn and Richard Lu-gar would have presented a strong American position on his nuclear bomb production.

North Korea much preferred the eager courtship of Mr. Carter, who as president wanted to remove U.S. troops from South Korea. Mr. Carter went not as a representative of the United States, but as one who opposed the impo-sition of pressure on the North that would have made it costly for Mr. Kim to break the nuclear treaty.

Amazingly, as Mr. Carter proudly brought a CNN crew into his meeting with the North Korean strongman, the world could see and bear the American blatantly misrepresent the U.S. position: President Clinton would not continue to press for sanctions, Mr. Carter declared, in direct contravention of instruccions.

Even more amazing was the re-action of what is laughingly called the Clinton national security team to this usurpation of presidential authority. At the urging of Vice President Al Gore, Mr. Clinton grasped for some reason to believe that Mr. Carter's appeasement had worked, and that North Korea was using the Carter brokerage as a facesaving device to make a concession on its plutonium production.

Enter what Kennedyites liked to

By William Safire

Anthony Trollnpe, heroines deliberately misinterpret a squeeze of the hand as a proposal of marriage. Last week, Mr. Clinton chose to view Mr. Kim's promise of a temporary suspension of his plutoni-um-making — a pause required anyway to let rods cool — as the

long-sought verifiable "freeze." In response to this televised manipulation, Mr. Clinton then embraced his loose cannon as his savior. America caved in to Mr. Kim's demands to resume high-level talks that had been denied North Korea after its repeated double-crossing of negotiators. Crisis declared over.

Here, on the vital interest of the United States in stopping rogue states from becoming nuclear powers, we bave an amalgam of the worst of two presidents.

Jimmy Carter, truster of Leonid Brezhnev until Afghanistan, truster and promoter of the Bank of Credit & Commerce International banker until thousands of depositors were bilked of their savings, makes his pilgrimage to the last Stalinist — and again bets on the contagion of

his own indisputable goodness.

Bill Clinton — passive in Bosnia, paper tiger in China, other-directed about Haiti — is again hoping for a break to distract the world's attention and to kick the can ahead for decision by his nuclear-threatened successor.

Result: the creation of President Jimmy Clinton, with the return of the malaise of leaderlessness.

Reaction of doves to this latest call "the Trollope ploy." In the visit to Trollope is: What's wrong 19th-century romantic novels of with talking? If Mr. Kim wants visit to Trollope is: What's wrong

meetings, give him summits. Since the United States can't get China and Japan to help lean on him, why not test his promise to "suspend" his nuclear buildup, in return for recog-nition, trade and aid?

The reason for not getting suckered into another year's cat-and-mouse is the ticking of a clock. For safety's sake, the United States should negotiate from strength; betting on hopes is irresponsible.

North Korea is in the husiness of secretly building nuclear bombs. It deceived the world by producing plutonium in the past; the CIA and the UN inspectors believe North Korea has at least one device ready. From Moscow it is learned that the KGB was convinced of Mr. Kim's impending capability four years ago.

Remember how wrong the world nuclear police turned out to be in underestimating the advanced state of Saddam Hussein's buildup? The odds are that the experts are just as wrong about North Korean nukes; a

closed society can keep big secrets.

By pretending to be insulted by
the world's nosiness, Mr. Kim already bas prevented the world from checking on his past production of plutonium. Maybe it is in untested weapons; maybe some has been sold to Iran; maybe more is being made secretly beyond Yongbyon.

Washington is today giving him the time to make a fresb five-bomb supply. If it does not accede to his demands this fall, Mr. Kim will add

to the stockpile beyond U.S. reach. That is the position Jimmy Clinton has placed America in. With no basis for trust, it is trusting North Korea with precious time. It's kind

of like a miracle. The New York Times.



'If North Korea starts anything, we won't just mail them a letter — we'll fax it.'

When the Cries of Racism **Drown Out Culture's Color**

By Malcolm Gladwell

er's family's church in the hills of central Jamaica, and as the service entered its second hour my father who is white — got up and left. He was raised in the Brethren church of England, a place of solemn tones and measured silences. But this was something else again - a long afternonn of singing and swaying and passionate preaching — and I think it overwhelmed him.

I thought of this earlier this year when I wrote a profile of the Reverend Al Sharpton, the New York preacher. I was trying to explain

MEANWHILE

wby Mr. Sharpton simultaneously attracts a devoted following among some blacks and almost no follow-ing at all among whites. Might this, I asked, have something to do with the different ways that white and hlack culture use language and emotion? Might white voters, like my father, simply be overwhelmed by an unfamiliar style of presentation?

This I thought a perfectly benign observacion. But lo and behold Jesse Jackson, responding in a letter to the editor, said of my article: "It's been a long time since I have read something so racist." And now Bernard Williams, pastor of the New Cove-nant Christian Church in the Dis-trict of Columbia, has called me a

"hatemonger." Oh my.

I have to confess that I have no clear idea about what exactly I did to upset these men. Mr. Williams. for example, seems to imply that I was unqualified to write about Mr.

NEW YORK — When I was a Sharpton because I was white. As it happens, I am not. But in any case, why should this matter? Do reporters have to mail out copies of their family trees before they presume to write about African Americans?

What I did was simply to refer, in a few short paragraphs, to the arguments of some linguists that there is a difference in the way black and white cultural styles employ emotion. In Anglo-Saxon culture, emooon is considered an indication that the speaker is out of control. It is viewed with suspicion. In black culture, by contrast, emotion is viewed in a more posiove light, marking 'sincerity and commitment." As a result, blacks and whites sometimes come to very different conclusions about the motives and character of

public figures. This is bow Mr. Jackson interpreted this argument: "In other words, African Americans don't make decisions based on what a candidate says, but how he says it."

Give me a break, It should go without saying that all nf us listen to the content of each other's speech and make decisions accordingly. But speech is accompanied by context, by body language, by gestures, by facial expressions, by accents and intonaoons and by emotions, all of which serve to enhance or alter the meaning of the words themselves. The point of this part of the article was simply that black and white cultures use and interpret these kinds of accompanying signals and nuances differently.

I don't find this description of the black cultural style offensive. Quite the opposite. The black half of my family does a much better job of communicating than the white half. For that matter, I've always thought that Mr. Jacksoo does a much better job of communicating than many white poliocians. This is called an acknowledgment of cultural difference, It is not called racism. I don't know why I have to lecture a civil rights leader on the distinction.

I don't know, in the end, whether to be insulted by this episode or simply frustrated. Understanding language and how it is shaped by culture, I think, is an important tool in defusing racial tension and misunderstanding. In the Sharpton piece, for example, I was attempting to explain to white readers why their aversion to Mr. Sharpton might be less a rational reaction than a kind of cultural reflex. This task is difficult enough. It isn't any easier when people in the community you're trying to explain call you a racist.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

When Duty Beckons

There is no doubt that the French military operation in Rwanda is a hazardous one. A few weeks ago we celebrated another hazardous landing operation which took place 50 years ago. Of course the sizes of these operations cannot be compared. But their aims can be compared: Being worthy of our civilization.

GEORGES GRIMAL Montmorency, France.

Africa: Solutions Do Exist

The front-page article "In Africa, a Mood of Desperation" (June 20) is a litany of bad news for a continent that hardly needs any more. While this report unfortunately offers no solutions, the problems it lists do point to ways of avoiding disaster.

Family planning, education and the means for birth control need to be made widely available if such countries as Nigeria and Ethiopia are not to break down under population growth rates often in excess of 4 percent a year. Governments should be encouraged to support, both generally and in terms of funding, population growth reductioo proposals to be made at the npcoming United Nations conference on population. Bilateral assistance programs should be strengthened, providing the resources needed to actu-

ally have an impact.

The issue of population control is too complex to address in just one paragraph. But the point is that things can be done. Steps are being taken, but need more support, greater commitment and continued review.

a quick list of intractable problems, a throwing up of the hands in a gesture of resignation and a heading off to parts of the world where problems are less challenging. We must find the means to make the next century a time when this buge, beautiful continent comes to terms with its troubled past and present and

once again provides a stable home

CHARLES BODWELL.

A Mistaken Embargo

Regarding "Why Lifting the Arms Embargo Would Be a Mistake" (Opinion, May 6):

I wonder bow people like Senator Claiborne Pell and Representative The world owes Africa more than Lee Hamilton can still believe that

Bosnia through negotiations. Even if the Serbs would promise to give back 20 percent of captured territory, why should they fulfill such an

agreement? They have not kept a single promise during the war.

The only way to achieve results is to force the Serbs. They have to uoderstand that their behavior is not acceptable to the international community. The arms embargo made it possible for the Serbs to achieve what they wanted: a Greater Scrbia. The victims, Croats and Muslims, were not allowed to defend themselves. If nobody can be found to save Bosnia. the international community should give the Bosnians the unalienable right to respond to this aggression.

ALEXANDER RHOTERT.

No Soccer Voodoo Here In response to "Without Rob on

Their Side" (Letters, June 24): I consider Rob Hughes an experienced and impartial commentator on soccer, Given his background, I do not believe that his predictions must be based oo voodoo practices, but rather oo more than 20 years of lucid observation of the soccer scene. He never

skimped on praise of such great artists as Van Basten or Gullit. As a Brazilian myself, I would very much like to see the Dutch win their first World Cup, if they are up to snuff. And remember, B. J. Fernandes. if the Netherlands ever was voodooed out of a title, it was by a fellow

European country, not by Brazil. HERMANO TELLES RIBEIRO.

BOOKS

Thank the Good Doctor

Hurrah for Dr. Whoopee and Doonesbury! Again, reality catches up (although a bit late) with art. The European Topics" item (May 12) about rapid bome delivery of condoms in Berlin incarnates Garry Trudeau's hilarious idea of a few years ago, when condom became an acceptable word in newsprint.

ROBERT LACKENBACH. Diano Marina, Italy.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed "Leners to the Editor" and contain the writer's signature, name and full address. Letters should be brief and are subject to editing. We cannot be responsible for the return of unsolicited manuscripts.

The writer is The Washington

CHESS

By Robert Byrne N Round 4 of the Euwe Me-

I morial Tournament, Vasili Ivanchuk beat Garry Kasparov. The 6 f4 attack against the Najdorf Sicilian is noncommittal in comparison with 6 Bg5 or 6 Bc4, but it does not present a clear target for Black's counterplay as these others do. Currently, Black's preferred response is 6...e5 7 Nt3 Nbd7 8 a4 Be7 9 Bd3 O-O 10 O-O cf II Bf4 followed by the challenging acceptance of the gambit with 11...Qb6 12 Kb1 Qb2. Kasparov has lately chosen

6...Qc7. Kasparov's striking in the center with 9 ... 65? to an ocipate a white pawn avalanche on the kingside, fell into Ivanchuk's unexpected crusher with 10 fe

Kasparov decided upon 11...Bh6 12 Qf6 O-O 13 Nd5 Qa5 14 b4 Qd8 15 Ne7 Qe7 16 Oc7 ed as the best way to put up resistance, Black yielding his queen for two minor pieces, yet maintaining an intact position.

After 20 Be6, Ivanchuk, following a well-known formula for similar situations, gave back a small amount of material with 21 Re3! de (21...Rc8 22 Qc8! Bc8 23 Rd3 is easier to win for White) 22 Be6 Ne6 23 Qe3 to reduce the material.

Kasparov played 23_a5 24 b5 Rac8 25 O-O-O Rc5 26 Rd5 66 to organize a blockade of the white queenside pawn majority. But after 27 Og3! Rc7 28 Qd6 Rfc8 29 Rd2 Rb7 30 g4 Nc5 31 Qf6! h6 (31...Nc4? 32 Rd8 Rd8 33 Qd8 Kg7 34 Qd4 Nf6 35 g5 yields White a piece) 32 e5 Re8 33 h4!, Ivanchuk had developed a second front against the enemy king position.



Position after 10 ... de

On 35...Rd6 36 Od8!, Kasparov could not play 36...Re5? because of 37 Rh6! Kh6 38 Qh8

After 36...Kg7 37 a3 a4 38 Kb2, it would have been useless to play 38...Kh7 39 Qf8! Rd6 40 ed Rd7 41 Qb8 Rb7 42 Qc7! Kg7 43 Qc6 Kh7 44 Kc3 Kg7 45 Kd4 Kh7 46 Kd5 Kg7 47 Qc7 Kf6 48 c4 Kg7 49 Kc6 Kf6 50 Qb7 Nb7 51 Kb7.

After 38...Rbe7 39 Rb6, Kasparov could have tried 39...Re8 40 Qc7 R8e7 41 Qb8 Re8 (41...Nd7 42 Re6 is hopeless for Black) 42 Qa7 R8e7, bnt 43 Qa5 Re5 44 Rb8 would win for White. Kasparov gave up.

SICILIAN DEFENSE 29 RI3 11 Rais 12 Qes 22 Qes 25 Rois 26 Rois 26 Rois 27 Rois 28 Rois 2

WHITE MAN'S GRAVE By Richard Dooling. 386 pages.

\$22. Farrar, Straus and Giroux. Reviewed by David Nicholson

A T a certain point, someone ly nnprepared for.

Magic, as Boone comes indistinguishable from magic. That promise bes behind Richard Dooling's second novel, a satiric and sometimes rollickingly funny look at Ameriean misadventures on the

"Dark Continent" of Africa.
As long as Dooling is attacking American greed, wasteful-ness and cultural insensitivity, his prose jangles and clangs with the inspired lunacy of a pinball machine. Writing about Africa, however, he is reverently and releatlessly anthropological, never mind that post-colonial Africa offers its own targets

for ridicule. The novel opens with a scathing portrait of Randall Killigan, a bankruptcy lawyer in India-napolis. "A middle-aged desk jockey and courtroom general who burned most of his calories exercising his advenal glands." Randall thrives on stress and bullies his opponents with threats to "cut your [expletive] head off and mount it on a pike in the middle of your front lawn." When Randall learns that his son, Michael, a Peace Corps volunteer, has disappeared in Sierra Leone, he immediately calls his senator. Political pressure and money

spread liberally around, be thinks, will solve everything. Solving the mystery of Michael's disappearance, bowever. isn't that simple, as another naif best friend, Boone, in Paris ex-pecting to meet Michael, de-tection. It's like insurance." cides to fly to Sierra Leone

when be learns his friend is missing. From the moment his plane lands, he knows he bas come to a world be is complete-Magic, as Boone soon finds out, is a way of life in Sierra Leone. Some kinds are just when he grows up.

barely legal, others punishable by death. And just about everyone seems to traffic in it, including Michael, who, Boone is told, may have joined a secret society before his disappearance and may be roaming "the paths at night in the shape of a bush devil bungry for the souls of the witchmen who killed him."

The juxtaposition between science and magic is at the beart of "White Man's Grave," as when Holmes, a State Department official, patiently explains to Randall that Africans "think the entire world is full of invisible spirits, and these spirits live right there with them on the land, appearing to them in dreams and influencing every-

thing that bappens in the village . . they don't realize that everything is actually made up of molecules, consisting of electrons, muons, and neutrinos in orbit around atomic nuclei, together with protons, neutrons. pi mesons, mesons, baryons. kaons, and badrons . . . Does that sound like witchcraft? No. praise God. That's quantum mechanics, and solid enough to build a house on."

Something similar occurs when Sisay, an American who has gone native, advises Boone to consult a looking-around is about to discover. Michael's man, "It's not fortune telling."

Parts of "White Man's Grave" are funny enough to leave you rolling on the floor. The novel doesn't fulfill its satiric promise. however, perhaps because Dooling seems torn between trying to decide whether he wants to be Evelyn Waugh or Alice Walker

Thus, while there's a devastating portrait of a female Peace Corps volunteer who is "into multiculturalism and hates dead

white males, because they bave been enslaving and debasing women for centuries," the Africans in this novel are, for the most part, noble savages. "White Man's Grave" is a funny book. It would have been funnier if Dooling had turned his jaundloed eye on the Sierra Leoneans and showed us the foibles and inconsistencies that undoubtedly lie at the heart of their culture.

David Nicholson regularly reviews books for The Washington

WHAT THEY'RE READING · Andrés Vicente Gómez, producer of the film "Belle

Redfield.



INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED MARKETPLACE

Monday

Wednesday

Thursday International Recruitment

Real Estate Marketplace, Holidays and Travel Saturday

Plus over 300 headings in International Classified Monday through Saturday For further information, contact Philip Orna in Paris: Tel: (33-1) 46 37 94 74 - Fax: (33-1) 46 37 52 12

Herald Eribune

Epoque," is reading, "The Celestine Prophecy" by James

lestine Prophecy" "I read a lot of books but unfortunately, I'm always

thinking about possible adaptaoons for film. If "The Celestine Propbecy' could be adapted for screen, the rights probably already bave been bought by someone in the United States." (Al Goodman, IHT)



International Conferences and Seminars

Tuesday

Education Directory

Business Message Center

Arts and Antiques

INTERESTED IN THE INTERNATIONAL REAL ESTATE MARKET? READ

THE REAL ESTATE MARKETPLACE

WORLDWIDE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE REAL ESTATE: CONSULTANTS REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS **LUXURY HOMES & ESTATES**

EVERY FRIDAY IN THE IHT FOR:



ACCESS NUMBERS **ACCESS NUMBERS** COUNTRIES ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES ACCESS NUMBERS COUNTRIES COUNTRIES CALLING ONE FOREIGN COUNTRY 05017-1-877 01-800-0877 8-095-155-6133 155-6133 173-21877 900-99-0013 020-799-011 155-9777 0500-890-877 0500-890-877 0500-800-800 1-800-877-8000 AFRICA South Africa + 0-800-99-0001 Dominican Sepublic Annacca Vi-14-mariands Annacca + St. Lucio A 108-13 800-1877 011 000-137 001-801-15 (Le⁰ 1)1 (0, 20) 1.11 187 1800-17 7466 23 Er locas Traided & Tobogo EUROPE Korea 44 Korea I Korea 1 Korea 1 MIDDLE EAST 356-4777 177-102-2727 500-777 1800-15 00900-1 4477 Colombia - Spenish
Costa Rum
Escador /
H Salvedor 4
H Salvedor 4
Honduras A
Néseco Honduras A
Nesecondor Usa Maria
Venezondor Lughan
Venezondo Spenio
Spenio 11.11 Hepubhan Mataysia +

"In Torings

Philippines (ETPI station

Philippines (PLIC onl

Philippines (PLIC)

Salpan

Tinion and Rate +3. WITH THESE SIMPLE ACCESS 000 000 105-01 102-611 105-16 235-0333 1-235-0333 1-235-0333 800-131 161 Iceland $\pm\Omega$ 1999-003 356-*4777* 1-800-877-8000 CARIBBEAN Sprint WorldCupUSA94 蒙

Confusion Perils Rescue Effort

Both Sides in Rwanda See the French as Allies

By Raymond Bonner

New York Times Service NYARUSHISHI, Rwanda - For the moment, the French paratroopers seemed like saviors to the 3,000 Tutsi men. women and children sitting wearily in the tall grass.

In their combat fatigues, red berets, and sunglasses, and with their assault rifles at the ready. the paratroopers alertly scanned the hills for signs of danger as the erowd listened mtently to a priest's sermon at Sunday Mass.

These men, women and children are desperate for solace. Living as refugees under plastic shelters in this camp near the Zairian border, they are survivors of a vicious civil war that has pitted the Hutu ethnic majority against the Tutsi minority and left hundreds of thousands

The French are seen as rescuers by the Hutu as well as by most of the minority Tutsi.

But the euphoria generated by the troops' arrival last week on a short-term mission to protect threatened Rwandans may be epbemeral, and even contain the seeds of future difficulties here for France. The French are finding that Rwandans have their own ideas on what the paratroopers should do.

The French have said emphatically that theirs is a mission of mercy, not a military campaign, and that they will leave by July 31. But that is not what the Tutsi refugees want.

We want them to stay for a long time, because if they leave we will be killed," said Francis Sibomana, one of 8,000 Tutsi at the refugee camp here. Mr. Sibomana has not seen

his wife and five children since April 10, when he fled his vil-lage during an attack by a Hutu militia.

The attack came four days after a plane carrying President Juvénal Habyarimana, a Hutu, crashed near the capital. The crash unleashed a wave of anger that quickly led to attacks by Hutu extremists against the Tutsi and against Hutu suspected of moderate political views. The Hutu in Cyangugu, a commercial and administrative

town just northeast of here. have also welcomed the paratroopers, part of a French deployment of up to 2,500 troops. But rather than protect Tutsi refugees, those Hutu assert, the French should be fighting with them against the Tutsi-dominated Rwandan Patriotic Front, the rebel group that has seized control of two-thirds of

SPLIT: Rush to Riches

the country.

Continued from Page 1 the Cultural Revolution of 1966

to 1976 began divorcing. During the Cultural Revolution, marriage wasn't like it is today," said a Beijing journalist who divorced in 1982. "It wasn't about feelings. It was about loneliness and survival." She and her husband had married in 1975 while both their families were under attack because they were intellectuals.

Zhang Youlin, the author of "How to Divorce," said he hoped the book would make divorce procedures more accessible to ordinary people. As a judge and legal analyst at the Beijing High People's Court un-til 1992, he said he learned how little people know about the

This book is very serious," Mr. Zhang said. "It helps people understand how to use the Bonn's next offering, they addlaw to take care of themselves." ed.

Herald Tribune

Falls to Allies (in Planaged in Part act & No Flor North I mer hir Blood

Herald Tribune 1979.

uvasion On. Allies Landin France

Planes and Ships Blast Coasts ontgomery Leads the Advance

Heralb Arthune Ser

llies Push Inland From Beaches

sees Small in Channel Crossing

Ilin Take First Town in France:

Cut Cherbourg Road at Bayeux

TA A

mader, Make Modest Advances

Repel All Nazi Counter-Attacks

Planes Hammer For's Airlields

Herald and The Eribune

Herald Tribune

Herald at Tribune wag

erman Resistance Is Stiffening

Herald HE Tribune

Hutu man in Cyangugu, which lies at the southern tip of picturesque Lake Kivu. The RPF wants to kill all of us."

The last time the French sent paratroopers to Rwanda in 1990, it was to prop up a Hutu-dominated government in the sure that the Hutu hang on to face of attacks by the rebel

It is this history that makes many Hutu confident that the French will help them. "We will ask the French soldiers to fight with us against the RPF, to push them back into Uganda," said Jean Katanga, a 48-year-old weaver in Cyangugu.

He expressed a similar sentiment about the Tutsi people as a whole. "They are a minority, and they have to know they are a minority." he said of the Tutsi, who make up approxi-mately 10 percent of the population in this densely populated country of 7 million.

Such animosity is reflected in a French-language flyer posted on the faded yellow wall of the immigration post at Cyangugu. "The Tutsi are out to extermi-nate us," it begins. "We know you are a race of vipers," it said, drinkers of Bantu blood."

Virtually no Tutsi live in Cyangugu any more, since all have been killed or have fled. Although the Hutu and Tutsi speak the same language and the same culture, tensions be-

tween the groups have persisted since the days of Belgian colo-nial rule, when Tutsi were often employed as administrators. Still, most of Rwanda's Hutu and Tutsi have lived together in relative peace. Many villagers

"We are very very glad that after the mass said they had the French are here," said a never known who was a Tutsi and who a Hutu.

But views like those of Mr. Katanga are easily found in Cyangugu, reflecting the effectiveness of the propaganda that leaders of Hutu extremists have political control.

When it was announced that the French were coming, a Hutu radio station broadcast that the troops were coming to help the Hutu kill the Tutsi. refugees at the camp here said. But the arrival of 50 French

paratroopers, who are garri-soned on a hilltop overlooking the refugee camp, rapidly dis-

"Before they came we were always afraid," Mr. Sibomana said. "We didn't sleep at night, fearing the milita would come and kill us." At least three times in recent weeks, Hutu militiamen entered the camp and seized men, took them out and killed them nearby, the refugees

The refugee camp here was set up here at the end of April, when about 3,300 Tutsi were moved from the sports stadium in Cyangugu. There are now 8,000 Tutsi in the camp, many of them children suffering from severe malnutrition. They are ministered to the International Committee of the Red Cross. the only relief organization that is still working in this danger-

"Now, if any militia tried to enter the refugee camp, we will Lieutenant Colonel André Colin, commander of the French paratrooper unit guarding the

ous region.



Rwandan Army officer buying a French flag from a boy in Gikongoro before the arrival Monday of French forces.

French Troops Penetrate Farther Into Rwanda

GIKONGORO, Rwanda - French troops on Monday penetrated deep into central Rwanda, where a quarter of a million Hutu fleeing the Tutsi-dominated Rwanda Patriotic Front wait desperately for aid.

Hundreds of villagers cheered as a French patrol drove into Gikongoro, 20 kilometers (12 miles) west of the battlefront. It was the first time the French had ventured that far east. So far the French, who are hilling their

intervention as purely humanitarian, have found a only a relatively small number of refugees to rescue in western

In Cyangugu, the mass flight of terrified Tutsi and a series of massacres have left only 8,000 Tutsi in need of aid. The situation at Gikongoro is different. While few of the original 55,000 Tutsi remain, the district now holds up to

250,000 displaced Hutu fleeing the rebel-The poorest district in Rwanda, Gikongoro is ill-equipped to cope with the

influx because most aid organizations fled when the war broke out in early April and the displaced are relying on the charity of the local population, al-ready short of food after last year's drought.

At Cyanika, a village on the outskirts of Gikongoro, 30,000 Hutu are camping next to the cemetery in makeshift shelters made from branches and leaves. Most of them have seen no actual fighting because they fled as the rebels approached, convinced they would be killed.

interviewed at the refugee camp camp.

Continued from Page 1

ment; any Japanese industry dependent on the import of ever-cheaper raw materials from America was not entirely unhappy.

But so closely linked were the yen and politics that on Monday afternoon the chief government spokesman, Hiroshi Ku-magai, who had served as chief cabinet secretary in Mr. Hata's coalition govern-ment, abandoned all the usual cautions about discussing exchange rates and used the threat of further yen appreciation to try to manipulate events.

Mr. Kumagai was trying to head off an alliance between the Liberal Democrats. who were removed from power last year after 38 years, and the Social Democrats. the party that defected from the coalition and ultimately forced Mr. Hata to resign.

Traditionally, the Socialists have been viewed as a threat to Japan's stability, because of their opposition to the 34-yearold security pact between Tokyo and Washington, their sympathies for North Korea and calls for protected markets.

If the LDP and the SDP would rise to 80 yea" to the dollar, Mr. Kumagai said.

In fact, that alliance may yet happen, but a meeting on Monday between Yohei Kono, the president of the Liberal Democrats, and Tomiichi Murayama, the head of the Socialists, was inconclusive. However, given the ideological differences between them, no one could imagine any alliance between the two parties lasting for omy. Both of those are political decisions. Who Suffers?

Meanwhile, Mr. Hata and his closest ally, Ichiro Ozawa, were working furiously behind the scenes to get more Liberal Democrats and Socialists to defect. There was talk of a solution on Tuesday, but few

If the connections between politics and exchange rates seem hard to fathom at times, it is worth remembering that the political imperatives on one side of the Pacific look pretty remote on the other.

From the start of the yea's recent rise. American analysts have said that investors were expressing their lack of confidence in the Clinton administration, in everything from foreign affairs to currency policy.

Presumably, those sentiments have been driving the American markets.

It is an interesting argument, but it never dealt with the mirror issue: Why would anyone have more confidence in Japan's government? As one senior Japanese executive put it Monday afternoon: "At least in Washington everyone knows who the president is, and what party he helongs Some say that the political upheavals in

Japan should make have no impact on exchange rates; after all, Janan is run by the hureaucrats. But by the time the Group of Seven industrialized nations meet two weeks from now in Naples, Japan will have to find something to say about how it will stimulate domestic demand and how speedily it will move to deregulate its econ-

and no politician wants to make them.

There are other inconsistencies in the theories about how political stability plays into the yen's strength. Four years ago, when the yen was also rising steadily, analysts said that the combination of Japan's growth prospects at a time of recession in America and its stable government created a natural environment for investing in the

Now the reverse is being argued: The lack of growth in Japan and the instability of its government are combining to keep the trade gap open. Either way, the yeu

goes up.

The next bit of logic — that a higher yen will automatically lead to more American imports to Japan - is not necessarily the case. Some items are cheaper. Americanmade cars and Compaq computers, for example. But the stronger yen has also led to a surge in imports from China, South East Asia and India, and the result can be the weak dollar could well bring seen on Tokyo's streets. There are a lot with it significant risk of upmore discount goods now available, in-duding some at "100 yen stores," where he is in a minority. much is sold for 100 year, now exactly Little of it is made in America.

The Clinton administration's other hope - to get more American companies to invest in Japan and thus penetrate its market from within - is already being undercut. Even at a time of falling property prices in Japan, the costs now, in the new era of 100 yen to one dollar, seem even more insurmountable.

ganizing a steel cartel to help

the industry through a severe

of Mr. Kohl's and heads the

as one of the more prominent

and long-standing backers of EU integration, be would be

more of a provocation to the

Other possible candidates

mentioned included Philippe

Maystadt, the Belgian finance

minister, and even Foreign Minister Willy Claes, although

his Socialist credentials are be-

lieved to make him unlikely.

revival is discounted but insid-

ers have mentioned Frans An-

commissioner, and Hans van

den Broek, currently foreign af-

fairs commissioner.

Among the Dutch, a Lubbers

British, officials said.

Mr. Martens is a old favorite

recession.

YEN: Currency Marches On to a New High Amid Political Maneuvering DOLLAR:

Continued from Page 1

tougher for European and Japanese companies exporting their more expensive goods to the United States. And it certainly makes those summer vacations more expensive for American tourists abroad.

But several economists, in interviews Monday, dismissed the view that the Fed would feel obliged to raise short-term interest rates again soon because of fears that a weak dollar may feed U.S. inflation.

William Brown, J. P. Morgan's chief economist, takes the view that with an economy three years into recovery and just hitting full employment,

The whole inflation fear is overblown," according to Michael Tracy, a financial adviser at Merrill Lynch in New York. "And the weak dollar need not be a major concern for either the Fed or the Clinton adminis-

Carl Weinberg, chief economist at High Frequency Economics in New York, acknowledges that a weak dollar raises the price on imported goods in the United States and can thus bring with it some inflation. But he argues, as did Professor Panl Krugman, writing Sunday in The New York Times, that the English. Those attributes can easily obscure the fact that as dollar is actually quite strong against America's main trading non epitomized Mr. Major's loathed interventionism by or-

partners, Canada and Mexico. "Since March the dollar is down by 7 percent against the mark and 6 percent against the yen," said Mr. Weinberg, "But we are up by 4 percent on the Canadian dollar. And imports from Canada total more than Europe and Japan put togeth-

In other words, the dollar's trade-weighted exchange rate, as measured against the currencies of its biggest trading partners, is not very worrying at all.

As is usually the case in financial markets, the reason to worry is based on perception about future trends rather than an immediate problem. Thus, higher interest rates that could threaten recovery could occur if the dollar's weakness creates enough of a fear of inflation, of driessens, the former EU trade the sort that has already plagued bond markets, to cause

Protesters In Jakarta

Police Club

JAKARTA — Riot police and soldiers Monday broke up a peaceful demonstration by journalists, artists and students against the government's ban

As about 150 protesters marched toward the Department of Information, troops moved in, beating some with rattan rods. Some of the protesters suffered broken legs and one person was bleeding from a. head wound. There was no immediate word on the total number of injuries.

About 40 protesters were arrested, including Rendra, a pected nuclear sites at its main

The protests against the clo-sure of two weekly magazines and a tabloid newspaper have been gone on for a week. Demonstrators have accused the government of reversing moves toward greater democracy.

In contrast to three previous demonstrations, police and soldiers appeared to be under orders to stop the protest and discourage future demonstrations. Carrying banners denouncing the ban, the protesters had marched down a main thoroughfare toward the Depart-

ment of Information when troops attacked. Brigadier General Wiranto. chief of staff of the Jakarta military command, accused the protesters of disturbing peace and order and causing traffic

"If you do not want to be arrested, then you should not join the protest, or even better don't cover it," General Wiranto told journalists. He said

those arrested would be tried. On June 21, the government revoked the publishing licenses of Tempo, the magazine Editor and the weekly Detik on grounds their reports were disturbing national stability by pitting government officials

The ban appeared to be a direct order of President Suharto, who had warned previously that strong measures would be taken against any media deemed trying to create instability in the country.

against each other.

Meanwhile, a retired general, Abdul Haris Nasution, the former armed forces commander. criticized the ban, calling it a setback and against the 1945 constitution."

The government should not confront the media but instead should handle the problem carefully," be said.

17 on Ivoire Airliner Killed in Abidian Crash

ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast -Seventeen people aboard an Air Ivoire Fokker-27 were killed when it crashed near Abidian sirport, state radio said Mon-

western port of San Pedro. Air Ivoire is the West African counlysts predict has now come to try's national carrier. The cause of the crash was not known.

Seoul Paper Says U.S. Has a Deal For North

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches SEOUL — In talks starting next week, the United States will offer to exchange diplomatic liaison offices if North Korea agrees to open its nuclear program to international inspection, according to a report published here Monday.

The offices would be the first

step in a two-stage program that could eventually include formal diplomatic recognition and help in arranging for eco-nomic assistance for North Korea, the nationally circulated newspaper Dong-A Ilbo said. The new round of talks, set to begin July 8 in Geneva, will be open-ended, the White House indicated Monday. Dee Dee Myers, President Bill Clinton's spokeswoman, said of the up-coming discussions: "We're still working on the agenda. As long as they are productive we'll con-

The North Korean press agency KCNA, said in a report on the Geneva meeting. The on the Geneva meeting. The talks are expected to discuss matters for a fundamental solu-

first restricted to U.S. demands that United Nations monitors be allowed to verify that the North Korean nuclear program is not being used for weapons, the scope of the talks is being expanded to include U.S. political relations and se-

South Korean Peninsula. meanwhile, prepared for a bor-der meeting with North Korea, set for Tuesday to plan the first summit conference ever between their presidents.

The North Korean delegation will be led by Kim Yong Sun, a longtime international affairs expert who is close to President Kim Il Sung. South Korean officials say that should augur well for the summit meeting. But they remained cautious about whether a summit meet-ing would actually be held, since all past summit proposals have failed.

Both sets of talks with North Korea, promoted by former President Jimmy Carter of the United States, are aimed at reducing enmity and settling tensions over the North's suspected development of nuclear

The Dong-A libo, quoting an unidentified South Korean official, said the United States would offer to exchange liaison offices with North Korea if it continued to freeze its nuclear program and allows inspec-

Those would include two susnuclear complex, it said.

A demand by the International Atomic Energy Agency last year to inspect the two arcas prompted North Korea to announce it would withdraw from the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty.

It suspended that decision in subsequent high-level talks with the United States, which broke down in July last year.

The North claims that inspections of the two sites, which it insists are nonnuclear military installations, would infringe on its sovereignty.

If North Korea complies with the first-stage U.S. demand, Washington will also offer to arrange economic assistance, including a light-water reactor to replace the North's raphite-moderated reactor, the Dong-A libo article said.

The United States is expected to ask South Korea and Japan for money to buy a light-water reactor, at about \$1 billion, for North Korea, the article said.

Meantime, in Vienna, where the International Atomic Energy Agency is based, an agency spokesman said two inspectors were on their way to North Korea to take over for a pair of monitors who have been at the site for several weeks.

(AP, AFP, Reuters)

Send Box Top For an Oxford Education?

LONDON (Reuters) -An Oxford University college said on Monday that it has decided to rename itself after the world's most famous cornflakes.

Rewley House, the ancient university's continuing education department could soon be called Kellogg College in gratitude for charitable donations of \$12 million over the last de-

The move is expected to be approved by a meeting of the university's Congregation on Tuesday.

The donor, the W.K.

Kellogg Foundation, was set up in 1930 by the founder of the U.S. cerealmaking firm to "help peo-ple help themselves."

EUROPE: Germany Seems Prepared to Compromise to Get Agreement

Continued from Page 1

reach a settlement because continued deadlock would stymie Germany's six-month stewardship of the Union, which begins Friday, officials said.

can't veto systematically."

At the same time, Mr. Major used up significant capital in vetoing Mr. Dehaene and will face heavy pressure to endorse

SEVEN DAYS THAT CHANGED

THE WORLD: 5-11 JUNE, 1944

To commemorate these dramatic days, we have

and follow the excitement, successes and setbacks as the

46 x 61 cms (18.5 x 24 in.) each, can be framed or used as

37 Lambton Road, London SW20 OLW, England.

Herald Tribune Normandy Landing historic front pages – June 5

through 11, 1944 - at U.K.£18 (US\$25) per set, plus postage

troops established beachheads across a 75-mile stretch of the

of the rebirth of liberty on the European continent.

posters. Please use the coupon below to order.

per set: Europe \$2.30; rest of world £4.10.

Please allow 3 to 4 weeks for delivery.

Payment is by credit card only. All major cards accepted.

Or fax to: (44 81) 944 8243.

SIGNATURE

Please send me__

reproduced the seven front pages from the New York Herald

Tribune which chronicled the events of D-Day and the first week

You can purchase a set of these full-size reproductions

Printed on glossy paper, these reprints, which measure

Return your order to: International Heraid Tribune Offers

sets of the seven New York

Access Diners MasterCord

Amex Deprocard Divisor

"The assessment is that M2-jor is in a weak position." 2 the bridges and all the tunnels commission official said. "He

the presidency, the dispute left Mr. Major more isolated than ever in Europe and made it very likely that the 1996 conference to reform the Union would leave Britain in the slow lane of a multispeed Union. officials

of the world will never succeed in linking to the Continent," the the EU industry commissioner conservative French daily Le in the early 1980s, Mr. Davig-Aside from the outcome of Figaro said in a front-page edi-"It should not have been al-

Market. It should only have been linked to it." Although the editorial brought up the question of Christian Democratic bloc in whether Britain should be the European Parliament, but shown the door. Union treaties currently allow no provision for

a member state to leave. On the presidency, all sides have a keen interest to avoid canvassing candidates publicly. officials said. Premature moves by Mr. Kohl would invite attacks from the anti-EU press in Britain, which savaged Mr. De-

lowed to enter the Common

haene. In addition, a British en-dorsement would be a death sentence for any candidate, because Germany and its Continental partners do not want to concede victory to Mr. Major. Indeed. German officials have dismissed the prospects of Peter Sutherland, the GATT director-general, precisely because he enjoys London's support.

Foreign Minister Klaus Kinkel began soundings on candidates in Paris on Monday at the start of a tour of capitals that will take him to London on Thursday. Speculation focused mainly on Belgian or perhaps Dutch

its 17-million-bag stockpile of coffee accumulated in the lean humiliation that Mr. Dehaene and Prime Minister Rund Lubpers of the Netherlands suffered at Corfu, officials said. The most intriguing candidate is Mr. Davignon, president of Société Générale de Belgique

and a longtime fixture on the

Mr. Davignon combines per-

sonal charm with political cun-

ning, takes a pro-husiness

stance as head of Belgium's big-gest company and, best of all,

European scene.

candidates to ease some of the

COFFEE: Soaring Prices to the producing countries. Mr. Eagles insisted that the talk of a shortage may be "overdone." Analysts said they were not He noted that Brazil had ansure how much the recent rises nounced plans to sell selling off

Muharak-Gadhafi Talks End Agence France-Presse

SURT, Libya - President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt and the Lihyan leader. Colonel Moammar Gadhafi, ended two rounds of talks on hilateral ties. the Lockerbie bombing case and the Yemeni conflict in this northern town on Monday.

years of low prices, an amount equal to nearly 20 percent of total annual world consump-

more capital flows to rush out

fect the price to consumers Experts at the International Coffee Organization said that the depressed price of coffee beans recently had meant that the price accounted for less than a quarter of the price charged to the public for the finished product. It has also allowed coffee roasters a long run of relatively fat margins on

an abrupt end.

in raw coffee prices would af-

The property of the second of

The plane was about to land after an internal flight from the their products, a run that ana-



end Box Top

AG Group and N.V. AMEV will be named Fortis AG and Fortis AME What will that change?

Everything.

- The names, of course. And that's a symbol of a fundamental change. Fortis was created by its parent companies - N.V. AMEV from the Netherlands and AG Group from Belgium - to build a strong international insurance and banking group.

The names of the shares. AG shares become Fortis AG shares and AMEV shares. Fortis AMEV. Now, investors and shareholders will follow Fortis AG share quotations in Brussels and Fortis AMEV share quotations in Amsterdam that reflect the value and success of all the companies within Fortis.

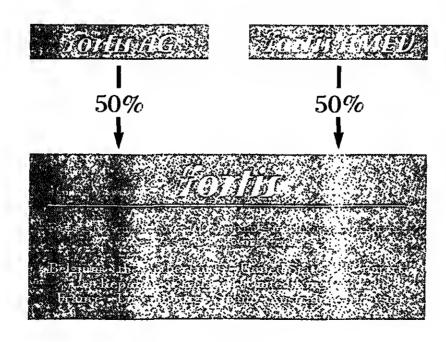
- A clear corporate structure. Through a better identification with Fortis, further confusion will be avoided with "AG 1824" in Belgium and "AMEV Nederland" in the Netherlands, both major insurance companies in their home countries. Next to these two companies, there are more than 100 other companies on four continents sharing a vision for the future that will benefit clients, investors and personnel. The name of this vision? Fortis.

And nothing.

 Each Fortis company remains the same. They retain their own identity, their own products and services. In every country, their individual brand names and logos will maintain a strong presence on the market as they continue to build their reputation for excellence.

 Our service remains the same. Brokers and other professionals will continue to work with local Fortis companies whose quality products and services they have come to rely on. Clients will perceive no change whatsoever in their individual accounts or policies: whether they are with AG 1824, AMEV Nederland, VSB Bank, ASLK-CGER, Fortis in the United States or any other company of the group.

 The challenge remains the same. Now, more than ever, each company within Fortis will continue to strive to play a leading role in its own market. And the 32,000 people worldwide who take on that challenge every day at local level, will know that they are part of a wider, international family. Its name? Fortis.



fortis AG

Boulevard Emile Jacqmain 53. 1000 Brussels, Belgium

Fortis AMEU

Archimedeslaan 10, 3584 BA Utrecht, the Netherlands.

THE GASTRONOMIC

A DINING GUIDE TO LYON: HAUTE CUISINE AND BISTROS



ith over 800 restaurants and more Michelinstarred chefs than any other city in France, the city deserves its reputation as the gastronomic capital of France, itself considered the gastronomic

capital of the world. Everyone has heard of three-star chef Paul Bocuse, but the city and the surrounding area have plenty of other top-notch tables on offer. This is a selective list, and prices include service but not wine.

Grandes Tables:

Alain Chapel. Lost one Michelin star after the death of Alain Chapel, but under the direction of his wife is still considered one of the best and most creative by the locals. A la carte: 450F-660F (\$82-\$120), 01390 Mionnay. Tel.: 78 91 82 02; fax: 78 91 82 37.

Georges Blanc. Light, elegant cuisine inspired by re-

Thierry Gache is a

young chef who is attract-ing a following in Lyon in

spite of the fact that his

restaurant is hidden away in a residential neighbor-

bood far from the center of

Although Mr. Gache

dreams of moving to the

Lubéron with his family

and opening a simple table

d'hôte where he would

serve meals only on week-

ends, this fantasy of idle-

ness is belied by the enor-

ready to reveal.

mous energy he throws into his work. His

restaurant is closed only on Sunday

evenings, and he often stays up all night

working on "La Feuille de Chou," a bi-monthly newsletter he creates on his per-

sonal computer for his customers (the proceeds go to charity). In addition, he

has two new restaurant projects on the burner, details of which he is not yet

In the meantime, his restaurant offers a

potpourti of creative cuisine at very rea-

sonable prices. Fixed-price menns of 118, 168, 208 and 258 francs (\$21, \$30,

\$37 and \$46) offer a surprising range of

flavors and high-quality ingredients. Sal-ads include wild plants delivered twice a

week by the woman who forages fo

gional products. A la carte: 500F-670F, 01540 Vonnas. Tel.: 74 50 00 10; fax: 74 50

Jean Brouilly. Situated in a private home in a large park and known for excellent quality at reasonable prices. A la carte: 220F-340F. 3 ter, rue de Paris. 69170 Tarare, Tel.: 74 63 24 56; fax: 74 05 05 48.

Léon de Lyon. Classic Lyonnais cooking as well as more modern fare. Fixedprice lunch menu: 250F; à la carte: 370F-500F. 1. rue Pleney, 69001 Lyon. Tel.: 78 28 11 33; fax: 78 39 89

Orsi. Renowned for its decor and elegance. Fixedprice lunch menu: 240F; à la carte: 400F-600F; children's menu: 150F. 3, place Kléber, 69006 Lyon. Tel.: 78 89 57 68; fax: 72 44 93

Paul Bocuse. Simple, high-quality regional food from the chef who knows

BUBBLE-GUM CREME BRULÉE

AND OTHER CREATIVE RISKS

how to make it. Fixed-price lunch menu: 290F: a la carte: 450F-600F; children's menu: 90F, 69660 Collonges-au-Mont-d'Or. Tell: 72 27 85 85; fax: 72 27 85

Pierre Gagnaire. This brilliant cook is considered one of the best by his colleagues. Fixed-price lunch menu: 270F; a la carre 500F-750F, 7, rue Richelandière, 42000 Saint-Eti-enne, Tel.: 77-42-30-90; fay 77 42 30 95.

La Tour Rose. The creative cooking of Philippe Chavent, whose empire also includes a hotel of the same name. Le Comptoir de Boeuf (same cuisine, lower prices) across the street and the new Restaurant des Muses in the Opera de Lyon. A la carte: 480F-580F, 22. rue de Boeuf, 69005 Lyon. Tel.: 78 37 25 90; fax: 78 42

Good food, low prices: Daniel Ancel. The friend-



Good naws for the Lyonnais: Recent studies show that good food can be good for you as well.

of one of Lyon's up-and-, ming chefs, who cooked at Le Passage for eight cars. A la carte: 150F-200F. I. rue Villeneuve, 980A Lyon, Tel.: 72 00 01 50; fax: 72 10 00 20.

Le Vivarais, Highly recommended by the natives for its traditional dishes treated in a modern way. Fixed-price menus: 100F-155F. 1. place Guilleton, nº002 Lyon, Tel.: 78 37 85 15: for: 78 37 59 49. Le Boulevardier, This

rolliching jazz club/restaurant with live music and rea-Lyon residents young and escalope au Saint-Marcellin

Club." 5. rue de la Fro-magerie, 69001 Lyon. Tel.: 78 28 48 22; fax: 78 27 06

La Meunière. One of the few remaining authentic bouchons in Lyon, this small, unpretentious restaurant serves traditional specialiies like tablier de sapeur, gras donble and cervelle de cunnt. 85F-140F. 11, rue Neuve, 69001 Lyon. Tel.: 78 28 62 91.

Chez Sylvain. Another houghon, where chef Sylvain marries tradition with somably priced food attracts - creativity in such dishes as

iy, spacious new restaurant old, all of whom have a and gratin de macaronis aux great time at the former "Hot grattons. 85F-95F. 4, rue Tupin, 69002 Lyon. Tel.: 78 42 11 98. Libations:

gras have shown.

savored in Lyon:

ful, they are addictive.

ravigote (oil and vinegar dressing made with hard-

boiled eggs, shallots and herb). Tetine grillee cow's udder cooked with garlic.

parsley and lemon or vinegar. Amourettes: beef mar-

row cooked in lemon or

lemon. Ris de veau: thinly

Tablier de sapeur (named in

honor of the Maréchal de

Castellane, governor of Lyon under Napoléon III):

tripes marinated in white

wine and mustard, breaded

"sweated" in an oven, then

Main courses. Melettes or

Bidon 5. One of the few traditional cafés on the truffé pistaché: a pork touristy Rue Mercière, where the motherly Madame Camille serves a delicious white Macon or a bubbly. Montagnieu. 44, rue Mer-cière, 69002 Lyon. Tel.: 78 42 21 69.

Le Vertu Blen. Night-owljournalists and fashion designers frequent this ambiance-filled bar, which also serves simple meals. Rue Mercière, 69002 Lyon.

CITY MAKES NAME FOR ITSELF IN INTERNATIONAL DANCE

you is rapidly making a name for company and the classical Indian dancer itself as a center for international dance. It is home to the Lyon Opera Ballet, whose resident encreographer is American Bill T. Jones; the

Maison de la Danse, the only theater in Europe devoted exclusively to dance; and the Biennale de la Danse. With these assets, the city has the wherewithal and the appreciative audiences needed to attract the most illustrious names in the field.

In the 1993-94 season, the Maison de la Danse, which moved into the 1,100-seat Thefare du 8è in 1992, saw its audiences grow by more than 100 percent over the pre-Goas season, to a total of 93,000. The 1994-95 season, to begin in September, will welcome many of the greats of the dance world, including Alvin Ailey's American Dance Theorer, Sill T. Jones and the Amie Zane Dance Company, the Dance Theater of Flarlem, Merce Cunningham, Christina Floves, Foliand Petit, William Forsythe, and mery others, in addition, special - reak opera Starmania, an Argentinian tango - 00; fax: 78 38 28 92.

Madhavi Mudgal. The Maison de la Danse houses a videothèque and has a program of dance films and musicals as well as dance performances for young people.

The theme of the sixth Biennale de la Danse, to take place this year in various venues in the Rhone-Alpes region from Sept. 13 to 29, will be "Mama Africa: From Africa to Harlem." Performers will include the Alvin Ailey American Dance Company, Les Ballets Africains, Ron Brown Evidence, the Dance Theater of Harlem, the African Jazz Pioneers, Grupo Corpo, Sandra Reaves and more. The festival is organized by Guy Darmet, who is also artistic director of the Maison de la Danse.

Maison de la Danse, 8. avenue Jean Mermoz, 69008 Lyon, Tel.: 78 75 88 88; fax: 78

Lyon Opéra Ballet, Opéra de Lyon, Place de la Comédie, 69001 Lyon, Tel.: 72 00 45

45; fax: 72 00 45 46. Biennale de la Danse will feature French chantetise Régine, the Place Bellecour, 69002 Lyon, Tel.: 72 41 00

CULTURAL CAPITAL: OPÉRA DE LYON

The Nouvel creation in Kent Nagano (musical direc-Lyon has already become an tor of the Lyon opera). Sir

its black cylindrical dome rising above statues of eight of the muses (the Muse of Astronomy was passed over) that adom the original 19th-century building, whose fa-

to say that it is universally loved by the locals, however. Its plain, all-black interiors, relieved only by the baroque interior of the bar area, the sole room that was kept from the old building, tend to have a depressing effect on visitors. Mr. Nouvel's intention was reportedly to focus attention on the stage instead of the lavish interior of the hall, but that function is already well-

house, which seats 1,300, is acclaimed for its acoustics, and the renovation has added space for much-needed rehearsal areas, a smaller auditorium, ballet and chorus studios, and elevators for scenery and the orchestra

Under Director Louis Erlo and Artistic Director Jean-Pierre Brossman, the new opera house is attracting international stars and introducing some nouveautés of its own - its first production was a nearly unknown opera by Claude Dehussy, "Rodrigue et Chimène" - and

Productions scheduled for

CAPITAL OF FRANCE raditional Lyon-nais cuisine is splashed with viness to the very particular and perhaps not caul or intestines with the removed, chopped and mannated in white wind and and perhaps not to the taste of everyone in a health-conscious world that tard onions, garlie, sales, dash of lemon, people thyme and bay terms. is steering away from meat and fatty foods. True gasand fatty foods. True gastronomes scorn such concems, however, and insist on
eating what is good, which
often proves to be good for
you as well, as recent studies
of low heart-disease rates in
areas of France that conareas of France that congume large amounts of foie

dash of tenton,
thyme and bay ies the
whole is wrapped in the
gut to make a state of tenton, call the
cervelle. lamb, call the
diagneous lamb tentos
and liver in a wine state

Paguets de course ras have shown.

Here is a sampling of chopped pig's tail. The said one of the delicacies to be some of the delicacies to be

pike dumplings, usually served in a cream said.
Wine: Most Lyonian that up their noses at the manage and stick to the creation. Appetizers. Rosette and lésus: two types of pork sausage; the latter is so named because it is swaddled in its wrapping. Grat-tons: pork cracklings - care-

and stick to the excellent range of Côtes do Ridde.

Where to shop! The saucisson imples pisted and grantons, quenelles and cons (praline candy sources with almond passing where the great shall get the Charcuterie Sibility in the Halles de Lyon (1997). First courses. Cervelas sausage stuffed with truffles and pistachios. Saucisson de Lyon sec: a sausage made with beef and pork fat; when sliced, it should look like a Charcuterie Sibiliani Halles de Lyon (100 cm.)
Lafayette, 69003 L.
78 62 36 28).
For regional checks an cluding Saint-March a en mosaic. Tête de vetur boned. calf's head and tongue cooked in court-bouillon and served with vinaigrette or

Saint-Félicien, avriell a

ing. For chocolates, Remachen Chocolatier (42, copre Franklin-Roosevelt, 6906 frivolités: lamb testicles : Lyon: Tel.: 78 24 32 98) where the cocor beans are rossed on site, is considered cooked in white wine or sliced calf sweetbreads. by many to be the best in the

Outdoor markets are also held every morning except Monday on the One Saint Antoine and the Boulevard de la Croix-Rousse. The Halles de Lyon, a covered and fried; served with a vinaigrette made with market is open fues Sat. 7. chopped boiled eggs, pick-les, capers and herbs. Tripes P.M. -12:30 P.M. and Sun. 7. A. lea lyonnaise: tripes A.M. 12:30 P.M. sweeted in an oven them.

he Opéra de the 1994-95 season include-Lyon is now af-fectionately re-ferred to by the natives as the Nouvel Opéra since its thorough overhaul by French architect Jean Nouvel most celebrated for natives as the Nouvel Opéra since its thorough overhaul by French architect Jean Nouvel, most celebrated for his Institut du Monde Arabe ary), plus an ambitious probuilding in Paris, at a cost of 478 million francs.

accepted part of

the cityscape, with

served in other opera houses by the dimming of the house lights during performances. That said, the new opera

becoming recognized as one of Europe's leading houses.

"Madame Butterfly" (Janugram of concerts and recitals.

featuring such luminaries as



stage instead of the auditorium.

Neville Marriner, Itzhak. Perlman and Barbara Hendricks.

The Opéra de Lyon is also home to the Lyon Opera Ballet, whose upcoming program includes collaborations with Angelin Preliocal, Bill T. Jones (the ballet's resident choreographer). Maguy Mario and William Forsythe.

The crowning touch was added to the opera with the opening at the beginning of June of Le Resto des Muses hy renowned Lyon chef Philippe Chavent, proprietor of La Tour Rose (one Michelin star) and Le Compton de Boeuf.

Located on the fifth floor just behind the statues of the muses, the restaurant has a spectacular view of the 17thcentury city hall across the street and the city's two hilltops behind it, and offers a reasonably priced brasserie style menu enlivened with Mr. Chavent's original touch.

Mr. Chavent promises to adapt his cuisine to the opera's program, offering, for instance, Japanese dishes when "Madame Butterfly" is being presented.

VISITING LYON: CATHEDRALS, TEXTILE LOOMS AND BACCHUS yon is a city whose rich history can still be seen in its streets, but perhaps the best way to begin a The Croix-Rousse became the home of the silk workers after the French Revolution and owes its architectural pecu-(tel.: 78 28 92 57).

them in the mountains, and the goal

cheese is made using traditional methods

A quick sampling of Mr. Gache's in-

ventive delights; sea trout marinated in fermel, served with a fresh-pasta solud flavored with wild spinach; perk filet

mignon cooked in a sauce flavored with

two types of olives and served with a

fricassée of Granny apples: and, for dessert, three crème brulees, each with a

different parfum, one of which is bubble-gum-flavored syrup, proof of Mr.

Gache's adventurous spirit.

Restaurant Thierry Gache, 37, rue de iu

Thibaudière, 69007 Lyon. Tel.: 78 72 81

77; fax: 78 72 01 75.

by an aging hipple from the Ardeche.

visit is to get a bird's-eye view of the city from its dominating features, the Fourvière and Croix-

Fourvière is the site of the Basilique Notre-Dame de Fourvière, Lyon's version of Paris's Sacré-Coeur, and just as controversial for its 19th-century birthday-cake architecture. But from its hilltop, the panoramic view of the city built at the conjunction of the Rhône and Saône Rivers helps to orient the visitor and, on a clear day, provides a glimpse of the Alps in the distance.

While there, a visit to the Musée de la Civilisation Gallo-Romaine, discreetly built into the hillside that is also the site of a partially restored Roman theater still used for performances today, is a must. The museum houses many finds from Lyon's past as the Roman capital of Gaul. The wellpreserved mosaics, like the one of a drunken Bacchus, are especially notable.

liarities to their presence: Ceilings are higher and windows larger to accommodate and provide light for their looms, and the streets are connected by traboules, narrow corridors that made life easier for the textile porters. At the Musée des Canuts at 10, rue d'Ivry, visitors can see a hand-operated Jacquard loom and other types of weaving in action, as well as a fabric exhibition.

Back in the center of town, the Vieux-Lyon area consists of three 15th- and 16th-century "villages": Saint-Georges, Saint-Jean and Saint-Paul, Especially in Saint-Jean, many of the Renaissance buildings have been beautifully restored. and some traboules and courtyards are open to the public. The Romanesque Saint-Jean Cathedral, begun in the 12th century, is located here, and this charming area is full of

sions for both children and adults at 2, rue Louis Carrand A walk along the quais of the Presqu'ile offers a fine view

of the spruced-up buildings on the banks of the rivers. They have now shed their coats of grime and are painted in pastel hues: greens and blues on the Rhône side and shades of pink on the Saône side.

This is just a bare sampling of the touristic riches of Lyon. The multilingual Guide Touristique de Rhône et Lyon offers an excellent historical overview and detailed walking tours of the city, plus color photos. It is available for 49 francs at the Office de Tourisme at the Pont Bonaparte entrance to the funicular in Lyon's fifth arrondissement (tel.: 78 42 25 75; fax: 42 40 98 961 or in the Place Bellecour. The tourist bureau also offers a wide variety of guided tours of the city.

Perhaps the most romantic way to get around Lyon is by water taxi. For a list of taxi stands, contact Les Bateaux Taxis, 16, quai Rambaud, 69002 Lyon, Tel.: 72 40 25 35;

OF LADIES' GOWNS AND THE CONCORDE

intricately linked to the history of the city of Lyon. Silk manufacturing was introduced to the city early in the 15th century by refugees from the Italian civil wars and became the city's most important industry, employ-ing over half of the city's workers from the 16th to the 19th centuries.

In the 18th and 19th centuries, strikes and violence by the weavers were harshly repressed by their silk-merchani employers; the lives of some strikers were saved by hiding in the traboules, the systems of narrow passageways connecting buildings in the old town.

In the carly 19th century, J.M. Jacquard revolutionized the industry by inventing a special loom capable of weaving highly compli-

he silk industry is cated patterns. Jacquard weavers became known as canuts, either after the cannettes, or spools, on the loom or, in an alternative version, after the silk vendors who roamed the countryside with canes bearing a standard advertising their wares. When they were too poor to afford the little flag. they were left with a canne nue, or a naked cane.

Today, the region's textile industry retains an important role. After heavy investment during the 1980s, the region leads in French textile and clothing production by small and medium-sized companies and is second in France in terms of turnover. With 1,600 companies and 53,000 employees, the industry accounts for 16 percent of the

region's industrial jobs.
Silk for ladies' gowns and castle draperies is no longer

cafés and restaurants.

It was also the birthplace of the Guignul puppets, and the Théâtre de Guignol puts on marionette performances in ver-

ON VIEW: 2,000 YEARS OF FABRICS

In recognition of the importance of the textile industry to the city's econ-omy, the Lyon Chamber of Commerce and industry founded the Musée des Tissus de Lyon in 1890. Today, the museum has an exten-

sive collection of fabric samples. clothing, tapestries, carpets, looms and cartoons (preparatory drawings) from Lyon and other world fabric centers; the collection is open to the public and receives about 100,000 visitors per year. Housed in a handsome hôtel particulier in the center of Lyon, the museum's collection techniques is available for each saro-

covers 2,000 years of fabric history. The museum also has a documentation center open to researchers and industry and fashion professionals

ple. In the near future, the Banque d'Images Textiles plans to offer to professionals the creation of their industry and fashion professionals that contains over 1 million textile documents and a technical library of about 20,000 volumes.

In addition, the high-tech Banque d'Images Textiles contains over 10,000 samples reproduced on high-definition color computer screens.

Computer searches can be made by style, technique or era, for example, and detailed information on weaving techniques is available for each samulation and fashion professionals the creation of their own in-house computersed smale banks of products and designs.

Musée des Tissus de Lyon, 32 me de la Charité, 69002 1 your 1et 78 37 15 05. Open Tues, Sun, 10 M. The research facilities (60.1 million textile banks of products and designs.

Musée des Tissus de Lyon, 32 me de la Charité, 69002 1 your 1et 78 37 15 05. Open Tues, Sun, 10 M. The research facilities (60.1 million textile banks of products and designs.

Musée des Tissus de Lyon, 32 me de la Charité, 69002 1 your 1et 78 37 15 05. Open Tues, Sun, 10 M. The research facilities (60.1 million textile banks of products and designs.

Musée des Tissus de Lyon, 32 me de la Charité, 69002 1 your 1et 18 37 15 05. Open Tues, Sun, 10 M. M. The research facilities (60.1 million textile banks of products and designs.

Musée des Tissus de Lyon, 32 me de la Charité, 69002 1 your 1et 18 37 15 05. Open Tues, Sun, 10 M. M. The research facilities (60.1 million textile banks of products and designs.

dustry (although the famous Hermès seart is still made in Lyon by Ateliers AS). Technical fabrics made in the region are used in architecture and protective and medical clothing, and for construction, aeronauties tmost notably, for the nose of the Concorde), sports and com-

the only product of the in-110 companies specializing in technical fabrics, works in close cooperation with the area's scientific research community and universities.

The industry's activities include spinning, weaving, design, texturing, treatment and the making of sailcloth. passementerie, ribbons, elasputer applications. For these ticized fabrics, braid, special composite fabrics. knitwear and other clothing.

Affected like many others by the current recession, the industry lost 5,000 jobs in 1993, but receipts are up by 15 percent so far this year, thanks mainly to exports, according to Claude Sziernberg of UNITEX, a regional professional organization

representing 400 companies. Every year, more than 600 young people are trained by the ITECH engineering

school, technical high schools and Claude Bernard University. For research, there is the

Institut Textile de France and technical research centers CET1H and CTTN. Lyon trade shows include Lyon Mode City (lingerie and swimwear). Lyon Tex and Modissima (women's

T.egar. An.

and man

Pices a

Pursley

at: the

in beer's

Sausage.

Fressure

ne fauce.

icet and

2 vitally

- -: B≞aujolais

ine excellent

1. nrucher.

me. Language

Manual St. 1

ar Rhone

Here to shop: For

(T. C. Pistaches,

and covered

- Hell go

 \cdots , \cdots , \cdots , and ω

in the cours

Constant In-

. and

Comage

the Halles

. To Meschil

Table 1

- 1

To the incidence

100000

2000 2000

n m kycepc

Santa Santa

n natarê Natarê

145.3

\PITAL:

RTISING SECTION

International Herald Tribune World Stock Index ©, composed of 280 internationally investable stocks from 25 countries, compiled by Bloomberg Business News. Jan. 1, 1992 = 100. The Index tracks U.S. ciciter Values of stocks in: Tokyo, New York, London, and Argentine, Australie, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Denmark, Ficiend, France, Germany, Hong Kong, Italy, Bissico, Natherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Singapore, Spein, Sweden, Switzerland and Venezuels. For Tokyo, New York and London, the index is composed of the 20 top issues in terms of market capitalization, otherwise the ten top stocks are tracked.

Smoke, Not Fire, From Currencies Fed Does Not See Inherent Inflationary Pressures rate increases that the Fed stepped down as a Fed gover-Bloomberg Business News re-

By Keith Bradsher

WASHINGTON -- Top Federal Reserve officials found a mixed signal in last week's currency turmoil, which they believe has left their course unclear on inter-

est rates. When an American-led effort by 16 central banks on Friday failed to prop up the dollar against the Deutsche mark and yen, many analysis wondered if the Fed would be forced to raise interest rates as

the only way to stop the slide. The Fed officials say they do not see any inherent inflationary pressures stemming from the week's events that would require action on interest rates. They said the dollar was stable against many currencies and actually rose against those of two key trading partners, Canada and Mexico.

They say that the inflation rate in the United States is falling as economic growth becomes more subdued, but they worry that the drop against the mark and yen could be a warning that international investors have come to expect inflation in the United States.

A determination to stamp out such expectations which tend to become selffulfilling — was a prime reaof recovery.

+10%

undertook to keep the mar- nor this year, said he expected kets satisfied about the pace a vote to raise the discount rate by 50 basis points, or half In New York, the chief a percentage point, at next economist for Bear, Stearns & week's meeting of the Federal Co., Wayne Angell, who Open Market Committee,

Doing Better Closer to Home

While the dollar has fallen against the yen and the mark,

it has improved relative to the peso and the Canadian

important because the United States trades more with

dollar. This strength with Canada and Mexico is

its neighbors than with Japan and Germany.

Change in exchange rates this year. .

ported. ["I see it coming as a result

% of 1993

U.S. trade

MEXICO

(7.8%) · OF TRADE

CANADA

(20:2%) OF TRADS

GERMANY

DETENDE

of a weak domestic dollar," Mr. Angell said. "The Fed's main responsibility is to ensure that the 'store-of-value' function of the U.S. dollar in our market works well."]

Higher rates would make U.S. bonds more attractive.

Senior officials of the Federal Reserve do not like to discuss publicly their plans for changing interest rates and perceptions of currency rates. They have, however, let their analysis of the market be known privately.

Top Fed officials watch a broad, 10-currency index of the dollar's value showing the U.S. currency has fallen very little this year.

Even though the yen has been trading at record highs lately, the overall index is higher now than it was in 1987 and during much of the Bush administration.

A popular rule of thumb among monetary policy spe-cialists is that a drop of 10 percent in the trade-weighted value of the dollar produces an increase of one percentage point in the inflation rate, and some economists now say the effect is even smaller, despite

See FED, Page 10

Source Delestroom Degisterent of Commerce son for the series of interest-New Bristol-Myers HIV Drug Approved by FDA

TED MINE MAY MINE

NEW YORK - Bristol-Myers Squibb Co. has received approval from the U.S. Food and a new treatment for the human immunodeficiency virus, which causes AIDS.

treat the virus, which blocks the by Bristol-Myers Squibb. human immune system from Drug Administration to market working and leaves its victims

Stavudine is classified as a The new drug, Stavudine, nucleoside analog, as are the The wholesale cost of Zerit is clinical trials," said Stephen Carwill be marketed under the other three AIDS drugs — expected to be about \$323 a ter, vice president of clinical re-

mune deficiency syndrome.

to be approved by the FDA to Roche; and Videx, also made Bristol-Myers Squibb said

Stavudine would be prescribed open to the fatal acquired im- for AIDS patients who were getting no benefit from the other anti-viral medicines.

brand name Zerit and is expect- AZT, made by Burroughs Well- year for each patient, with a search at Bristol-Myers Squibb, ed to be widely available by come Co.; ddC, made by Roche retail markup of between 10 (AFX, Reuters, AP)

mid-July. It is the fourth drug Holding AG's Hoffmann La percent and 50 percent, a Bristol-Myers spokesman said. Bristol-Myers Squibb shares closed 50 cents lower Monday at \$53,75.

> The company's confidence in the new medicine is "based on our experience and five years of

> > (AFX, Reuters, AP)

Reed Elsevier Says Davis Quits **As Its Chairman**

LONDON — Peter Davis, co-chairman of the Anglo-Dutch publishing company Reed Else-vier PLC, has resigned in a dispute over management style that would have stripped him of some executive powers, the company said Monday.

Mr. Davis has been replaced by Ian Irvine, another executive at the company formed last year by the merger of Reed Interna-tional PLC of Britain and Elsevier NV of the Netherlands.

The management shakeup pushed the stock prices of both companies down. In London, shares finished at £7.37 (\$11), down from £7.51 on Friday. and in Amsterdam, the shares ended at 150.20 guilders (\$84), down from 152.

Mr. Davis's resignation followed several days of intense negotiations among board members that came to a head over the weekend, Mr. Irvine said.

Since merging 13 months ago, Reed, the leading publisher of consumer-oriented magazines in Britain and owner of the U.S.-based Cahners Publishing Co., and Elsevier, the world's leading publisher of English-language scientific information, have been run by a five-person committee headed by Mr. Davis and another cochairman, Pierre Vinken from Elsevier.

This month, the team began to apportion responsibility for running the company because the basic merger issues had been settled.

It had decided strategy and management development of the joint companies should be the responsibility of the cochairmen, while two other committee members would handle day-to-day operations.

But Mr. Davis, the company said, believed the proposed re-

effective role suited to his management style."
"Peter found that personally

not to his liking, so he said 'no thank you, not for me,' " Mr.

He said Mr. Davis's departure did not reflect underlying difficulties with the merger.

"I don't think we have any problems about what we've done and how it will work," he said. 'It just didn't fit Peter's style."

Mr. Irvine also said Reed Elsevier was considering putting in offers for two publishers up for sale in the United States: Mead Corp.'s Mead Data Central division and Ziff Communications. (AP, Reuters, Bloomberg)

Kemper Accepts Conseco Offer of \$3.25 Billion

LONG GROVE, Illinois -Kemper Corp. said Monday it had signed a definitive agreement valued at \$3.25 billion to merge with Conseco Inc., which outbid General Electric Co. for the insurance and financial services company.

Under the agreement, Kemper stockholders will receive \$67 in cash and Conseco stock for each of their shares. The merger value includes Kemper's long-term debt and preferred stock. The combined company would have more than \$85 billion of assets under management and revenue and premiums of \$4.2 billion.

The agreement includes an option for Kemper's board to cancel the merger if it gets a better offer.

On the New York Stock Exchange, Kemper shares closed allocation of responsibilities at \$61.125, down 25 cents from "did not enable him to play an Friday. (Bloomberg, AP) (Bloomberg, AP)

Thinking Ahead /Commentary

For more information about the Index, a booklet is available free of charge. Write to Trib Index, 181 Avenue Charles de Gaulle, 92521 Neufly Cedex, France.

Capital Goods

Stop This Trade Virus From Spreading

111,97 111,85 +0,11

122,52 123,51 -0.80

97.72 97.38 +0.35

119.89 121.46 -1.29

By Reginald Dale

Industrial Sectors

108.06 108.27 -0.19

116.11 115.61 +0.43

115.85 116.31 -0.40

Services 114.17 113.86 +0.27 Wiscellaneous

International Herald Tribune TASHINGTON —If it is not stopped quickly, a more vir-ulent strain of protectionism will soon start spreading through the world trading system. It will attack the exports of many countries, but it will do most damage to those of the

Paradoxically, the new virus is being introduced by none other than the Unit-ed States itself — and by an administration pledged to making export promotion one of its main policy planks.

Equally ironically, the guilty parties are two agencies led by close associates of President Bill Clinton — Commerce Secretary Ron Brown and Trade Repre-sentative Mickey Kantor — who are making a mockery of Mr. Clinton's famous plodge that America will "compete, not retreat" from world markets.

These supposedly trade-boosting de-partments — in reality botbeds of managed trade and protectionism — are now quietly trying to change the thrust of solemn American commitments made at the end of the Uruguay Round of world trade talks last December.

The main reason they are succeeding is that the case in question is packed with fine print and deals with a sector of trade law that makes most people's eyes glaze over - anti-dumping policy. It is nonetheless vitally important.

Anti-dumping cases are brought by industries claiming to have been unfairly

hurt by cheap imports in the hope of steel industry, which are lobbying hard to persuading authorities to levy stiff duties make the code even more protectionist. on the offending goods.

With the protective power of tariffs largely pecked away in successive trade negotiations since World War II, antidumping has become the favorite weapon of protectionists in Europe and the United States.

The problem is that the more you use anti-dumping penalties to raise the price

The guilty parties are two U.S. agencies that are led by close Clinton associates.

of imports to protect domestic producers, the more you burt consumers. You risk undermining your own exporters, who need to buy the cheapest available components and raw materials to com-

pete in the global market.
You also encourage other countries to
play the same game — which is exactly
what Washington is now doing.

The latest world trade pact, signed in Morocco in April, contains a new anti-dumping code that has to be put into American law. It has many flaws -some of them inserted at the last minute by American negotiators who consistently put the interests of domestic producers over those of exporters. But it is at least an

improvement on previous arrangements. Now even that compromise is under attack from forces marshaled by the U.S.

The steel producers and their friends want to make it even easier to get the government to impose anti-dumping du-ties and to ensure the duties are higher and longer-lasting, if not permanent.

The departments of Mr. Kantor and Mr. Brown are only too willing to comply. Draft legislation sent to Congress last week stretches the code's wording in a protectionist direction and includes several of the steel industry's demands. One well-known trade lawyer counts more than 20 violations of the Uruguay

Round agreement, some of them blatant. Unfortunately, there is no watchdog in Geneva to stop people welshing on their commitments. And many other countries will be only too delighted to follow in America's footsteps.

The grisly prospect is that America's trading partners will all adopt similar rules for use against America's and everyone else's exports. The United States is already the biggest target of other countries anti-dumping actions.

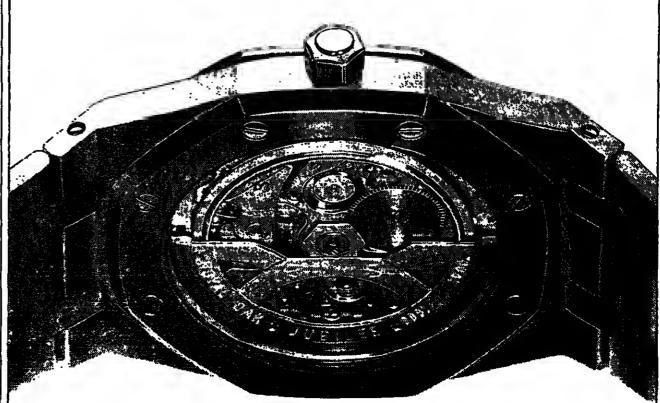
Time is running out. The administration wants to introduce formal legislation by July 15, after which, under socalled fast-track procedures, it can no longer be changed.

Free-traders among America's allies should blow the whistle on this underhand maneuver. And Mr. Clinton, who likes fine print, should get into the act quickly. If not, be might as well change his slogan to "retreat, not compete."

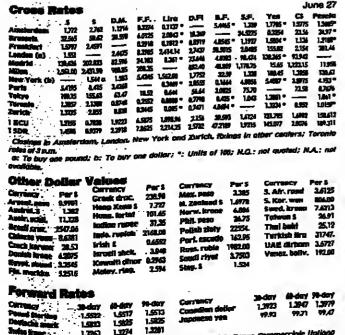
QUITE SIMPLY THE ROYAL OAK.

The muster watchmaker.

For information and catalogue, please write to: Audonia's Piguet & Cie S.A., 1548 Le Brassis, Switzerland, Tel. (1/21/845/6/51) Fax. (1/21/845/12/14



CURRENCY & INTEREST RATES



ECŲ 54-5% Key Money Rates United States 5 % 5 % 5 % 5 % 258 5% 5.00 5% 5% 5% 5% 520 540 540 540 540 540 736 14 200 2 % 2 % 425 1% 2.69 2 % 2 % 4.25

Zurich 790.15 387.25 — 3.06 London 970.25 387.25 — 0.05 New York 391.60 386.40 — 6.35 U.S. dollars per ounce. London official tis-

Dow Jones Averages

EUROPEAN FUTURES

MARKET DIARY

Stocks Take Heart From Strong Bonds

NEW YORK — A slide in rise, encouraging U.S.-based many commodity prices and a manufacturers to raise their stronger Treasury bond market own prices, fueling inflation. eased concern that the weak dollar would lead to inflation, the tone for the stock market. offering a lift to the stock market Monday.

U.S. Stocks

3,685.50, while gaining issues narrowly edged losing ones on the New York Stock Exchange. The price of the benchmark 30-year Treasury bond rose 21/32 point, to 85 23/32, taking the yield to 7.46 percent, down

from 7.52 percent Friday. The lower commodity prices and the dollar's stabilization spurred some sentiment in the after the company said that Eli might remain in check, giving ance to make and market Soma-the Federal Reserve Board togen's human hemoglobin breathing room before it is blood substitute. forced to raise interest rates.

But concern that the dollar could renew its slide soon limited the bond rally. A failing dollar makes dollar-dominated securities less attractive because their value depreciates along with the currency. A weak dollar also raises concern that

Technology issues again set

Compaq Computer jumped The Dow Jones industrial avereaffirmed the company's goal 214 to 3314 after an executive erage closed up 48.36 points at of becoming the world's higgest

supplier of personal computers. Oracle Systems was the most actively traded over-thecounter stock, gaining 13 to 38. still benefiting from strong earnings reported last week.

Borland International rose I 3/16 to 9 15/16 after it said it would release a new version of its dBase database software this Summer

Somatogen surged 24 to 912 bond market that inflation Lilly had agreed to form an allitogen's human hemoglobin

Lilly initially will invest \$20 million in Somatogen in ex-change for common stock. Lilly will build manufacturing facilities to produce Somatogen's Rhbl.l human hemoglohin, Eli Lilly rose 34 to 57%.

(Bloomherg, AP)

Dollar Climbs a Notch After Its Low in Tokyo

Compiled by Our Stuff From Dispatches NEW YORK - The dollar the Group of Seven summit closed with little change against meeting in Naples next month most major currencies Monday after falling to a postwar low of 99.46 yen in Tokyo trading. The rebound came as U.S. stocks and bonds rallied.

dollar has stabilized for good,

Foreign Exchange

trader at Shawmut Bank, Bos-

The dollar recovered slightly after falling fell to its low in Tokyo, finishing at 100,450 yen in New York, compared with

100,525 yen Friday. The U.S. currency closed at pared with 1.5840 DM on Fri-

A sense among traders that the dollar fell too far, too quickly last week beiped the U.S. currency rebound. Reports that the White House press secretary, Dee Dee Myers, bad said

the dollar would be discussed at

helped to accelerate the process. The dollar steadied without help from the central hanks Monday, traders said. Analysts said it would be pointless for "It's too early to say that the central hanks to buy dollars because the market would only drive the currency lower.

"I don't think they were in. but gains in the bond market the cuff. Brian O'Rourke. belped," said Lynn Tierney, a chief dealer with Sumitomo

Trust Bank, said. "We may get a blip up on a short-covering rally," he said, but he added that the market was probably already setting its sights on values of 95 yen and 1,50 DM to 1.52 DM.

"There is just no confidence 1.5830 Deutsche marks, com- in the Clinton administration by foreign investors," he said. The pound ended at \$1.5440, down from \$1.5525. The dollar slipped to 5.4245 French francs from 5.4285 and edged up to

1.3280 Swiss francs from 1.3265 francs. (Knight-Ridder, Bloomberg)



Standard & Poor's Indexes Matric Nan 512.00 571.00 541.00 544.00 550.00 551.00 560.00 561.00 metric ium 4145.00 4170.00 4150.00 4360.00 6760.00 6745.00 6445.00 6450.00 r metric ion 5350.00 5360.00 5460.00 5470.50 5440.00 5445.00 5541.00 5545.00 cial High Grade) NYSE Indexes 940.00 941.00 983.00 984.00 985.00 984.00 1007.00 1008.00 255 17 123 06 245 45 -1.09 303 77 279 25 321.60 -2.47 342 40 279 77 241.77 -1.07 201 67 128.71 201.42 -1.31 210 56 207 75 210.41 -1.55 Financial NASDAQ Indexes AMEX Stock Index MONTH EURODOLLARS (LIFFE) High Low Last Che. 424 22 425 425 425 42 -0.8 Low Jones Bond Averages Chies -0.26 -0.16 -0.29 75.05 44.55 44.56 71.61 NYSE Diary 1894 1894 574 7900 4 231, VOLUME: 1834/COPMI 2-MONTH PIBOR (MATIF) FF mHilden - pts of 100 pct 5ep 4429 443 Dac 4420 114 Mar 4154 9143 Jun 4154 9141 Sep 9136 9120 Dec 9116 9120 Mar 7100 9266 Am 720 9267 Feb wolume: 4554, Doen II 153 AMEX Diary 1388 るない。 LONG GILT (LIFFE) MASDAQ Diary DM 254.000 - PTS AT 100 PCS Sep 92.94 91.55 97.86 — 0.57 Orc 92.00 90.97 91.15 — 0.57 Est, volume: 1/7.571- Open Int.: 157.746. 1538 1574 1934 5032 26 139 1075 20 98 1917 5050 31 232 EST VORUME: 1/3/1- OPEN INC: 13/1/40 18-YEAR FRENCH GOV. BONDS (MATIF) FFSU0,006 - pts of 190 pc; Seo 11620 11626 11628 + 0.02 Dec 11512 11528 11538 + 0.02 Addr 11240 11240 11446 + 0.06 Jun M.T. N.T. Unct. N.T. Unct. Spot Commodities Industrials Aluminum, ib Coffee, Braz Joseff electri Iran FOB, Ion

Stock Indexes Low Close Chang FTSE 106 (LIFFE)
LSJ per invex petrs
Sep 2715.0 2860.0 2864.0 —
Dec N.T. N.T. 2573.0 —
Est volume: 1812.2 Open Int.; \$2.127.
CAC 48 (MAXTIF)
FF200 per linde a petrs
John 1973.00 1864.00 1971.00 +
John 1973.00 1864.00 1971.00 +
John 1973.00 1877.00 1974.00 +
Sep 1973.0 1877.00 1974.00 +
Sep 1973.0 1877.00 1974.00 +
N.T. N.T. 1973.00 +
Mar N.T. N.T. 1973.00 +
Est volume: 40,568.0 Open Int.; \$0,675. Sources; Motif. Associated Pres. Lendon Intl Financial Futures Exchang Intl Petroleum Exchange. Dividends IRREGULAR Lesmo PLC A b .425 b-coprox dellar am) per ADR. STOCK - 5% 7-18 8-3 5% 9-30 76-3 REVERSE STOCK SPLIT Yes&Pacif Resourc 1 for 20 reverse split STOCK SPLIT Coscode Sov Bk 5 for 4 split IHCREASED D .14 6-29 8-15 Q -20 7-29 8-1 INITIAL REGULAR Manar Care Inc Patriot Sel Div Peoples Bcp Aub Phoenix CA TXEXEN -anovol; p-payable in Canadian for nectaly; q-quinterly; s-semi-anoval

Certain offerings of securities, financial services or interests in real estate published in this newspaper are not authorized in certain jurisdictions in which the international Hexald Tribuse is distributed, including the United States of America, and do not constitute offerings of securities, services or interests in these jurisdictions, The loternational Nerald Tribute assumes no responsibility whatevever for any advertisements for offerings of my kind.

FED: Officials Don't Expect Roaring Inflation From Currency Turmoil

Continued from Page 9

economy. ing share of American trade with the Latin American and East Asian countries that formally or informally link their currencies to the dellar and with oil-producing countries that price their shipments in

During congressional testi-

the globalization of the world span, the chairman of the Fed-willing to discuss publicly, is eral Reserve, minimized the that the American economy is Economists point to the ris- effect of inflation from the replaying the events of 1978. globalization of the economy. As now, the U.S. economy "At this point, we have little then was growing faster than aggregate evidence that the in-those of other large industrial creased openness of the United countries. Imports soared, so States economy over the past several decades has substantially altered the process of domes-

tic price formation." he said. The worst-case scenario.

foreigners were taking in more dollars than they were spending for American goods.

The value of the dollar began to fall, a problem worsened by

mony last week, Alan Green- which no policymakers were an international skepticism about then-President Jimmy Carter's foreign policy - similar to the current skepticism about the diplomatic skills of President Bill Clinton.

> "We're close to that, and certainly the parallels will be drawn," said John Makin, an economist at the American Enterprise Institute, a research or-ganization in Washington.

U.S./SHORT COVER

Congress Set to Revise Telecom Law WASHINGTON (NYT) — The House of Representatives is

poised to pass on Tuesday the most sweeping changes in U.S. telecommunications law since the breakup of the Bell system 10 years ago.

Senators are drafting a similar bill that is almost certain to set. years ago. off a battle between local and long distance telephone companies. One measure would give the seven regional Baby Bell telephone companies greater freedom to provide long-distance service and make equipment. The other bill would force local telephone companies to open their networks, setting the stage for two or more telephone. more telephone companies in one city. Today's traditional telephone companies, in turn, could provide television programming.

Home Resales Bow to Higher Rates

WASHINGTON (AP) — Sales of previously owned U.S. homes dropped 0.7 percent in May, the first fall in three months as higher mortgage rates began to curb the market, a real-estate trade group said Monday.

Although sales rose in the East and South, they were flat in the Midnest and deceased 17.

Midwest and dropped 12 percent in the West.

The National Association of Realtors said sales nationally were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 4,090,000, down from 4,120,000 in April.

Harris Bank Takes Derivatives Loss

CHICAGO (AP) - Harris Trust & Savings Bank is absorbing-\$33 million in customer losses suffered because of investments in risky securities known as mortgage-backed derivatives, the bank

The bank, a subsidiary of Bankmont Financial Corp., bas suspended the head of its securities trading unit until an audit of

the department has been completed.

The value of the securities tumbled in first-quarter trading when interest rates began to rise, Alan G. McNally, Harris's chief executive officer, said.

Continental Insurance Plans Job Cuts

NEW YORK (Bloomberg) - Continental Corp., the holding company for Continental Insurance, said Monday it would trim 900 jobs from its work force of 11,575.

The announcement came two months after the \$5 billion property and casualty insurer eliminated 630 positions and said it was selling two operations.

Continental, which has been cutting back to improve profitability, also said it would reduce its property insurance exposure. especially in catastrophe-prone areas.

Carter-Wallace to Stop Selling Drug

NEW YORK (Bloomberg) — Carter-Wallace Inc., complying with a government order, said Monday it would stop selling the drug Organidin, which had generated most of the company's pretax earnings, amid reported concerns that the medicine causes

cancer and does not work.

Carter-Wallace's stock fell 75 cents to \$16.625 in New York Stock Exchange trading. The drug is designed to clear phlegm from the lungs of people with breathing disorders such as bronchi-

Carter-Wallace, which also makes Trojan condoms and Arrid deodorant, said it would take a material charge in its first quarter, which ends this month.

For the Record

Bain Capital Inc., a Boston-based investment firm, has bought the umbrella maker Totes Inc. for an undisclosed price. (AP).

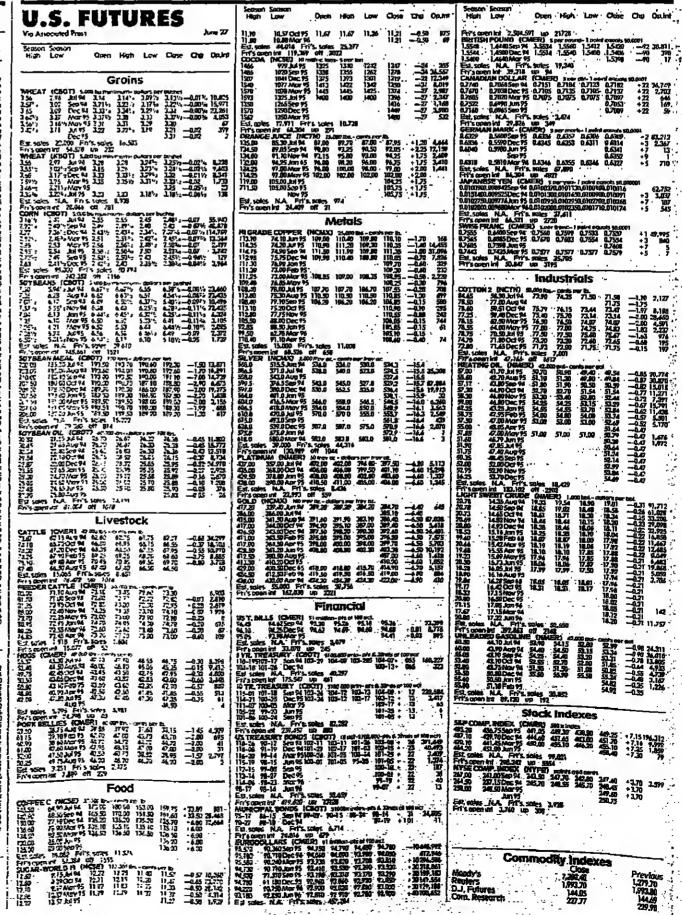
Weekend Box Office

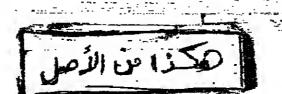
.... The Associated Press. - LOS ANGELES - "The Lion King" dominated the U. S. box office with a gross of \$42 million over the weekend: Following are

timated sales for Sature	iay and Sunday.
L "The Lion King"	(Walf Disney) \$42 million
2. "Speeg"	_ (Troughtoffs Confury Fox) \$17.5 pnfflor
1. "Wolf":	(Columbia) 512.3 million
4, "Wyort Earp"	(Worner Grothers) 57.4 million
5. "The Flimstones"	(Universal) Somilion
& "City Stickers II"	(Columbia) \$4.7 million
7. "Minverick"	(Worner Brothers) -535 million
8. "Getzing Even With Dad"	(Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer) \$3.2 million
9, "Renolssance Man"	(Tauchstone Pictures) 51.9 million
In "The Coulow Work"	(Utabiacant) et a selling

the Top 10 moneymakers, based on Friday ticket sales and

WORLD STOCK MARKETS Ashital Price 16V Annes 16 er en den de la company de la 51.00 12.00 14.00 14.00 14.00 14.00 15.00 16 edding ding general dang baga dang baga dang baga dang dang dang dang pangga dang South of Tower Bridges and Tower Bridges and Tower Coats On National Principal Coats On National Principal Coats On National Principal Coats On National Principal Coats On Tower Coats On To Our Readers Stock prices from Sao Paulo were not available Monday due to problems at the source. THE CHAIN OF THE CONTROL OF THE CONT ing interest street in the control of the control o





Mild Rallies Lift Shares in U.K. and France

LONDON - Share prices rallied Monday in London and Paris, but other European markets were unable to sustain early recoveries from last week's

ORT COVER

Telecom Law

Price of Representatives a succepting changes in US akum of the Bell system in

that is authorst certain to se

chart is almost certain to set tance telephone companies. School Baby Bell telephone companies of tong-chicance service and chicance local telephone chicance the stage for two or tong-chicance traditional telephone chicance chicance the stage for two or tong-chicance programming the telephone chicance chicance chicance the stage for the telephone chicance chica

Higher Rates

of previously owned Us the first (all in three months the market, a real-state)

South, they were flat in the

for we to the sales nationally were that $L_{ij}(\omega)$, $L_{ij}(\omega)$, $L_{ij}(\omega)$, $L_{ij}(\omega)$

rivatives Lose

: Savinga Bank is absorbing

of produces of investments in

anked derivatives, the bank

non: Financial Corp. la

The same of the sa

ed in first-quarter trading

e Plans Job Cuts

Corp., the holding

ic view in the S5 billion

positions and said

; mack to temprove profitabili-

the strance exposure

p Selling Drug

are and the creditine care

the the Sittle 25 to New York the contract of the contract o

100 mm = 120ms and Anig

The complete forms has been

in without the off

от, ченита РАлица

The second second

Dealers said the dollar's un-

Unilever Defends Omo and Persil

The Associated Press AMSTERDAM — Unilever Group went on the defensive Monday in the hattle over its new laundry detergent, releasing test results it said proved the

soap did not damage the clothes

Monday's announcement seemed sure to start the publicrelations punches flying again between Unilever and Procter & Gamble Co., which has charged that repeated washings with Unilever's detergent, especially at high temperatures. damaged fabrics.

So far, the detergent has been introduced only in Europe, sold as Omo Power in the Netherlands and Persil Power in Britain. Since Procter & Gamble made its charges, Unilever has changed the packaging to include the instruction that clothes should be washed at low

certain outlook was likely to keep investors wary. In London, the Financial fimes-Stock Exchange 100-

share index ended with a gain of 23.3 points, or 0.8 percent, in spite of weakness early in the

In Paris, the CAC-40 index initially also lost ground, but ended the day up 0.24 percent at 1.911.60 points. Dealers said the French market had been buoyed hy news that West German inflation had fallen in June, slipping below a 3 percent annual rate for the first time in more than three years and signaling a possibility of lower in-terest rates in Europe.

Other major markets were weaker, however, except for a slight gain in Vienna Stock-holm shares were off 2.5 percent, Brussels slumped 1.19 percent, and Amsterdam fell 1.14

The bond markets were mixed, with the yield on the benchmark 15-year British gov-ernment bond falling to 8.54 percent from a close on Friday at 8.65 percent. In Germany, however, the 10-year bond yield rose to 7.12 percent from 7.01 percent Friday, and the yield on the French 10-year bond rose to 7.95 percent from 7.85 percent. Traders said the market may

be going through a period when it will have to adjust to lower levels for the dollar.

(Bloomberg, AFP, Renters)

Rough Ride for Fokker **Shareholders May Face Tough Choice**

By Richard W. Stevenson New York Times Service LONDON - Fokker NV. the Dutch aircraft huilder, may have thought its future was assured last year when Deutsche Aerospace AG, a unit of Daimler-Benz AG, agreed to acquire a 51 percent

But Fokker, which makes small commercial jets and turhoprops, continues to struggle, and Deutsche Aero-space seems resigned to coming up with more money.

stake as part of a plan to inject \$500 million.

Deutsche Aerospace also is seeking cash from the Dutch government, which owns about 16 percent of Fokker and considers the company one of the nation's industrial

More important for shareholders, Deutsche Aerospace appears to be considering selling new shares through a rights issue, a prospect that would leave current holders with a choice of having their stake diluted or investing more in a company whose survival may be in jeopardy.

The extent of Fokker's problems emerged in March when the company reported a loss for 1993 of 460 million guilders (\$257 million).

The loss was in contrast to a profit of 20 million guilders in 1992 and included onetime charges totaling 365 million guilders to cover costs of offering discounted lease and laying off workers. Chris Avery, an analyst for

Paribas Capital Markets in London, said he was projecting a loss for 1994 of 195 million guilders, including 100 million guilders in special charges, and a narrower loss next year of 60 million guilders. The company could re-turn to profit in 1996, he said.

With demand from airlines having dried up in the last several years because of the worldwide recession, Fokker's output has dwindled steadily. This year it expects to cut production by a third, to 40 planes, and only half of those have customers.

To market its planes in the face of intense competition, Fokker has been leasing them to airlines at deep discounts. As part of its negotiations with the Dutch government, Deutsche Aerospace has pro-



leasing company, removing the leases from Fokker's balance sheet

Deutsche Aerospace also has been trying to hring other partners into the leasing com-pany, including key Fokker suppliers such as Rolls-Royce PLC, the engine maker, and Bombardier Inc., which makes the wings.

The German concern also is trying to address the vast overcapacity in the European aircraft industry. Its executives scoured Europe seeking partnerships and joint ventures with other manufacturers of regional jets, which carry 65 to 130 passengers on short routes, and of turboprops, which usually seat no more than 50.

The Dutch company's main product is its Fokker 100 regional jet, which will account for three-quarters of production this year.

Deutsche Aerospace has held talks with British Aerospace PLC among other companies, about cooperating in designing and building regional jets.

Ultimately, Deutsche Aerospace has made it clear that it would like to create a European consortium for regional jets and turboprops modeled on the Airbus consortium, which builds fullsize commercial jets.

So far, however, other European manufacturers have been cool to the idea

Italy to Pick **New Chief** For IRI

ROME - Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi's government will appoint a team this week to head the state-controlled industrial holding company IRI, giv-ing it the formidable task of cutting the group's losses and pressing ahead with its privatization program.

The new chairman and board of directors for Istituto per la Ricostruzione Industriale SpA, estimated to be Europe's sec-ond-largest industrial group in terms of annual sales, are expected to be announced at the company's annual general meeting Wednesday.
Officials at Italy's Treasury

have not yet commented on possible candidates. But Italian media reports have named Ennio Presutti, a former executive of International Business Machines Corp., as the favorite to replace Romano Prodi, who quit as IRI's chairman.

The new chairman's first task will be to press on with the sale of IRI's telecommunications group, STET SpA, which is expected to be sold off in the fall. Mr. Berlusconi's government is also eager for other IRI holdings such as the struggling state airline Alitalia to be sold off as soon as market conditions look

favorable, analysts say. The new hoard will face a difficult fight to stop the hemorrhage in IRI's halance sheet. Last year, IRI had a loss of 10.23 trillion lire (\$6 billion). compared with a loss of 4.4 trilhon lire in 1992.

Investor's Europe

Very briefly:

 Compagnie de Suez said it might increase its stake in Lyonnaise des Eaux Dumez SA to 18 percent or 20 percent from 12 percent. Unilever NV said it had agreed to acquire Cica SA of Argentina, a privately owned tomato-based products business with annual

• Thomson CSF agreed in principle to acquire the industrial systems unit of Ferranti International PLC. Ferranti has been in receivership, a form of bankruptcy, since General Electric PLC withdrew an offer to buy the company.

 West German consumer prices, according to provisional figures, rose 2.9 percent in the 12 months ended in June, down from a year-to-year rate of 3 percent in May.

• WPP PLC, a British advertising company, said sales had risen 3 percent in the first five months of 1994 from a year earlier, boosted by results in Britain, Asia and Latin America.

Spain Grants VW Loan

Agence France-Presse

MADRID - Spain's official institute of credit Monday said it would grant Volkswagen AG a \$227 million loan as an advance on a future government subsidy.

The agency's chairman, Miguel Muniz, said that Volkswagen, owner of the troubled automaker Sociedad Española de Automóviles de Tutismo SA, would pay a commercial rate of about 2,900 workers.

slightly more than 9 percent and that the cost would be about 6 hillion pesetas (\$45 million) over three years.

VW will be able to use the loan, payable in mid-July, to clear up SEAT's financial problems, Mr. Muñiz said.

VW has said SEAT might fail unless the Spanish government gives it 50 billion pesetas to help compensate

Tatra Shareholders Rebel Against High-Profile U.S. Managers

PRAGUE - Gerald Green- Rutherford.

wald, a former vice chairman at Chrysler Corp. who came here last year to help reverse the fortunes of a cash-strapped Czech truckmaker, is now fighting for his job.

Shareholders of Tatra, the oldest truck company in the Czech Republic, are to meet Tuesday and Wednesday to decide the future of Mr. Greenwald and his U.S. management

ecutives David Shelby and Jack still expresses optimism, but how like a consulting contract," Jar-ment conflict was beginning to than 200 trucks a month early

Czech shareholders and board members seem to have grown wary of the high-profile U.S. team and are concerned that the executives have not done enough to help turn Tatra

"I think people do not believe any more that Tatra will recovsaid Jarmila Maresova, a resident of Koprivnice, where team, which includes the former Tatra's all-terrain truck factory International Harvester Co. ex- is located. "The management

realistic it is, I do not know." Tatra, with a work force con-

in 1992. Mr. Greenwald, who helped

Czech executives.

"This is the real problem we month.

oslav Jirasek, a Tatra board member, said.

tinually shrinking from layoffs, posted a loss of 2.2 billion koru-team's commitment to Tatra Mr. Shelby defended the U.S. ny (\$77 million) last year, wid- and said the three executives ened from 650 million koruny would like to bonor their twoyear cootracts.

But the salaries of manageengineer Chrysler's turnaround ment also have drawn employee in the 1980s, now serves as the fire. Tatra has not disclosed the chairman of Tatra and heads salaries, and the executives have the company on a rotating basis said only that they were being with Mr. Shelby and Mr. Ruth- paid less than they could make erford. All three remain based in the United States. The Koin the United States — an ar- privnice newspaper, quoting rangement that has upset some anonymous sources, has report-

hurt business. "Some new contracts may

have been delayed until people get a better feel of what will happen," he said. "It's obviously created a great deal of uncertainty, which is not good for the

company, He defended Tatra as the country's only Czech truck maker with a product that is marketable worldwide. Some of Tatra's trucks, which mainly were marketed for use in Siberia until the former Soviet market collapsed, also were used by the internaed that each makes \$30,000 a tional allied force that fought

Iraq in the Gulf War.

this year, is expected to reach 400 in the second half of 1994, although the unresolved management dispute could threaten that, Mr. Shelby said.



NIWEF

から #

1.002

1.2%

275 38 138

INTERMARKET MULTICURRENCY FUND Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Siège Social: Luxembourg, 2, boulevard Royal R.C. Luxembourg B-40487 Messieurs les actionnaires sont priés d'assister à

L'ASSEMBLEE GENERALE ORDINAIRE

qui se tiendra le 8 juillet 1994 à 15.00 heures en l'hôtel de la Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 69, route d'Esch, Luxembourg pour délibérer sur le suivant: ORDRE DU JOUR

Rapports du Conseil d'Administration et du Réviseur d'Entreprises;

Approbation de l'état des acufs ness et de l'état des opérations au 31 mars 1993; affectation du résultat. Décharge à donner aux Administrateurs;

Nominations Statutaires;

Aucun quorum n'est requis pour les points à l'ordre du jour de l'assemblée générale annuelle et les décisinns seront prises à la majorité des actions présentes ou représentées à l'assemblée.

Pour être admis à l'assemblée, les propriétaires d'actions au porteur sont priés de déposer leurs actions cinq jours francs avant l'assemblée aux guichets de la Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg ou auprès de la Banque Arabe et Internationale d'Investissement, 12, Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris.

Le Conseil d'Administration

O RT DATA FROM \$10 A DAY O

Signal SOFTWARE GUIDE O

INTERMARKET FUND

Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable Siège Social: Luxembourg, 2, boulevard Royal R.C. Luxembourg B-8622

Messieurs les actionnaires sont priés d'assister à L'ASSEMBLEE GENERALE ORDINAIRE

qui se tiendra le 8 juillet 1994 à 12.00 heures en l'bôtel de la Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 69, route d'Esch, Luxembourg pour délibérer sur le suivant:

ORDRE DU JOUR

1) Rapports du Conseil d'Administration et du Réviseur

d'Entreprises; Approbation de l'état des actifs nets et de l'état des opérations

au 31 mars 1994; affectation du résultat; Décharge à donner aux Administrateurs; Nominations Statutaires;

Aucun quorum n'est requis pour les points à l'ordre du jour de l'assemblée générale annuelle et les décisions seront prises à la majorité des actions présentes ou représentées à l'assemblée.

Pour être admis à l'assemblée, les propriétaires d'actions au porteur sont priés de déposer leurs actions cinq jours francs avant l'assemblée aux guichets de la Banque Internationale à Luxembourg, 2, boulevard Royal, Luxembourg ou auprès de la Banque Arabe et Internationale d'Investissement, 12, Place Vendôme, 75001 Paris.

Le Conseil d'Administration

CURRENCY AND CAPITAL MARKET SERVICES



CURRENCY MANAGEMENT CORPORATION PLC 11 Old Jewry - London EC2R 8DU Tel.: 071-865 0800 Fax: 071-972 0970 FOREIGN EXCHANGE & GOLD

24 Hour London Dealing Desk Competitive Rates & Daily Fax Sheet Call for further information & brochure 130+ software applications

Call London: t 44+ (0) 71 231 3556 for your guide and Signal price list.

24 hours a day - only \$100 a month! LIVE FINANCIAL DATA DIRECT TO YOUR PC hyperCOM Fax +45 4587 8773 For more information



MARGINED FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRADING

Fast, Competitive Quotes 24 Hours Tel.: + 44 71 815 0400 Fax: + 44 71 329 3919

SWIFTCALL COMMUNICATIONS

LONDON - NEW YORK - LONDON PRIVATE VOICE CIRCUITS - £10K PER ANNUM Calls to USA - 20p per minute Japan/Hong Kong - 56p per minute

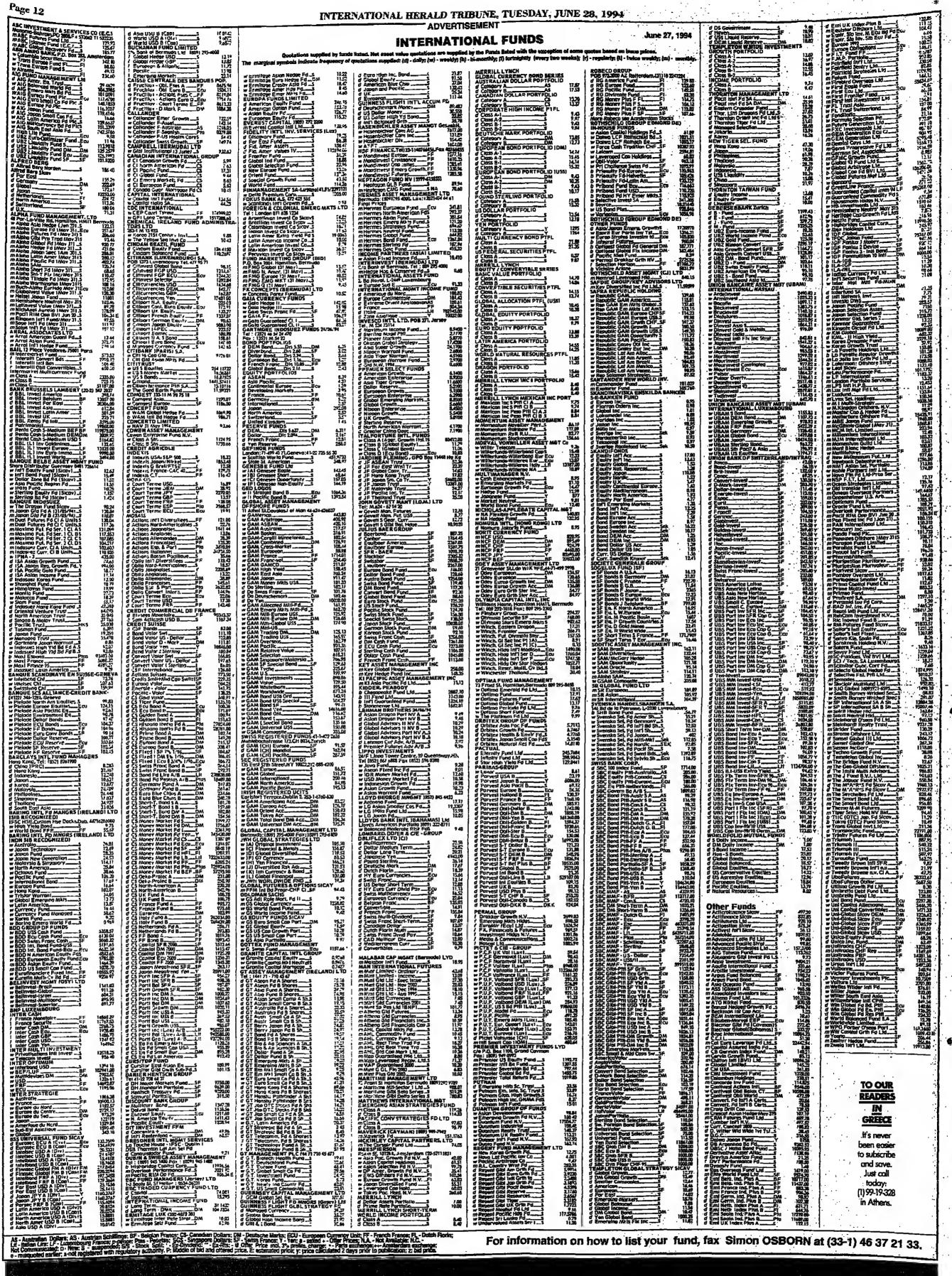
CALL: LONDON 071 488 2001, DUBLIN (01) 67 10 457



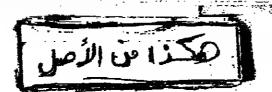


Please call for a **FREE** copy 280 Oser Avenue Hauppauge, NY 11788, USA of the market letter of your Tel.: 516-435-4800 Fax: 516-435-4897

For further details on bow to place your listing contact: PATRICK FALCONER in London Tel: (44) 71 836 48 02 - Fax: (44) 71 240 2254



From now on, AG shares will be known as Fortis AG, and AMEV shares will be known as Fortis AMEV.



THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSON

12 Moran High Low Stock

語言するは 不通 代表の言語では AMT にはられる 日本の 10 日本のでは 日本のでは Control of the second section of the second of the second

THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN PENDERLINE HE EN HENEN LE

TO THE PERSON SECTIONS OF THE PERSON OF THE

西 田 日間 まっぱんき

iches in 1111 et 12 februarie de de 12 et 2 februarie et 2 februar

The state of the s

A THE STANDARD OF THE STANDARD

THE STATE OF THE S

PARTY IN THE WIND HE WINDS IN THE WALLESS IN THE RESIDENCE WHEN IN THE PROPERTY IS NOT THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

House with the late which the source who is the first of the source which is the source of the sourc

THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY OF T

nerge er skrivet er besker ber bereiten bein bereiten bio

or of the state of the Santanting of the Santanting San

33-1) 46 37 21 34

derfor when wilder and the first the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of

A CALL THE COLUMN TO SERVICE THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE THE SERVIC

THE STATE OF THE S

AND THE PARTY OF T THE REAL PROPERTY. THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND

YIO PE 1005 High LowLotts Circu

S FEALTHS HOTEL HER S HERER HES SERVE LANGE COURS SHE WEST WENT TO WEST SERVE TO WASHINGTON TO WASHI

S PERSON SECTION SECTI

强 神经 .

A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

THE REST OF

Free Caracilla Garages 1

Smooth as silk is six flights a week direct from Amsterdam to Bangkok and on to more destinations in Asia than any other airline.

THE WAS ASSESSED WHAT THE WAS IN THE WAS THE W

The state of the s 2000年 The state of the s 金 AND THE REPORT OF THE PERSON OF THE PARTY OF

The Late Contest Wind (Contest Contest THE PERSON OF TH

THE PARTY WATER ALE OF THE PROPERTY

THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

A CALL TO THE STATE OF THE STAT

THE PARTY OF THE PROPERTY WHEN THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF

BEST MAN STATE STATE

河西西北部 江南北西州南北 西西西西

The second of the second in a first second form of the first of the second in the seco THE STATE OF THE S

Programme and the contraction of the programme and the contraction of the contraction of

THE PARTY OF THE P Thems the force were were your members of the transfer

THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY PARTY IN THE PARTY PARTY IN THE PARTY OF THE PA BELL OF PARTICULAR MACEN & MACEN & MACEN AND M 強いるが、別なる

THE PARTY OF THE P THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

京西 安 经接收 は 日本日本の 1 日本の 1 日本の

THE RESERVE

THE SHADE WITH THE PERSON WAS ASSESSED.

,32

.20

.60 1.05 52 .40

.07 .09 1 08

.22 e

77 | 9628 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975 | 1975

10 27

| 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919 | 1919

| 1815 Controller | 1815 Contr

20 24 - 24 - 34 - 4 - 7 - 7 - 14 - 14 - 2 - 7 - 14 - 2 -

46'-4' 29'v₂ 8'/4

1314 P. Conscor
1814 SA COLOCO
1814 SA CALCO
1814 SA

| Part |

GAILS
171/16P Find

- Ķ

+¼ +¼ -¾

This list compiled by the AP, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year

1.00 1.50 20 r 44 52 .02s

B AIM Sir A2 5.2 21
BNA AIM Sir A2 5.2 22
Control Sir AIM Sir A2 5.2 21
BNA AIM Sir A3 5.2 21
BNA AIM Sir A3 5.2 25
BNA AIM Sir A3 5.3 25
BNA AIM Sir A4 5

34 B& H AM
24 B& H AM
24 B& H O
14 BAT 5
04 BMF C
64 BMF

| 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 |

57. 3 (CN 8io 15
57. 3 (CN 8io 15
57. 3 (CN 8io 15
124. 774 (G)
124. 124 (dentix 15
125. 775 (moch) (a 12
125. 125 (moch) (a 12
125 (moch) (moch) (a 12
125 (moch) (moch | アンドル | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 | 1997 30mmのからからからないのでは、 10mmのでは、 1

A MA 2" A MC She a MAIP Program of the Main of the Mai ** (*** 15 mars) 13 mars 15 mars 15 mars 17 ma

14% 7% OOKstep
14% 7% OOKstep
14% 7% OOKstep
14% 7% OOKstep
15% 6% OOKstep
14% 9% OOKstep
13% 9% OOKstep
15% 9% OOKstep
15% 9% O

22 = 80 iii 10 ii 17 9 ii 10 ii 17 9 ii 10 ii 17 9 ii 10 ii

31/13 461/14/15 11

| 10th |

| *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | *** | **

72 Month
Hant Low Stock

16/4, 844 ThynCrd s
16/4, 844 ThynCrd s
16/4, 844 ThynCrd s
11/4, 74 ThynnPw
19/4, 74 ThynnPc
19/4, 74 ThynPc
19/4, 74 Th 20年前,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年,1985年 日本のでは、10mmので 234 17% WRIT 14% 8 Wilder 3% 19, Western 5% 2% Western 19, 5 Western 19, 5 Western 15% 12% Wilder 25% 20% Wilder 27% 20% Worthn 17 3% Xytron 19 16% Ziegler 92 45 20 141 - 27 212 - 27 212 - 37 212 - 48 20 141 - 50 48 20 141 - 6 48 20 14 44 - 70 12 16 44

.40 2.00 1.40 ii ii

.12 .10e .16 .28 1.96 40

114 CP4 POOD 115 POOD

7

.40 .12 .64

.60 .78 1.36 .12

.12

,04 ,04 .14 ,04

.32 .34

.54 ,40

4 % Liposmi
4 % Liposmi
4 % Liposmi
10 LodeEnt
20 % LodeWen 9
16 % LineSSIN
6 % LineSSIN
8 % Lotter %
8 % Lotter %
13 % Advis
7 ARECOM 5
20 % ARES M
17 ARECOM 5
11 % ARECOM 5
20 % ARES M
16 % ARES M
16 % ARECOM 7
20 M ROUTH 6
16 ARECOM 7
20 M ROUTH 7
11 % ARECOM 1
21 % ARECOM 1
21 % ARECOM 1
23 % ARECOM 1
24 % ARECOM 1
25 % ARECOM 1
26 % ARECOM 1
26 % ARECOM 1
27 % ARECOM 1
28 % ARECOM 1
28 % ARECOM 1
28 % ARECOM 1
28 % ARECOM 1
29 % ARECOM 1
29 % ARECOM 1
20 %

| 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 | 1.55 |

Alco Ngi Com

=

A MANAGEMENT

A Transport

Please

Alcai BNP CNP ELF A

1816 55% 81% 53% 13% 13% 47 13% 22% 22% 1216 1616 111% 18% 5% 6 4% 13% 0 11% 46% 12% 21% 22% 12% 118%

الاءالأصا

ASIA/PACIFIC

1,984.50 1,998.91 ...0.72

Executives Call on Politicians In Japan to Settle Disputes

TOKYO — Japanese busiless leaders, alarmed by the plans Mooday to move more of duction bases in Taiwan, China ness leaders, alarmed by the plans Mooday to move more of dollar's fall to oew lows against their production offshore. the yen, called oo the country's feuding politicians Monday to form a stable government as soon as possible to belp rescue the struggling ecocomy.

And the state of t

"The political parties must behave in a responsible fashion to end this situation," said Masaru Hayami, chairman of the Ispan Association of Corporate Executives, referring to the political disarray resulting from Prime Minister Tsutomu Hata's resignation Saturday.

Shoichiro Toyoda, chairman of Toyota Motor Corp. and of the Keidanren, Japan's lederation of economic organizations. said that a "definite external policy by the government" was needed to stop the yen from rising further.

Mr. Toyoda said he feared the yea's rise would oot only stir up insecurity in the Japanese business world" but would also "spill over into the global

A strong yen hurts Japan's export-oriented economy by making Japaoese products more expensive and less affordable to foreign buyers.

Amid growing fears that the yea's rise would undermine the fragile economic recovery now

BANGKOK - A criminal court found a

It was the first case prosecuted under securi-

The case sent shudders through the market

ties laws enacted in 1992 to control a market long

plagued by insider trading and domination by

and the government because one defendant, Song Watcharasriroj, was among the biggest and

best-known market speculators and reputedly

had links with many political figures. He is widely known as Sia Song, meaning No. 2 Boss.

change Commission said he and the 11 associates

made huge profits in 1992 by conspiring to force

up the price of Bangkok Bank of Commerce

He testified that he had bought the shares with

the goal of taking over the bank, oot to manipu-

The charges filed by the Securities and Ex-

Monday of stock-price manipulation.

syndicates.

late the price.

and Malaysia.

Meanwhile, a senior execu-

tive at Mitsubishi Electric

Corp., the country's third-larg-

est maker of electric machinery.

said that company was making

similar plans. He said that de-

cline of one yen in the dollar's value cost Mitsubishi about 2

billioo yen (\$20 million) in

Other businessmen called fur further cut in the Bank of

Japan's official discount rate,

which has been at a record low

of 1.75 percent since Septem-

ber, to ease upward pressure nn

the Japanese currency and in-

came amid the dullar's plunge oo Monday to close below 100

decline to 99.50 yen in Tokyo

gripped by the global ramifica-tions of its political and eco-comic problems. "I bope we are

not heading for the collapse of

the world economy, "said Tada-hiro Sekimoto, president of the electronics giant NEC Corp.

Meanwhile. Japan remained

triggered oew fears.

The verdict increased the coocern among for-

But some said the case and verdict might

prompt regulators to close loopholes and tighten

trading regulations as well as strengthen their

presentations in four other cases oow pending.

start of the year, but last year it rose 70 percent in

one of the best performances in Asia. News of

the acquittal had oo major effect oo the market

The judge ruled that there was insufficient

"You woo't be able to get the final verdict

until the Supreme Court makes a decision," said

the deputy prime minister, Ammuay Virawan,

who oversees economic affairs. "So this is too

proof that the suspects had acted together to

push up the bank's stock price.

early to make a comment."

The Thai stock market index bas slid since the

eign and local institutions about enforcement of

The latest developments

vigorate the ecocomy.

Canon Inc. announced plans in increase the use of foreign-made parts for camera production from 15 percent to 40 percent over the next three years to cope with the stronger yen and said its camera-making unit in

Dollar's Troubles Hit Asian Markets

Agence France-Presse TOKYO - Share prices

tumbled on Asiao markets Mooday in response to sharp falls on Wall Street last week and the dollar's continued weakness. yen in Tokyo for the first time

In Tokyo, the Nikkei Stock Average lost 2.2 percent of its since the early 1940s. Although value, or 465.79 points, to close the dollar fell briefly below that at 20,300.96 after the dollar symbolic level several times in closed at below 100 yen for the trading elsewhere last week, the first time in the postwar era, hitting a new low of 99.50 yea. In Sydney, the All Ordinaries Index fell 3 perceot, while in Hong Kong, the Hang Seng in-dex fell 233.52 points, or 2.6

percent, to 8,647.48. Almost all other Asian markets were down sharply Mon-

Thai Investor Found Innocent

major investor and 11 other people innocent That market regulations.

Electronics Firms In Japan Turning Efforts to Gadgets

TOKYO - The fog over Japan's long-suffering electronics industry is beginning to lift, with new optimism being reflected by an outpouriog of incovative gad-

gets — some useful, some a bit wacky. Sharp Corp. this month is iotroduciog a device to transmit recorded video images over telephooe lines, and a oumber of companies are introducing an array of products that highlight Japan's dominance in liquid crystal display technology.

Electronics manufacturers here hope such products will help boost a nascent industry recovery. Leading companies recently reported mixed performances for the year ended March 3f, but most have forecast increased profits for the current financial year.

"In general, the numbers were slightly better than the companies bad forecast." Chuck Goto, an analyst with S.G. Warburg Securities, said of last year's results. "As far as this year goes, there's a kind of cautious optimism at the moment."

Whether the optimism is borne out will depend oo whether the oew products generate excitement among consumers, analysts say.

Among the oew products are Sharp Corp.'s \$433 ViewCam TelePort, Unlike conventional videophones, which require the person or object being viewed to be in froot of the camera, Sharp's oew setup allows images already recorded on videotape to be transmitted over a phooe line in the form of still pictures.

Capitalizing on fear of earthquakes, Twinbird Industries Ltd. is selling a \$317 outdoor sports laotero equipped with a spotlight, fluorescent light, emergency siren, AM-FM radio and miniature color television.

gered by a newspaper article saying that at the time of the Tokachioki earthquake, it would have been good if peo-ple had had a radio, lantern and television all in one device," a company official said, referring to the 1993 quake that devastated a small island in corthern Japan. Initial sales of the device have

exceeded expectations. Tiny but high-quality liq-tid crystal displays are "a oew product that people are

Whether the optimism is borne out will depend on whether the new products excite

consumers.

finding different ways of using," Mr. Goto said, New products range from increasingly sophisticated video cameras with liquid crystal screens instead of viewlinders to frivolous gift items such as Casio Computer Co.'s \$150 "Can-Tele," a television with a one-inch (2.5centimeter) screen mounted m a beverage can.

Aside from oew products, another reason for the improved outlook for Japanese electronics firms, analysts say, is that many have cut costs significantly over the past several years and can achieve respectable profits even if sales remain flat.

Joichi Aoi, chairman of Tosbiba Corp., said the worst was over for the industry. "But because of price competition, the recovery of earnings is lagging behind,"

Ford to Put \$50 Million In China Parts Firms

BELJING — Ford Motor Co. said Monday it would invest \$50 million in joint ventures to make car parts in Shanghai, in response to China's new policy of encouraging foreign compa-nies to start making parts before they make cars.

Meaowbile, it was an-oounced that 20 of the world's largest carmakers would meet here in November to present plans for building a car tailored to the occds of China's 300 millioo families. Productioo is expected to start before the end of the century, a government official said.

"We want to cooperate with a foreign partner in the design process to develop a oew vehicle that Chinese people can af-ford," an official at the vehicle department of the Ministry of Machine Building said.

"This is a clever way to get the world's major producers to pay to give ideas to China," said Bernard Vernoux, a representative of the French automaker Renault SA. "They want a car retailing for under \$8,000 with air conditioning and an engine large enough to perform oo highways. It seems a bit of a dream."

Ford signed agreements with Shanghai Automotive Industry Corp.'s Yan Feng Divisioo to make plastic interior parts and with Shanghai Yao Hua Glassworks to make safety glass. Both Ford ventures are expected to start this year.

Ford also said it was interested in starting vehicle assembly in China as soon as possible and was negotiating electronic-parts, engine management systems and air-cooditioning ventures.

Last week, China unveiled a seven-year automobile-industry blueprint that banned oew-car assembly projects until 1996 and set a local-content requirement of at least 40 percent on cars made in China after that time. In addition, companies with parts vectures in China will get priority treatment after 1996 for their applications to set up assembly plants.

Hong Kong Hang Seng Nikkei 225 13050-----2500 22000 2400 120001-21000 11000 2308 2206 10000 19000-MA 2100 9000 -8000 J F M A M J 2000 3 FM AM 3 1700 Exchange Monday · Prev. Indiax Change 8,647.48 8,881.00 -2.68 Hong Kong Hang Seng Straits Times 2,208.71 2,245.82 Singapore Sydney All Ordinaries 1,957.40 2,017.90 -3.00 Tokyo Nikkel 225 20,300.96 20,766.75 -2.24 1,003.52 1,015.93 -1.18 Kesla Lumpur Composite 1.254.81 1.292.54 -2.92 Seoul Composite Stock 931.64 919.96 +1:20 Talpei Weighted Price 5.866.95 5,908.35 -0.62 Marvia 2,749,45 2,789.14 -1.42 Jakerte Stock Index 464.30 468.87 -0.96 New Zealand NZSE-40 1,961.30 ·· 2.038.77 -3.80

Very briefly:

Bombay ...

Sources: Reulers, AFP

Investor's Asia

• Nissan Motor Co. set up a subsidiary in Hong Kong to manage the distribution of vehicles and parts in China, Meanwhile, Marubeni Corp. plans to promote sales of Nissan cars io Vietnam. • Hong Kong appointed a three-member panel to study the way the government sells land, in the wake of the ability of a consortium of developers to push prices lower at a sale last month.

National Index

• PT Barito Pacific Timber's oet profit nearly quadrupled in 1993 to 310 billion rupiah (\$143 millioo) as strong plywood sales led to a 27 percent increase in overall sales.

 Petron Corp., the refining arm of Philippine National Oil Co., plans to price its initial public offering of 20 percent of the company next month at 9 pesos (34 cents), to raise 9 billion pesos. • Taiwan plans to ease restrictions on the number and location of foreign bank branches in a move aimed at joining the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade.

• Nissho Iwai Corp. will set up three cable television operations this year with an initial investment of 10 billion yen (\$10 millioo). • Japan's motor vehicle exports in May fell 17 percent from a year earlier, for their 14th consecutive moothly decline. AFP, AFX

Indonesia Cuts Import Duties

The Associated Press

JAKARTA - The government said Mooday it was lowerrange of goods to bolster ecooomic growth.

Duties oo passeoger cars and station wagoos were cut 25 per-cent, while those oo textile machines and parts were reduced

tural machines were cut by from 5 percent to 20 percent, while those oo palm and cocoing import barriers oo a wide out oils and basic pharmacentical materials were abolished.

"This is a follow-up to measures already taken to improve industrial efficiency and boost iovestmeot and economic by from 10 percent to 25 per-cent. Import duties 00 agricul-oomic official, said.

Annual Reports

ALCATEL ALSTHOM

Alcatel Alsthorn is an international producer of technologically advanced infrastructure equipment for the communications systems, energy and transport sec-



tors. The group ranks among the world leaders in all of its areas of acti-

With 196,500 employees. Alcatel Alsthom is active in over 100 countries around the world. In 1993, with sales of FF 156.3 billion, Alcatel Alsthom's net income amounted to FF 7 billion and placed it among the world's forty largest companies.



1993 results were in line with preliminary estimates and were affected by the depressed economic climate in Continental Europe and

Increased allocations to provisions were responsible for a decline in net income despite progress achieved by the Group in terms of both banking income which rose 4.9% to FFr.41,675 million and net opera-



ting income which advanced 8.5% to FFr. 12,457 million. Above all, 1993 was for BNP the year of privatization which was as much a technical as a popular success and put BNP on an equal tooting with its large international competitors. Consequently, BNP's goal is to ensure its development through a recovery of its profitability. To do so, BNP will be focusing its strategy on its two core businesses : retail banking in France and international banking for large corporate and



In 1993, Premium income: FRF 64.3 bn Net profit (Group Share): FRF 1.262 bn Assets managed: FRF 217 bn

CNP is France's leading personal insurer thanks to



its expertise constantly renewed by the drive toward innovation. Its market share reached 17% in 1993. CNP's statute has chan-

ged: it became a limited liability company in 1992. CNP's imminent listing on the Paris Stock Exchange and the strengthening of its capi-tal base will guarantee its coming developments.

Elf Aquitaine is one of the 10 largest oil & gas companies worldwide, and one of France's leading industrial groups in terms of sales and market capitalization. Since February 22, 1994, Elf is now a private enterprise, comprising over 800 companies, active around the world.

A major integrated oil company active from wellhead to gasoline pump, Eff carries out complementary ries out complementary



operations in basic and specialty chemicals, health, beauty products and bio-activities. Key consolidated figures 1993:

FF 209 675 Bn Operating FF 6418 Bn income:

FF 1 070 Bn Net income: Chairman and CEO:

Philippe Jaffré.



Lafarge Coppée is one of the World's foremost producers of building materials. For over 160 years our products have been improving the quality of life by enhancing safety, comfort and esthetic



safety, comfort and esthetic appeal. By focusing on customers and building on our expertise in industry and services, we bring all of our clientsnotably professionals in construction, civil engineering and related industries-products uniquely suited to their needs. We hold leading positions in each of our cora businesses: cement, concreted and aggre-gates, gypsum, calcium alumi-nates and formulated ready-to-use products. By expanding

our product line and moving arto high-growth markets, Lafarge Coppee is pursuing a strategy built on commitment to progress and long-term goals, as well as a concern for the well-being of society and the environment

LKAB

LKAB is one of the world's leading producers of highly upgraded iron orc products. More than 85 percent are



delivered to European steel mills, but LKAB also exports to more distant markets such as the Middle East and Southeast Asia.

Gross revenues in 1993 were MSEK 3,627 (3,737). Income after financial items improved by 52 percent to MSEK 608 (399), mainly due to greatly reduced costs, a slightly higher dollar and higher financial income. LKAB's ongoing capital

investments comprise the largest industrial investment project in Sweden at the present time and include a new main level and a new pelletizing plant in Kiruna 6



Lyonnaise des Eaux is an industrial group which is present in over 80 countries. Associating construction and services gives Lyonnaise des Eaux the capacity to contribute to long-term improvement of community life and the environment. Two main sectors of activity:





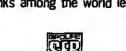
- Services: services to com-munities in the field of environment (water, waste management, energy technologies), services to society at large (cable and broadcast TV, health-care, mortuary services...) - Construction: buildings and

civil engineering, road-building, concessionary operations Itoll-roads and car parks), industrial activities, offshore works.





93,6 bn FFr. in 1993 revenues, a workforce of 120,000 employees.



With sales totalling FF 8,388 million in 1993, net-income of FF 331 million, and 10,000 employees, Groupe SEB ranks among the world leaders in the small household

CALOR. ROWENTA, SEB. TEFAL



Our products are sold in over 100 countries. On most markets, they are distributed principally under the brand names Rowenta and Tefal (or

equipment sector.

The SEB shares are quoted on the Paris Stock Exchange. An independent enterprise, Groupe SEB endeavours to ensure for its shareholders an attractive investment income and steady capital growth. 8

Please send me the following Annual Reports:

1 Alcatel Alsthom

3 ☐ CNP 4 DELF AQUITAINE

2 ☐ BNP

5 🗆 Lafarge Coppée 6 □ LKAB

7 □ Lyonnaise des Eaux 8 □ Group SEB

Name Job Title Company _____ Address

Mail or fax this coupon to: Annual Report Service International Herald Tribune 181 Avenue Charles de Gaulle 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Fax: (1) 46 37 52 12.

SPORTS

Sánchez Vicario Joins Wimbledon Upset Ranks

WIMBLEDON, England — The most mesmerizing Monday in tennis ended with Martina Navratilova still rolling along her merry way, with Andre Agassi rock and rolling right out of the tournament with a gaggle of screaming teenagers not far behind and with topseeded Pete Sampras steamrolling yet another mostly helpless

opponent.
They played 16 singles matches Monday in the fourth round for men and women on a lovely afternoon of blue skies and freshening breezes. When the final fuzzy ball had been put away, three American men -Sampras, Michael Chang and Todd Martin - and five American women — Navratilova, Lori McNeil, Zina Garrison-Jackson, Gigi Fernandez and Lindsay Davenport had ad-

vanced to the quarterfinals. Davenport's victory came against Gahriela Sabataini of Argentina, a 6-1, 6-3 destruction that was never especially close. Davenport, who only graduated from high school a week ago, advanced to her second Grand Slam quarterfinal of the year. She lost to Steffi Graf

in Australia in January. Another two of Wimhledon's more compelling first-week sto-ries continued, as well. Garri-son-Jackson and McNeil, childhood friends from Houston, both had significant victories after struggling. McNeil early, Garrison-Jackson late.

Garrison-Jackson eliminated the highest women's seed left in the tournament, No. 2 Aranxta Sanchez Vicario of Spain, the French Open champion, 7-5, 4-6, 6-3. Last week, McNeil had bumped off top-seeded Steffi Graf in the first round. On Monday, down a hreak and trailing 4-2 in the first, she rallied for a 7-6 (7-4), 7-6 (7-4) victory over lefthanded Floren-

cia Lahat of Argentina.

But Bryan Shelton, the native
Alabaman who had gone farther in this tournament than any black American man since Arthur Ashe in 1976, was eliminated by Christian Bergstrom

Monday Results

MENS SINGLES, FOURTH ROUND
Pety Samaros 11), U.S. def. Doniel Vacely
Czech Republic, 64, 6-1, 7-4 (7-5); Wowne Ferreira. South Africa, def. Janes Blorkman
Sweden, 6-3, 6-7 (2-71, 6-4, 6-3); Michael Chang
(101.U.S. def. Seral Bruguera (81, 5eain, 6-4, 7-4, 7-7), 6-9; Christian Bergstron, 5-seden, del
Bryon Shellon, U.S., 3-6, 6-3, 3-6, 6-3, 16-8; Todd
Martin (6), U.S.-def. Andre Agossi (12), U.S.-6
3, 7-5, 6-7 (0-71, 4-6, 6-1); Garon Ivanisevic 14),
Carolita, def. Alexander Volkov, Russia, 7-6 (7-3), 7-6 (6-4), 6-4, 6-2.

31. 7-6 (8-6), 4-4, 6-2 WOMEN'S SINGLES, FOURTH ROUND Gigl Fernandez, U.S. def, Yayuk Boseki, Indangsia, 64, 6-1; Larisa Nelland, Lafvio, def, Amanda Coetzer 114), South Africa, 1-a, 6-3, 6-4; Lori McNell, U.S., def, Fiorencia Labat, Argentina, 7-6 (7-4), 7-6 (7-4); Lindsdv Dovert, port 19), U.S., def, Gobriela Sabalini (10), Ar-gentina, 6-1, 6-3; Jana Navatno 13), Czech Re-cubile, def, Notok Sawanatow, Joon, 6-3, 6-3; peninkB-1,80; only deviced 137, 2000, 6.1.6.3; Martina Navratikova 141, U.S., det. Helana Su-kava 1171, Czech Republic, 6-1, 6-2; Canchillo Martinez (31, Soain, 4et. Kristine Radford, Australia, 3-6, 6-3, 6-4; Zing Garrison-Jockson (13), U.S., det. Aranixá Sanchez Vitario (2), soain, 7-8, 4-8, 4-1. three hours, 38 minutes.

Navratilova, playing in her 22d Wimbledon and almost certainly her last in singles, needed only 44 minutes to dispatch long-time fce Helena Sukova, who's mother once taught Navratilova in Czechoslovakia, 6-1, 6-2. Perhaps Navratilova was recalling Sukova knocking her out of last year's U.S. Open in the fourth round; this day her opponent was broken in her first service game and stood no chance almost from the moment they started playing.

"I don't think I've ever quite handled Helena like this before," Navratilova said. "It was

nice to have one so easy."

Sampras had much the same sort of breathe-easy day in a 6-4, 6-1, 7-6 (7-5) match that took only 1:29 to complete. Hitting 77 percent of his first serves in. with 18 aces, Sampras has now gone four matches without los-

Said Agassi: "He's clearly the best player in the world, playing a level above anyone else right now. Somebody is gonna have to play above their game to beat him, but it's certainly possible."

The one American the English crowds hated to see go was Agassi, all haggy shorts, scrag-gily beard, flowing ponytail and dangling earring. None of the above accouterments did him much good on Centre Court against Martin, who triumphed 6-3, 7-5, 6-7 (7-0), 4-6, 6-1.

When someone asked Martin if he felt like the man who just shot Bambi, he said, "In my eyes, there aren't too many similarities between Andre and

In Agassi's eyes, all he saw was an elevation of Martin's serve and volley game in the fifth set, not to mention some of the hardest ground strokes and longest stretches at the net to put away ootential passing shots ever seen at Wimhledon.

"Watch the fifth set again and count bow many outright winners he hit and watch his level of play." Agassi said. "The guy served incredible, hit incredible returns, hit incredible ground strokes. It's tough to play a guy like this on grass courts no cuestion."

courts, no question." West, assisting the coaching staff, marketing and public re-lations. Sale of part interest in "He serves big and has in-credible reach, and if the ball is anywhere near his wheelhouse. it's going to come back pretty hard. He doesn't move very well. But that's how he avoids movement, by dictating the

Martin was dictating playin stronger," the team's majority winning the first two sets and owner, Jerry Buss, said of Johnwent up a break early on Agas- son. si's first serve in the third set. But Agassi managed to return some of Martin's serves for winners and started to get some a dream come true." Johnson confidence and a huge boost said. "That fact that it is with

from the crowd. When Agassi clinched the with someone I respect as much

of Sweden in a grueling 3-6, 6-3, fourth set, the roar—punctuat-3-6, 6-3, 10-8 macth that lasted ed by squeals—from Centre Court could be heard all around the grounds, but Martin was fazed by none of it.

"It's nice to play a match once in awhile when the crowd is not on your side," said Martin, who won the Oueen's warm-up event on grass two weeks ago.

Navratilova, 37 and going for her 10th Wimbledon singles title, is getting excited about moving into a quarterfinal match against another Czech rival, Jana Novotna, who also vould dearly love to get hack in the final. Novotna knocked Navratilova out of the semis here last year and will forever be remembered for crying on the shoulder of the Dutchess of Kent after losing in the final to

"I've stopped thinking it's my last Wimbledon," Navratilova said. "I am absolutely in the now. I want the next maich. That's all I'm thinking about."

In Tuesday's other three quarters, McNeil will olay Larisa Neiland of Ukraine: Conchita Martinez of Spain. now the highest-seed left at No. 3, will play Davenport and Gigi Fernandez will play Garri-

INGLEWOOD. California

Magic Johnson realized his

longtime dream to own part of a

National Baskethall Associa-

tion team, purchasing a part in-terest in the Los Angeles Lak-ers, it was announced Monday.

Johnson will hold the title of

vice president and will work in

various management areas

where his expertise could be

beneficial to the Lakers," the

Those duites will include col-

lege and professional player

evaluation assistance to the

Lakers' general manager, Jerry

the team is subject to league approval, the Lakers said.

"His energy, enthusiasm and love of the Lakers cannot help

but make our organization

"Being an owner in profes-

sional sports has always been

my ultimate goal, so this is like

the Lakers, and in partnership

team announced.

Magic Johnson Buys

as Dr. Buss, makes it all the

"Also, this is a great day for African Americans," he added,

"as it demonstrates the ability

to accomplish what you set out

to do if you work hard enough

Johnson's stake in the team

was not disclosed, but prohably

would be less than 10 percent

the Los Angeles Times reported

■ Pippen Trade Offer Cited

cording to a report published

on Monday. Reuters reported

The Chicago Tribune quoted

an unnamed general manager

of another team as saying Pip-

pea was being shopped by the Bulls ahead of Wednesday's

NBA draft. The team, which

captured three straight NBA

championships before this year.

more special."

and have patience."

on Sunday.

AIDS virus.

iroin Cincago.

had no comment.

A Stake in Lakers



son-Jackson.

— LEONARD SHAPIRO Lindsay Davenport, putting power behind her shots Monday, defeated Gabriela Sabatini.

SIDELINES

U.S. Trade Body Investigates PGA

NEW YORK (AFP) — The Federal Trade Commission is investigating the PGA Tour for possible "unfair methods of

competition," according to a report published Monday.

Brandweek Magazine said the FTC was speaking with golfers, television network executives, PGA officials and tournament organizers in its investigation into the \$500 million circuit. The inquiry is aimed at nontour events that pay rights fees for PGA players and in turn sell television rights to their events. Those events include the Shark Shootout, backed by Greg Norman, the World Golf Championship, the U.S.-Japan Senior Golf Cup, and several Skins Game-style events and tournaments,

Most events are produced by independent groups that buy television time and sell advertising for a profit. The PGA is registered as a nonprofit entity.

North Korea to Quit Asian Games

TAIPEI (AP) - North Korea has decided to pull out of the Johnson led the Lakers to five NBA championships in the 1980s. He retired in 1992 after

Asian Games in Hiroshima, Japan, in October, a senior North Korean sports official said on Monday.

Chang Ung, secretary-general of the North Korean Olympic Committee, declined in a telephone interview to give a reason for not entering the games. It was not known whether the decision amounted to a boycott related to the international furor over he was diagnosed with the North Korea's nuclear program. Chang is in Taiwan for a meeting of officials of the East Asian Games, which are to be held in The All-Star forward Scottie Pyongyang in 1995. Pippen is being offered as trade hait by the Chicago Bulls, nc-

For the Record

David Frost held off Greg Norman for a one-stroke victory in the Greater Hartford Open on Sunday, in Cromwell, Connecticut. Frost shot a final-round 69 to set a 72-hole record at 12-under-par

Leo Gamez of Venezuela survived a seventh-round knockdown and fought to a draw against challenger Kart Chathandit of Thailand on Monday in Bangkok, retaining his WBA junior

flyweight crown. (AP)
Al Unser Jr. held off his Penske teammate Emerson Fittipaldi's late challenge to win his fourth IndyCar race of the year in the Portland 200 on Sunday.

Blacks Now Play A Stronger Role On the Tennis Stage

By Leonard Shapiro Washington Post Service
WIMBLEDON, England

The arrival of Lori McNeil. Zina Garrison-Jackson and Bryan Shelton in the fourth round of the world's most venerated tennis tournament made headlines all over the world last week. The route each took to get there may he even more remarkable considering their starting points.

Much has been made of the

Wimhledon upsets pulled off by Shelton and McNeil, a 30-year-old native of Houston who knocked off top-seeded and top-ranked Steffi Graf in the first round, the first time anyone had ever eliminated the defending champion that early in

The next day, Shelton, 28, from Huntsville, Alabama, who had to go through qualifying to play in this event, eliminated the 1991 champion and second seed Michael Stich of Germany -in straight sets, no less. Shelton continued with a victory over Karim Alami of Morocco and Jason Stoltenberg of Australia before falling Monday in the fourth round to Christian Bergstrom of Sweden in a hardfought five-set match.

Garrison-Jackson, also 30 and from the same Houston public parks program that spawned McNeil, has quietly made her way to the round of 16. She's been here and beyond before; in 1990 she became the first black-woman since Althea Gibson in 1957 and 1958 to reach the final

of a Grand Slam event. But never before have three black American players gone so deep into the draw at Wimbledon. While all three players have generally downplayed the significance of that accomplishment, many people back home are wondering whether their success might inspire other minority atheres. letes to take up a sport that has traditionally been out of their milieu, and their price range.

All three players said they had role models of their own. The late Arthur Ashe was on all their lists. So too were far more obscure heroes.

For Garrison-Jackson and McNeil, it was John Wilkerson, the Texas Southern tennis coach

sitting in the stands watching. she once told Tennis magazine. "John came up and asked me what I thought I was doing using up the athlete's air. Then he time as possible to helping miasked me if I wanted to come out and hit a few balls. So I did, and I went back every day."

nority youngsters learn the game. They give clinics, speak in schools, contribute equip-

Security pension. The family sold chicken dinners at the park to raise money for equipment. clothes and travel. When that wasn't enough, Wilkerson more than occasionally dipped into his pocket for Garrison-Jackson and others in his program.

McNeil recalled getting start-McNeil recalled getting started much the same way. Though her father, Charlie, had played for the San Diego Chargers, it was hardly an era of big salaries for professional athletes. McNeil, like Garrison-Jackson. also depended on Wilkerson for most of her tennis needs.

Shelton had it slightly easier. The son of a retired army technician, he was an all-around athlete who started playing tennis at 9. When he was 14, he caught the eye of Bill Tym, the one-time termis coach at the University of Tennessee-Chattanooga, who bought the Huntsville Athletic Club in 1979. Tym coached the youngster until Shelton went to Georgia Tech on full scholarship, earning a degree in indus-

trial engineering.
What is missing from these tales of young minority athletes struggling to make it in a sport generally dominated by players. rom far more affluent families? Early help from the U.S. Tennis

Association.
Only in the past six years has the organization made a con-certed effort to identify and support promising young mi-nority athletes in a program ini-tiated by Ashe in 1987. Chanda Rubin an 18-year-old from Louisiana is now on the women's circuit and is clearly a USTA minority success story. But there are still many people who believe the organization is

not doing enough.

In May, Sports Illustrated reported that the USTA spends less than one percent of its \$91 million annual budget — about \$500,000 a year — on minority programs in the United States.

Garrison-Jackson directs her own program in Houston, the Zina Garrison All Court Tennis Academy. It runs on an afterschool basis for most of the year, with a concentrated summer program for predominantly minority players.

Garrison-Jackson has almost

500 kids enrolled in a program who also ran a free program for that also emphasizes education; youngsters at MacGregory Park with 200 more on a waiting list in Houston, a public tennis facility not far from some of the run about \$250,000 a year, alinner city's toughest territory. most all raised from corporate and private donations. The most all raised from corporate when she started to play. "I was USTA, she said, has never ofer felt compelled to ask for it.

McNeil and Shelton say they devote as much of their free Garrison-Jackson's mother ment and solicit donations from. was retired and living on a Social their various sponsors.

DENNIS THE MENACE



*DO I HAVE TO CLEAN MY ROOM? COULDN'T I JUST TELL EVERYBODY THAT I'M REMODELING?"

LIENN BOBING

To our readers in Berlin You can now receive the IHT hand delivered to your home or office every morning on the day of publication. Just call us tall free at 0130 84 85 85

When the shot repair man was 15 to tarkly -THEIR "SOLE" SUPPORT

PEANUTS



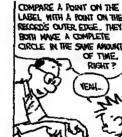
OF COURSE.

STAYING COOL FURING THE SUMMER IS ALL MENTAL DO WE HAVE

BEETLE BAILEY THE GENERAL QUICK! I WANT IS COMING! TAKE DOWN RIGHT NOW! THOSE PINUPS!

DOONESBURY MS CRUCUS MAY I ASK APPY INCU AND INCIR TEAM ARE SO LITE IN GESTIFIES TO JURI SEEGITION THIS





BUT THE POINT ON THE RECORD'S EDGE HAS TO MAKE A BIGGER CIRCLE IN THE SAME TIME, SO IT GOES PREJER. SEE, THO POINTS ON ONE DISK MOVE AT THE SPEEDS, OCEN TURNET THEY BRITE MAKE EVEN THOUGH THEY BOTH MAKE THE SAME REVOLUTIONS PER



WIZARD of ID





YOU SHOULD

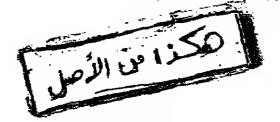


THE FAR SIDE



BLONDIE TO SEE YOUR





The family at the part

dipped into ped into
person-lackson
in the program.

Though exting start
and getting start
and played
Carrier had played
Deac Chargers, it
is of big salaries
contain athletes A = Carnson-Jackson Wilkerson for needs. lightly easier and an all-tround ath-

pleying terminal in Lawersity of 12-12-100ga, who Ten coached the the tion went to on full scholar and a depres in indusgrand and a the manage from these - - athletes The R to a sport - - :-: :- players piaves Lamilies!

Ente a con-Change mi-· · · · · · · · · · · d from 130 WORD that it is that a Secrets story The state of the people a notice is Type Lympiotic

2.4 72000 e o mient of 13 M TOTAL SEED - 2000 = 2000 **k**r And Andreas -- <u>-- 1</u> and the second ---and the state of t

BASEBALL e 🚅 ersteite

27

ارم توجیست در سازه بیا

والمعالم والمستركة والمستر

The Park

- ... : Est

BELGRAVIA **ORCHIDS**

> CALL 071 935 4533 OR 0860 494148

MADISONS MOON - MAIS - COLOGNI 1 Service - Credit Cords Accep

PEACHES

SPORTS

White Sox Edge Out Mariners

The Associated Press Even at 33, Chicago's Jose Deleon still gets nervous on the mound, especially with the game on the line.

So he was sweating heavily when he struck out Jay Buhner with the bases loaded to end the game Sunday as the White Sox

AL ROUNDUP

held on for their sixth straight victory, an 8-7 defeat of the Mariners in Seattle.

"Jay Buhner is a good hitter," DeLeon said after striking out the Mariners' cleanup hitter on a 2-2 forkball that Buhner took for a called strike. "I had to throw strikes. On that final pitch, I didn't want to go 3-2 with the bases loaded. Then I really would have been ner-

VOUS Tim Rames and Julio Franco hit RBI singles in the eighth inning for the White Sox, who trimmed Cleveland's lead in the AL Central to two games. They swept a four-game series in the Kingdome for the first time.

Trailing 8-6 in the ninth, the Mariners loaded the bases off rookie Dane Johnson on a single and two walks. Dennis Cook replaced Johnson and threw three straight balls to Ken Griffey Jr., who then fouled off two straight pitches before walking to force in a run.

DeLeon, Chicago's sixth pitcher, earned his first save



Umpire Rick Reed signaling Mike Hargrove's ejection as the Cleveland catcher Tony Pena restrained his manager.

save and suffered his third de- seven innings for the A's.

feat June 17 against California. Griffey, who leads the majors with 32 home runs, and Chicago's Frank Thomas, No. 2 with 28, failed to homer for the second straight game. Thomas had an RBI double in the first inning. Griffey was 2-for-3 with an RBI and Thomas was 1-for-3 with an RBL

Athletics 10, Tigers 5: Troy Bordick's two-run double high-

dez, who leads Chicago with three hits for Oakland. Ron loss. seven saves, blew his fourth Darling allowed six hits over

Angels 4, Rangers 3: Tim Salmon homered to lead off the eighth as California handed visiting Texas its 10th loss in 12 games. Salmon hit a 1-2 pitch from John Dettmer over the left-field fence for his 16th homer. Texas dropped to 33-40 in the American League West.

Blue Jays their eighth straight

Mussina pitched his third complete game to join New York's Jimmy Key as baseball's ERA to 2.67.

In earlier games, reported Monday in some editions of the Herald Tribune:

Twins 11, Royals 4: In Min-Mark Leiter pitched one inning neapolis, Kirby Puckett sur- a month as New York almost for the win after relieving start- passed Rod Carew as Minneso- hlew an eight-run lead. passed Rod Carew as Minneso-Neel's two-run single and Mike er Mark Langston, who struck ta's career-hits leader and drove out a season-high nine in seven in three runs for the Twins.

since 1986 with Pittsburgh. The game series with Detroit, have a five-hitter for his 11th victory in 12 seasons with Minnesota. White Sox are looking for a won 10 of their last 12. Terry and Brady Anderson homered closer since benching Roberto Steinbach went 3-for-4 with a twice as Baltimore handed the Hernandez on June 20. Hernan-homer and Ruben Sierra had Blue Jays their eighth straight ning, over the center-field fence.

Brewers 5, Red Sox 4: In Milwaukee, Dave Nilsson drove in three runs, including only 11-game winners. He the go-ahead score in the botstruck out six and walked one in tom of the eighth. His two-out lowering his league-leading single off reliever Chris Howard drove in B.J. Surhoff.

Yankees 12, Indians 11: In Cleveland, Jim Leyritz and Mike Stanley homered and Jim Abbott won for the first time in hlew an eight-run lead.

Cleveland trailed 12-4 before scoring seven runs in the eighth, lighted the the seven-ron first innings.

Orioles 7, Blue Jays 1: In him 2,088 in 11 seasons with the Toronto, Mike Mussina pitched Twins. Carew had 2,085 hits run shot by Albert Belle.

Giants Head for Nemesis L. A. After 8-1 Defeat of Rockies

played at Dodger Stadium, they ost the National League West

When they return to Los Angeles Monday night, they will have a chance to get back into

Bonds his two homers and drove in five runs Sunday as the Giants beat the Colorado Rockies, 8-1, in Denver. Rohby Thompson added three hits and scored three times in his first game back from the disabled list. The victory left the Giants,

expected by most experts to Monday night in Los Angeles. making him 25-for-55 lifetime They have not played at Dodger against Doug Drabek. Stadium since they lost, 12-1, on the final day of the 1993

"I was pushing to get back two imings for the LA series," Thompson 11 chances. said. "It really didn't matter what I did. I would have taken nati. Hal M an 0-for-4. It worked out that I got three hits."

division title.

Bonds hit a pair of two-run homers, connecting in the first and fifth against Greg Harris. Bonds, who has 19 home runs, also had an RBI single in the

"We won a game we had to," Bonds said. Thompson, playing for the

The Associated Press

The last time Barry Bonds right shoulder on May 8, hit the and the San Francisco Giants

first time since he injured his right shoulder on May 8, hit the first pitch he saw for a double off the center-field wall. He hit the next pitch he saw for a dou-ble off the top of the fence in right-center.

> John Burkett shut out the Rockies on five hits for eight

> > NL ROUNDUP

innings. Only three runners reached second base before Rod Beck relieved to start the ninth. Dodgers 5, Astros 4: Brett Butler hit a tiebreaking bomer with two outs in the seventh, in easily win the realigned NL Houston. Butler homered for West this season, in third place the second straight day and has and 6½ games behind Los An- five this season, his most since geles. The Giants, struggling at hitting six for San Francisco in 32-43, open a three-game set 1988. He also had two singles,

Drabek was foiled in his bid to become the National regular season, costing them a League's first 11-game winner chance to tie Atlanta for the this year. Kevin Gross got the victory and Todd Worrell went two innings for his sixth save in

> Reds 12, Padres 4: In Cincinnati, Hal Morris had four hits and Kevin Mitchell hit his 19th home run, and the Reds won their seventh in eight games.

Morris's RBI single put the Reds ahead, 5-4, and keyed a five-run sixth. Mitchell earlier matched his home run total from 1993, when he played only 93 games because of injuries.

Cardinals 3, Cubs 1: Rick injured groin.

Sutcliffe, who won the Cy Young Award for Chicago in 1984, won in his first game back at Wrigley Field in three sea-sons. Sutcliffe gave up one run on four hits in six innings. It was his first victory against Chicago since 1979, when he pitched for Los Angeles.

Rene Arocha, the fourth St. Louis pitcher, worked the ninth for his sixth save.

In earlier games, reported Monday in some editions of the Herald Tribune:

Phillies 9, Braves 8: Darren Daulton went 3-for-3 with a three-run homer and scored four times for Philadelphia. Ryan Klesko hit his second home run of the game and David Justice hit a two-run shot in the eighth inning for visiting Atlanta.

Doug Jones got the last out of eighth and pitched the ninth for his league-leading 19th save. He has pitched 20% scoreless in-

nings.
Pirates 7, Mets 3: Paul Wagner blanked New York before tiring in the ninth, and visiting Pittsburgh won its sixth in a row. Wagner took a four-hitter into the ninth, then gave up four hits and three runs.

Marins 6, Expos 1: Mark Gardner pitched 7% shutout innings against his former team and tied a club mark with 10 strikeouts as Florida won in Montreal. Gardner was activated from the disabled list before the game, having missed more than two weeks because of an

For 2 Sluggers, Joyful Pursuit of Maris

By Claire Smith New York Times Service

SEATTLE - Too bad Roger Maris didn't live in the life and times of Ken Griffey Jr. and Frank Thomas.

Thirty-three seasons ago, Maris's successful pursuit of Babe Ruth's legendary record of 60 home runs in a season was like a Greek tragedy, so fitful it was for the Yankee power hitter.

But now, Griffey, the Scattle Mariners' center fielder, and Thomas, the Chicago White Sox first baseman, are mounting their own spirited run at Maris's magical 61. And brother, are they having fun doing it.

Seattle, are both ahead of Maris's pace: Going into Sunday's game, Griffey has already hit 32 home runs and Thomas 28. Maris ended June 1961 with 27 home

runs. They are also leaps and bounds ahead of Maris in laughs, as was evident when the two joked behind the batting cage this past Friday night. "We didn't talk about baseball," Griffey would say later. "We did check each other's hair, though."

44 27 420 41 31 567 37 35 514 38 37 444 31 41 431

NATIONAL LEAGUE

SCOREBOARD

New York

Major League Standings

Griffey removed his baseball cap and ran his hand through his hair.
"Yours falling out?" Naw, yours?" "he

said, re-enacting the ultimate home-run litmus test, since legend has it that Maris's hair fell out in clumps during the traumatic

Other than that, Griffey said, the conversation had nothing to do with long balls We just talked about his daughter and

my son getting married," Griffey said of 5month-old Trey Griffey and 3-month-old Sloan Thomas. "Maybe we can monopo-

Somewhere; the Future Pitchers of

America just shuddered. Present-day pitchers aren't in much better shape. There's competition, friendly competition," Thomas said. "And it's more than

just me and Ken. It's all of us."

Rangers has 21, as does Andres Galarraga

of the Rockies. But most eyes are on Griffey, the man who has shattered Ruth's record for most home runs (30) hit through June.

"He's deflecting everything off of me, which is good," said Thomas, the American League's most valuable player in 1993. "I'm having the best year of my career so far. And I'm having fun just going out and doing what I'm doing

Whether he, Griffey and the other young sluggers get to keep doing what they're doing remains to be seen. The hoopla is huilding, they know. But, said Thomas, "I don't think it's going to get too own spirited run at Maris's magical 61. And nother, are they having fun doing it.

"I told him; go ahead, have fun," Thomas, "I don't think it's going to get too crazy because we all know there will be a athlete."

Griffey acknowledged that possibility, too, and, like Thomas, he does so without bitterness. "My dad went on strike in 1981 for 51 days," Griffey said of his father, Ken Sr., a former all-star outfielder with the Cincinnati Reds.

Griffey and Thomas are themselves being fiercely pursued. The Giants' Matt we go on strike, it will be for the guys who williams has 27 homers. Jeff Bagwell of the Astros, who hit 3 home runs Friday, has 23. The revitalized Jose Canseco of the

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

AGENCE CHAMPS ELYSEES

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Attention visitors



If you enjoy reading the IHT when you travel, why not Same-day delivery available

in key U.S. oties. Call (1) 800 882 2884 (in New York call 212 752 3890)

Herald Eribune

THE SUNDAY **NEW YORK TIMES** NOW AVAILABLE

> SUNDAY! For the first time eve SUBSCRIPTIONS

World Cup, Wisebledon, all Theatre Tel: 44 71 480 6183 Fax 71 223 3703

can now be delivered to your home a business. Call News Travets Fast, Inc an New York at 212-399-2118 of FAX: 212-245-2398 USA for information

Rushed to you by AIR FRANCE ALCOHOLICS ANONYMOUS English greating meetings doily. Tel. PARS specing meetings doily. Tel. PARS (I) 46 34 59 63, ROME 678 0320, HANKFURT 5974265.

(504or-254) with 21 runs, 11 doubles, one it iple. 25 RBIs, 26 walks, 69 strikeouts and 16 stolen bases in 27 otherwst. He has 119 putouts, two assists and eight errors in right lield.

TRANSACTIONS...

RASEBALL
American League
CLEVELAND—Recalled Jerry DiPoto,
Nitcher, from Charlotte, IL. Put Sieve Forr.
Nitcher, on 15-day disabled list.
N.Y. YANKEES—Put Pot Kelly, 2nd baseman, on 15-day disabled list, retroactive June
22. Recalled Dave Silvestri, indielder, from
Calumbrat, II. Newly renovated shop in heart of Paris. Come in & buy oil your partisms & gifs "Deby Free" or SAMNGS OF 40%. Two blocks from the "Opero", next to the American Express Bank. REE CET with this ad. Mon-Fri. 9-6.00 10 rose Auber, Paris 9, Matrie Opero. Columbus, IL. SEATTLE—Put Gree Hibb

REAL ESTATE

GREECE

MONTE CABLO

New project with studio to 5-room
opartments ovaliable. Paracranic view,
divisible office spoot, office spoot,
further details. Am Bodonsen - Stall,
9 and O'Stande - MC 99000 Monaco.

Tel: {33} 92 16 90 00

SWITZERLAND

Sale to fereigners authorized, our speciality since 1973 select PROPERIES & CHALETS in MONTENEY, VALLARS, LES DIABLERETS, GSTAAD, CRANS-MONTANA, VERSIER, etc., From Str. 200,000 to 3.5 min. REVAC S.A.

52, Monthylliant, CH-1211 Geneva Tel 4122-734 15 40. Fax 734 12 2 PARIS & SUBURBS

Tel: Paris (33-1) 46 33 65 59

specialists in furnished apartments, residential areas, 3 months and more. Tel: (1) 42 25 32 25 Fax (1) 45 63 37 09 AT HOME IN PARIS

PARIS PROMO opertweets to rent furnished or not cles & Property Monogement Services 5 Av Hocke 75008 Paris, Fax 1-456) 102 Tel: (1) 45 63 25 60

74 CHAMPS BYSES REAL ESTATE

FOR 1 WEEK OR MORE high closs studio, 2 or 3-room operations, FULLY EQUIPPED, IMMEDIATE RESERVATIONS Talk (1) 44 13 33 33 & Short Term Leases for (semi) fur-rished houses & flott. Tet + 31 20 625097. Fase + 31 20 6360975. Keizersgrochs 33, 1015 CD Amsterdom PARIS 14th, METRO PLAISANCE

Fundaded opostment, Renting for July August & September, 3 bedrooms clouble living, 5th Roor, plevetor, FIQ,000 per month charges included. Tel: (1) 45 48 80 40, morrangs. 15th, ECOLE MILITAIRE Large 4 rooms, F10,000 + charges. Tel: (1) 45 67 80 91.

TO RENT Hundipicted quality apartments, call stress, Paris and suburbs. CAPITALE PARTNERS Tel. (1) 46 14 82 11. Fox: (1) 47 72 30 %.

REAL ESTATE IN THE South of France FRENCH RIVIERA & MONACO

Friday, July 8

For more information, or to place an ad, call the IHT in Paris: Tel: (1) 46 37 93 85 Fax: (1) 46 37 93 70

TROCADERO, exaptional opertment, 7th floor, fully harnisted countried, double fromg, 2 bedsooms, 2 beds, learnes, sarry, view 5ffel tower, class, Ff16,000 net, Teh owner: 1–27 55.02.75.

CONVENTION, lovely 75 sq.m., modern, strany, 5th floor, living room, 2 bedrooms, 1 bedr, large licithen. F6,000, Teh 1–47 23 04 84.

CHAMPS ELYSIES/GEORGE V. lovely 5th floor, on garden, quiet, way sarry, 60 sq.m., living + bedroom, F5,200, 1–47 23 04 84.

LATEN CUMARTER champ/fight, 4 rooms. Site, LLIXEMBOURG, surmy little house, Fireplace, N F10,000, Tel (1) 45 79 58 83 7th, LLOURIOUS 2 large rooms, mor-ble both, high floor, bolcony, fully equipped FFF,500. Tel: 1-4567 4609. PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

Embassy Service 13,000, 149 23 V6 84.

LATIN QUARTER cham/light, 4 rooms parquet, fully equipped kirchen. Is August to May 17,800. Tel 1.4633 9936 16th. VIEW CRI SERNE free pow, short term, apartment living + 2 bedrooms, F14,000 snorth. Owner 1-43 54 88 30 YOUR REAL ESTATE AGENT IN PARIS Tel: (1) 47.20.30.05 STOP FEDURE ABOUT A ROOF. Large choice, top value. Larger form. ATP Tel 1-4026/0190. Fax 1-4026/5094

16th, NORTH, 220 sq.m. opertment, surny, interesting price, justified key money, Tel. (1) 45 27 34 61 PANTHEON, EXCEPTIONAL, 2 rooms 76 sq.m., gurden, fully equipped, coo F8,500, Tet. (1) 46 33 74 72. **EMPLOYMENT** SECRETARIAL POSTTIONS AVAILABLE

ENGLISH MOTHER tangue societories argently seeded for tamporary and permanent positions. Coll Sophie, GR Inform. Paris; (1) 42 61 82 11 EDUCATIONAL POSITIONS AVAILABLE CHALIFED TEACHERS OF ENGLISH with driving Science required. Free to start naw, let 1-42 64 76 24 Paris.

AUTO RENTALS MENT FROM DEROI AUTO WEICHD: FF 515 SPECIAL OFFER - 7 DAYS, FF 1000 PARIS TEL: (1) 45 87 27 04

LEGAL SERVICES

DIVORCE FAST. \$295.00. P.O. Box 8040, Anchese, CA 92802. Coll/Fox [714] 968-8695 U.SA.

LOW COST FLIGHTS

WORLD AVIATION - SCHEDULED FLIGHTS, 1st, business, economy of lowest force, Tel IFT Pons (1) 47046751

EDUCATION

LANGUAGE IMMERSION in idylic rurol Woles, English, French, Sponish, Italian and Guntan, Business/Social, School sylidates consolidation, Golf, leants, riding etc. Fox 44 874 623460 Tel: 44 874 87212.

HOLIDAY RENTALS

FRENCH RIVIERA

YOUR OFFICE. YOUR ADDRESS. ON BRUSSELS MOST

 multilingual secretarial service
 telephone
 telex
 turn key company AND WHEN IN BRUSSES, OR BY BELGIUM:

AS WELL AS A PERSONALIZED
FINANCIAL SERVICE:

Currencies of a better rate
 costs available to credit cord holds
 currency transfers to all countries
 credits, financing and international
leasing

Your Office in Germany SERVICES S.A. 7 Rue Muzy, 1207 GBNEVA Tel 736 05 40, Tb: 413222, Fcs. 786 05 4 we can "at your service"

ST TROPEZ

Very high closs villa, right on the beach,

EXCEPTIONAL VIEW OVER SEA

7 beforems, large terrace,

7 beforems, large terrace,

7 beforems, large terrace,

18gh justified rent, MCNIN of AUGUST

Tel {1} 48 88 01 02 PARIS & SUBURBS 8th, ALMA MARCEAU near Man-tages & George V. Very elegant 3rd Boor, 150 st.as. lig fiving, dring, 23 bedrooms, bright, quiet. F12,000/mo. July-Aug-Sept. Teb. (1) 47 23 04 84.

WANTED

BIARRITZ og ST JEAN DE LUZ or very close surroundings
EBCING BEAUTIRIT. HOUSE WITH
WINNAMING POOL 8. TIENNS, 5/6
recents, very high close, for August.
Feet Puris (35-1) 40 74 07 28
(confidentiality casered)

International Herald Tribune ads work

Los Angeles Colorado Son Francisco Son Diego ESCORTS & GUIDES

LONDON PAIRS ESCORT AGENCY CREDIT CARDS ACCEPTED UK 071 589 5237

ELEGANCE Sour Serior London (71) 394 51-6

Sunday's Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE sos Cily 800 610 621—4 ? 1 solto 200 500 602—21 10 0 monte. Belindo (4), Brewer (6) and

Adoptomire. Belindo (4), Brewer (8) and Mayne; Erickson, Cosion (6), Stevens (9) and Wolback, Parks (8), W—Erickson, 7-5.

L.—Magnante, 2-3. HRs—Minnesoto, Goetti (10). Reborfer (3), Pucketi (12).
New York. 102 609 806—12 13 8
Citrelium 289 611 678—11 13 3
Abboth-Hitchcock (7), Gibsen (8), Wickman (8), Howe (7) and Straley: Abents. Disable (5). Abbott, Hitchcock (7), Gibson (8), Wickman (8), Howe (9) and Stonley: Morris, Plunk (5), Shuey (8), Mesa (8) and Pena, W—Abbott, 7-5. L-Morris, 4-5. Sv.—Howe (7). HRs.—New York, Levritz (12), Stanley (9). Cleveland,

York, Levritz (12), Stanley (9), Cleveland, Pena (1), Romirez (12), Selle (20). Bestlem 898 898 818—4 9 8 Milwaustane 388 186 812—5 6 8 Milwaustane 388 186 812—5 6 8 Rowland; Scanlan, Oreaco (8), Navarra (8), Fettera (9) and Surhoff; W—Navarra, 3-4. L.—Vanegmand, 9-1, 3v.—Fetters (7), HR—Akthwaustane Vauchn (17), Taxos 882 891 898—3 8 8 Caffornia 888 808 812—4 7 1 Derimer, Oliver (8), Hemics (8) and J.Rodri-Cofference 986 615—4 7 1
Dethmar, Otiver (B), Henice (B) and I.Rodriguez, Oritz (2); Langston, M.Leiter (B), Gruhe
(9) and Miyers, C.Torner (9), W.-M.Leiter, CB, Gruhe
(9) and Miyers, C.Torner (9), W.-M.Leiter, CB,
L.—Dethmar, 8-2 Nr.—Grohe (12), HRS.—Collfernici, Satraon (16), Texcus, Patmer 170),
Dehruti 189 189—5 9 1
Oeddand 789 189 282—18 18 1
Meora, Cadaret (1), S.Devis (5), Groom (7),
Gardiner (8) and Kreuter: Darline, Leiper
(8), Smithbery (B) and Steinbach, W.-Darllas, 5-9, L.-Moora, 7-7, HRs.—Ookland, Steinbach (9), Detroit, Fielder (17).

Is), Dn. Johnson (?), Cook (?), DeLeon (?) and LaYalilere: Converse, Risley (5), T.Davis (?), Ayala (8) and D.Wilson.W.—A.Fernander, 4-7.

ANGELS OF SWITZERLAND
Excut Service
Zurich, Bade, Berna, Isroeme,
Geneve, Lessenne, etc.
077/43 45 47 er 077/43 46 76

* VIOLET * Exect Service ZUBICH * PAIRS Grafit cards accepted For Zurich call (97 / 63 83 32 Other citys dial NTL +35 2-49 42 9

INTERNATIONAL ESCORTS

Service - Worldwide Tel: 212-765-7896 New York, USA Major Gradi Cards Accepted

ROTTERDAM WHITE'S

Escort Service Westzendek 94

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

LONDON BRAZILIAN Escort Service 071 724 5597/91 - credit conte

CHERSEA ESCORT SERVICE. 51 Beauchamp Place, London SW3. Tel: 071-584 6573

MATEURGUAL ESCORT SERVICE CENTRAL LONDON & HEATHROW Messe Col 071 730 0405.

MILAN - JULIA ESCORT & GUIDE SERVICE 865437 OR 0330 234372

MORRISON CLUB - VENNA ESCORT Service. 5., Recite Wierzelle 20. 0222/56 06 84.

ZUBSCH / REINN / BASEI, Excert Service Tel: 077/98 06 60, 077/98 06 70

TO OUR READERS IN VIENNA AND IN SALZBURG

You can receive the 1HT hand delivered

to your home or office on the day of publication.

Just call toll-free: 0660-8155

or fax: 06069-175413

GRNEVA*PARIS Women Excert Service 321 99 61

(9), Dw.Smith (6). . NATIONAL LEAGUE

L—T.Dovis, 0-2, Sv—DeLeon (1), HR—Scul-tie, KLANitchell (5]. Bottimore 602 916 913—7 7 1 Torquis 601 600 600—1 5 3 Attacles and bolles, Stattlemann, Cartille L—T.Dovis, 9-2, 59—DeLeon (1). HR—Scat-tie, KLAMichell (5).
Botifitnere 912 916 913—7 7 1
Torosto 911 999 990—1 5 3
Mussina and Holtes: Stafflemyre, Costific (9) and Bordera, W—Mussina, 11-4. L—Staffle-myre, 5-5, HRS—Bottfmore, By.Anderson 2

St. Loois 808 806 709—3 4 0 Chicago 808 808 709—3 4 0 Chicago 808 801 809—3 4 0 Chicago 808 801 809—3 4 2 Softcliffe, Murphy (7), Perez (7), Arocina (9) and McGriff; Trochael, Bullinger (7), Orto (7). Bautisto (9) and Wilkins, Parent (8). W—Surcliffe, 43. L—Trachael, 45. Sv—Arocha (4). HR—St. Louis, Alicae (3). HR—St. Louis. Allicet (3).

Las Angeles 90 818 189—5 9 0

Roustee 988 391 689—4 6 9

Gross, Worrell (8) and Piczzu: Drobek, Edens (8), Hompton (8), Hudek (91 and Servals. W—Gross, 74.L—Drobet, 10-4.59—Worrell (6).

HR—Los Angeles, Buffer (5), Piczzu (17).

San Frencisce 311 829 811—8 12 0

Colorado 988 988 981—1 4 1

Burkett, Beck (91 and Monworline): Harrist.

Moore (6), Blater (9) and Girardi. W—Burkett.

GENEVA * BOYAL * PARIS* * ESCORT SERVICE & TRAVEL * Tel: 022 / 797 40 00

Escort Service
Tel: 02/343.19.18

AMSTERDAM BUTTERFLY Escort
Service. Tel: 020/64/715/0
Credit Cards Accepted.

Credit Cardis Accepted.

GR N E V A - P A R I 5

BEOM OPEN A B A R I 5

BEOM OPEN A B A R I 5

BEOM OPEN A B A R I 5

COMMITTAL ESCORE SERVICE
LONDON

THEASE PHONE 607 122 3314

TROPICAL * ESCORE * AGENCY*
LONDON A H E A T H R O V

THE 607 627 8595 - CREDIT CARDS

AND IN LIN LE H * WR L C O AR

ESCORT & GUEE AGENCY.

PLEASE CALL 669 - 91 23 14.

54. L.—Harris, 3-8. HRs—San Francisco 5-6. L.—Harris, 3-8. HRS—San Francisco. Bonds 2 (19). San Lilege 808 318 809—4 8 1 Clacianati 903 915 120—12 19 2 Toylor, Mauser (5), Tabaka (6), Elliott Iel. Saper (7). Heffman (8) and Austrus: Reser. McElroy (7). Carrasco (9) and Toubersee. W—Roser, 4-8. L.—Toboka, 1-1. HR—Cincinnati, MRchell (19).

The Michael Jordan Watch SUNDAYS GAME! Jordon was 0-for-4 with SUNDAY'S GAME: Jerden was 0-tor-4 with a RBJ in Birmingham's 4.3 loss to Memphis. He struck in the second and third innings. Jordan drave in a run when he reached on a fielder's choice in the starth. He thew out to right field in the eighth. Jordan had one putout

FEEING leav? — having problems? SOS HEP crisi-line in English. 3 p.m. 11 p.m. Tel: Poris [1] 47 23 80 80. ALL TROKETS AVAILABLE, worked to right field. SEASON TO DATE: Jerden is bottling .195

> **DUTY FREE SHOPS** FREDDY BASEBALL

Eric Anthony, autfielder, on 15-day disable list. Recalled Jim Converse, pitcher, and Bri

ZURICH * BERN * LUZERN NATHALIE Ercort Service Tel: 07 / 463 23 34 * LONDON * ESCORT * SERVICE * P A E | 5 - BRUSSELS
VIP Escort Service.
Int T 32 2 2801860 credit cond.

Tel: 39-2 407 78 72

** GENEVA ALLIANCE **
Excert Service and Travel, Multilingual
Tel: 022 / 311 07 24,

FRANKFURT & AIRPORT GRNEYA'BARBAEA

MADRID *** CHRISTIE Guide Service in Sport. Tel: 908-710351 or 34-08-710351 TENDATION OF SHORT STUBERS TO SHORT STUBERS TO SHORT STUBERS TO SHORT THE SENT + Travel-Service, Coll Vision of +43 I -310 63 19.

FRANCOURT KÖLN DÜSSELDORF oll oras, Excert Service.

069-473294 FRANKFURT

MONACO MILAN ARIANNA Escort & Troyel Service Tel: 0330 39250

LAKE GENEVA & MOUNTAIN RESORTS Escort Service. Tel: 022 / 311 21 76

PARIS 6th
Owner sets small character apartmen
3 rooms perfect condition, colm
bath, toleps, new equipped lachen.
Possible for professional use. Escort Service, mulaingud Tel. 069-632587. PARIS SOUTH OF FRANCE-LONDON VP ESCORT SERVICE REASE CALL LONDON 71 394 5121

164s, GEORGES MANDEL - UNIQUE 230 st.nt. top floor opertment, in magariscent townhouse. View Gifel Tower. FRI J. 500.00, SOLE ACENT, SERGE BONAMY Tel: 1-42 88 90 00

16th, PASSY, new (1990), high class, 4th floor, list, confort, 90 sq.m., 4 rooms, 2 boths, double parage. Tel: [1] 45 50 40 15 AVE MONTAIGNE foring Hotel Piczo, lovely 3-room flot, about 80 sq.m. Top building. Tel: [1] 47 20 56 08 toomings SPAIN

MARBELLA. ON PRESTIGICUS urbon-isation Los Monteros, 4-badroom house, completely renovated, furnished and finished to a very high standard. 2,000 sq.m. lond. Built area 330 sq.m. runtasis; sea views. £650,000. Tel/fox: 34-5-282,70.74.

TO RENT/SHARE HOLLAND

PARIS AREA FURNISHED MONTAIGNE, 95 sq.m. Perfect condition, refined oration, parling: F32,000 net.

FRANCOIS 1ER (Near).
Double studio, 45 squar, charm, color F10,000 net.
COREPT Set. (1) 45 89 92 52 or Face. (1) 45 65 44 13 5th, FRONT DE SEINE, near Effol Tower, 3-4 rooms, 62 sa.m. & purking. F7,500 + charges. Tek 1-45 62 52 22.

READERS ARE ADVISED that the international Herald Tribune cannot be held responsible for loss or neis responsible for loss or damages incurred as a re-sult of transactions stem-ming from advertisements which appear in our paper. It is therefore recommend-

nd that readers racke ap-ed that readers make ap-propriate inquiries before sending any money or en-tering into any binding BUSINESS **OPPORTUNITIES**

OFFSHORE COMPANIES 750 BEADY MADE COMPANIES
BANK INTRODUCTIONS
ACCOUNTING, LEGAL & ADMIN
LCT: AND TRADE DOCUMENTATION
TELEPHONE & MAIL FORWARDING

OCEA ASIA LIMITED 24-02 Bank of America Tower Horcourt Road, Hong Kong Tek: +852 5220172 Fax: +852 5211190 ATHENS: New Seyma, futury furnished condo ready to move m, US \$195,000. Somote near water (4 lob) architectural drawings ready, Ideal for villa, hotel or condos & stores, US \$250,000. USA 1et/fase; 1-203-867-40067. OFFSHORE COMPANI Free professional consultation Workshide incoparations Immediate availability Full confidential services

> ASTON CORPORATE TRUSTEES LTD 19, Peel Rood, Douglos, Ide of Mon Tel: 0624 626591 Fax 0624 625126 OFFSHORE BANK with Class A licerce, Full interchent or commercial bank powers. Tax fire ventue, limited from 15 \$25,000. London 44 71 734 \$157. Canada (604) \$42 6169.
>
> OFFSHORE COMPANIES: IPCE, 1/5 Charch Street, Douglas, life of Man. 164, 1624 629529 From 1628 469562.
>
> OFFSHORE COMPANIES. For free brochure or odnor Tel-London 44 81 741 1224 Fax: 44 81 748 6558
>
> WANTED: OFFSHORE BANK, Class A

(ANTED: OFFSHORE BANK, Class A licence, no casels recessory. Fox de-toils/price to: 351.1.2906163 BUSINESS SERVICES

> FROM £150 Various countries, Full services, INITERMATIONAL COMPANY SERVICES (UK) LIMITED Standbreck House, 2 - 5 Cld Bord Sneet, Landon WIX 318 Tel: + 44 71 493 4244 Tek: + 44 71 491 0605

OFFSHORE COMPANIES

104. VICTOR HUGO in townhouse, becautifut apartment, high collings, liv-ing, dining, 2 bedrooms, parting & mod's room possible. FF25,000 net. Tel: (1) 45 53 53 35 **BUSINESS MESSAGE CENTER**

> **SAVE ON** International **Phone Calls** Now you can call the U.S. and save as much as 65% compared to local phone compares or calling and plans. Call from home, office or hotels and avoid surcharge. Available in all countries.

Call now for rates and see how our can begin saving today. Lines open 24 hours. ‡kall**back**

Tel: 1/206-284-8600 Fax: 1/206-282-6666 417 Second Avenue Wes Secttle, WA 98119 USA

GENEVA

BUSINESS ADVISORY

Full Service is our Business International law and taxes
Mailbox, telephone, telex and telecopies services
Translation and secretorial services
Formation, demicliation and administration of Swiss and foreign Companies
Furnished offices and conference
rooms for doily or monthly rental
full confidence and discretion assure

CAPITAL AVAILABLE RINDS AVAILABLE ALL BUSINESS PROJECTS
LETTERS OF CREDIT
BANK GLURANTEES
OTHER ACCEPTABLE COLLATERAL

Broker's commission avaranteed Manious M. I.P.K.B. & Co RNANCIAL INSTITUTION Bremals - BELGAUM formation by fox 32-2534 02 77 or 32-2538 40 91 TELDI: 20277

CONFIRMABLE DRAFTS **BACKED BY CASH** lasted in Your Name Confirmed by Mojor Int'l Banks to Prove Availability of Funds Backed by Private Investors CAPITAL SUPPORT CORP. U.S. (714) 757-1070 Feet 757-1270 SERVICED OFFICES

PRESTIGIOUS AVENUE

a car on a daily or weekly basis a hotel at the heart of the business area • a portable international phone

A NEW DEPARTMENT BY Memierrs M.J.P.K.B. and Co. FRANCIAL INSTITUTION Brunnik - BELGRUM Fan: 32-2534 (2 77 & 32-2538 47 91 TELEX 2027

Complete office services at two Complete other services of two pursings orderseas.
 Fully equipped offices for short term or long term.
 Internationally trained office ond professional staff of year disposal.
 Can be legally used as your corporate densities for Germany/Europe. Europe. Your business operation can start

Lairco Besiness Services Godbil Larco-Hous on Hobbeusenpork Justinianstrasse 22, 60322 Fronkfurt om Main Germany. Tel: (69) 245530 Fax: (69) 595770

SPORTS :: Control of the second secon

In Maradona's Shadow, a Rising Talent

By Alex Yannis
New York Times Service

FOXBORO, Massachusetts -Claudio Caniggia is one of several stars in their prime on the national team of Argentina, but he and the others live in the shadow of the aging

Diego Armando Maradona.
On and off the field, Maradona grabs the headlines. Few paid attention to Caniggia even last month, when he completed a 13-month suspension hy FİFA after having tested positive for cocaine use.

Caniggia's ban by the world governing body of soccer ended May 8. He immediately went to work and has brought his play to the level he achieved in the 1990 World Cup, when he was the most dangerous striker for his country in leading Argentina to the final.

Caniggia showed his scoring prowess again in Argentina's 2-1 triumph over Nigeria on Saturday at Foxboro Stadium. He scored both goals for

Argentina despite being bothered by a severely hruised toe.

Argentines around the globe hope Caniggia will emulate Paolo Rossi, the diminutive Italian who came off a suspension in 1982 for allegedly fixing

games and then led Italy to its third World Cup triumph. "I'm Caniggia, I'm no Rossi," Can-

iggia said after a practice at Foxboro.
where Argentina played its first two
games of the World Cup. "I'm trying to get in shape to play the best I can." Wasting no time after the completion of his suspension, Caniggia played his first game May 9 and scored 2 goal in Roma's 3-1 victory over River Plate of Argentina in a four-team tourna-

ment in Buenos Aires.

Like most of the top Argentine players, Caniggia, 27, made his name playing abroad — in his case in the Italian League. His exceptional speed and scoring ability make him one of the world's elite forwards.

With his stringy blond hair flowing.

rock star than a soccer player. But put a soccer hall in front of him, and he turns into a deadly striker.

Againsi Nigeria, Caniggia's scoring skill was clearly displayed when he pounced on a rebound for his first goal and when he picked his spot from an acute angle on the left for his winner.

But Maradona got most of the cred-it, having started both plays that led to the goals. Maradona was also the center of attention in Argentina's 4-0 victory over Greece last Tuesday even though Gabriel Batistuta scored three goals to his one.

Maradona grahbed headlines last fall when he became heavy and seemed questionable for the World Cup. He was back in the news four months ago when he fired pellets from an air gun at reporters and was not allowed to enter Japan because of a drug conviction.

After the game against Greece, soc-

a cigarette hanging from his lips, the skinny Caniggia looks more like a dona played in his first game in the World Cup, how much weight he had lost, what earning he was wearing.

"Diego deserves all the headlines, all the attention," Caniggia said. "He is Maradona. He has the magic name."

Maradona gets the attention be-cause he still does things only he can do. He has been perhaps the most recognized figure in soccer for a decade and almost single-handedly led Argentina to its 1986 World Cup tri-

Every country that has won the World Cup has had at least one exceptional player. In Caniggia and Batistuta, Argentina has an outstanding pair of strikers to complement Maradona, who has lost a step.

"I have a feeling that great things await Argentina." Caniggia said after the victory over Nigeria. "Now, we are certain to move to the next round. This was Argentina's best game."



Claudio Caniggia on Maradona: "Diego deserves all the headlines, all the attention.

Mighty Brazilians Vow Not to Relax Against Sweden

PONTIAC, Michigan — The games but might be pushed up Brazilians have stormed into the second round of the World Cup, but they insist that there is no chance they will relax against Sweden in their final Group B match here on Tuesday.

"We're still only at the start of the tournament," said the assistant coach Mario Zagalo. "We will attack our opponents in the traditional Brazilian way, Ours is a team with a strong

"Other teams always make a bigger effort when they play against Brazil. They seem to have more motivation, They often change their entire style of play when they face us."

Coach Carlos Alberto Parreira sounded a more confident tone when he said Sweden was a more predictable side than Cameroon, which the Brazilians

The one doubt for Brazil is defender Ricardo Rocha, stowly recovering from a strained left thigh muscle, which kept him out of the last game. Parreira was to decide whether to play him after a training session on Monday.

The Swedes need a point to secure second place hut could the American public is a perilous and potentially thankless task, but Jürgen Klinsmann top striker, Martin Dahlin, who scored twice against Russia, is luesday's game is a chance

2-1 loss to Brazil in the opening round of the 1990 World Cup. "We have very good morale."

said Coach Tommy Svensson. "We've been down in several games and come back. The team is much better than the one in 1990. The players have the will to win.'

the 1990 game, adopted more of

front to partner Kennet Andersson or Henrik Larsson.

Last week, the Swedish midfielder Anders Limpar said no one would beat Brazil this year. Retorted Brolin, "I will show him he's wrong on Tuesday."

The only doubt for the Swedes is defender Jonas Bjorklund, still suffering from a groin strain. If he does not recover, Magnus Erlingmark is likely to

Past World Cup meetings be-tween the two sides have not be uneventful

Brazil beat Sweden, 5-2, in the 1958 World Cup final in Sweden, A 1-1 draw in 1970 is best remembered for the referce's decision to blow for fulltime just after Brazil had taken ted one second later.



U.S. fans making their wishes clear at the team's 1-0 loss to Romania; the American team still has a chance to advance.

'Keepers, It's Official: Yes, the Ball Is Faster

DALLAS - New material in the revolutionary new Que tra soccer ball makes it fly faster than other balls, giving goalkeepers less time to react, according to the manufacturer.

The ball, unveiled in December and being used in all 1994. World Cup matches, is also made up of more panels than most other balls, which exaggerates the amount of swerve in the air. Several goalkeepers have complained about the ball in

first-round Cup games.
"I would expect the goalkeepers to be a little dismayed, but the strikers to be a tot happier with this ball," said an Adidas.

spokesman, Tommy Kain. "The ball is going to move a little bit more quickly than some goalkeepers are used to and therefore give them less time to react," he added. "This ball behaves exactly like a ball at high altitude. So it will behave like those in the thin air in

the 1986 Mexico World Cup."

Adidas said the ball had more pace because of new high compression rapid response polyethelene foam.

"The energy return from the ball gives the player more

power in his shot," Kam said.

He credits the Questra for the stunning goal scored by the American Eric Wynalda in the U.S. team's opening 1-1 draw But Kain denied that there was any unusual late movement:

The last-minute swerve or action of the ball is no different than a normal ball," he said. "This is not a trick ball, it would be impossible to manufacture a ball that does something

Germany's Klinsmann as Traveling Salesman for the World's Game

By Christopher Clarey New York Times Service

CHICAGO — Selling the world's game to just about his profession.

suspended for the game. Swe-den could end up third if it loses better equipped to reach out and touch a homeless, who are increasingly numerous in den could end up third if it loses nation that prefers its own brand of foothall. Germany, if not in Monte Carlo, where and Cameroon thrashes Russia. For starters, Germany's top striker is politically correct and relatively unpretentious.

He also scores goals in bunches (handy for

for the Swedes to avenge their avoiding those 0-0 draws Americans like to er," said Klinsmann, 29. "For me, there are so ridicule), knows his way around California's many things to learn." scenic Route One and is boyishly handsome.

talk-show hosts help set the national agenda. soccer professional? Unlike many of his conhe speaks English a whote tot better than temporaries and competitors, he relishes the most Americans speak German. This means travel and the constant cultural adjustments. that unlike such soccer luminaries as Diego In fact, he actively seeks them out, taking Maradona. Lothar Matthäus and Roberto vacations to places like Namibia and Califor-Tomas Brolin, who scored in Baggio, Americans will actually get to hear nia instead of sitting on his frequent-flyer and connect with Klinsmann's voice, instead points and giving his long limbs a rest.

Sunday June 26

At Chicago

Greece 0 Thursday June 30 Al Foxboro, Mass.

At Dallas

Bulgaria, 2335 GMT GROUP E

ranced to second round

inesday June 29 At Orlando, Pla.

Al Washington s. Saudi Anabia, 1635 GMT

sherlands, 1635 GMT

of listening to an off-camera translator. And Klinsmann has plenty to say, and not

Among the lopics that interest the man who has scored both German goals in these World Cup finals are disarmament, the envi-Few of the world's soccer superstars are ronment, prison reform, racism and the Klinsmann has earned a good living with the leam AS Monaco for the last two seasons.

> "I love to change, to move and to discov-What better life could Klinsmann ask for

Perhaps most important in a land where than the peripatetic existence of a modern

The son of bakers, Klinsmann redefined term high-scoring at age 9 by knocking in pears the Italian club Sampdoria of Genoa is being an uncommon grace. His leaping ability the only team seriously interested in acquirant body control make him a major threat in the term high-scoring at age 9 by knocking in 16 goals for his youth team during a single game. At 17, he started his professional career with the Stuttgart Kickers

Three years later, he joined the city's top professional club. VfB Stuttgart and after leading them to the finals of the UEFA Cup in 1989, the young man who never finished high school decided it was high time to exia nis nonzons

Klinsmann chose the Italian club Inter Milan, where he teamed with his compatriot Rudi Völler. In 1992, he moved on 10 AS Monaco, and next season, if he has his druthers, he will be in Spain.

"Spanish is a language I would love to learn," said Klinsmann, who already has added French to his English and German. Although Klinsmann has been given per-

mission to sign elsewhere, not many clubs can afford the 20 million French franc transfer fee (about \$3.6 million) that Monaco is reI am not worried," said Klinsmann, one

of the few stars to eschew agents and negotiate his own contracts and transfers. "I have been a professional for 12 years. I don't have a wife or any children, and I am capable of packing my bags in a matter of minutes." as been loggi

ules with the German national team since 1988, when he led the German Bundesliga in scoring and knocked in his first international goal in a 1-0 victory over Switzerland in a

He has scored 23 times in 63 appearances, which might not be quite as impressive a ratio as Völler's 45 in 89 hut is enough to make him Coach Berti Vogts's unquestioned starter at center-forward.

On the field, the exuberant Klinsmann wears his heart on his steeves and is in perpet-

the air, which is how he scored the tying goal last Tuesday against Spain.
Though Klinsmann occasionally has been!

accused of underachieving during his club, career, he consistently has lifted his game on soccer's largest stage. During his first World, Cup, in 1990, he scored three times and ended missing fourth in the voting for world player of the year.

Though some Germans have expressed! concern that Vogts has been unable to find a complement for Klinsmann at striker (Andreas Möller moved up from midfield to start! for the struggling Karlheinz Riedle against

Spain), Klinsmann is guardedly optimistic.
"Our team is at least as good as it was four years ago," he said. "Our big advantage compared to other teams is that we have many players of great talent while our opponents have only one or two."

CALENDAR OF WORLD CUP GAMES, RESULTS, STANDINGS FIRST ROUND SECOND ROUND

aturday July 2

Game 37

Game 38

Sunday July 3

Game 39 At Dallas

Game 42

Tuesday July S

Group II winner vs. Group B, E or F third place

Group E winner vs. Group Il second place, 2035

QUARTERFINALS

Al Foxboro, Mass.

At Dallas

Sunday July 10 Game 47

At East Rutherlord, N.J.

Al Stanford, Calif.

SEMIFINALS

THIRD PLACE

Saturday July 12 Al Pasadena, Calif

CHAMPIONSHIP

Sunday July 17 At Passidena, Calif Inners, 1935 GMT

Ners, 1935 GMT

ter vs. Game 45 winner, 2005 GMT

Al Pasadena, Calif Intervs. Game 46 winner, 2335 GMT

er vs. Game 38 winner, 1605 GMT

Group C, D or E third place, 2035

er vs Group A, C or II third place.

All innes GMT uesday June 28 At Stanford, Cafil mercon, 2005 GMT

iay June 27

At Dallas

The Official Sprint World Cup **Information Line**

> Call +1+177+230+4348*

for daily updates on scores, players and game recaps



Calls will be billed standard IDD rates * In Italy, dial +1+21 t-230-4348

Match Results

SUNDAY'S RESULTS
Romania 1, United States 8
Scorer: Daniel Pelroscu (17th)
Referee: Mario Van Der Ende (Nother-

Yallow cords: United States — John Horker

Referee: Peter Mikkelsen (Denmark)

Yellow cards: Switzerland — Adrian Knue 40th), Georges Breav (186th); Cotombia — Jerman Govirla (40th), Carlos Valderrama

Goal Scorers

After moliches played Sunday Gobriel Ballsiula, Argentina; Martin

2 — Florin Raduciolu, Romania; Jürgen Killasmann, Germann; Jon Golkaentzea, Spaln: Gheorahe Hagi, Romania; Georaes Breav, Switzer land; Adolfo Volencia, Colombia: Luis Garcia, Mealco; Romario, Brazil; Fuod Amin, Saudi Arabia; Claudie Cantgelo, Arsenlina; Hristo Stalichkov, Bulgaria.

1 — Julio Salinos, Spaln; Hong Myuno-ba, South Karea; Seo Jung-wan, Sauth Karea; Eric Wynoldo, United States; Ray Houghten, Ireland; Marc Degryse, Belgium; Klefti Rekdal, Norway; Roper Llung, Sweden; David Embe, Cameroon; François Omam Alyik. dal, Norway: Roper Liung, Sweden; David Embe, Cameroon; Frunçois Omam álvik. Cameroon; Rol. Brazil: Wim Jonk. Netherlands; Gaston Toumeni, Netherlands; Diego Maradona, Arsentina: Rosheed Yekini, Niseria; Camanuel Amunike. Niseria; Sanizeriand; Adrian Knus. Switzeriand; Adrian Knus. Switzeriand; Ernle Stewart, United States; Dina Baggia, Italy; John Aldridge, Ireland; Bebeto, Brazil; Marcio Santos, Brozil; Olea Salenko, Russia: Tamos Bralin, Sweden; Sami Jober, Saudi Arabia; Philippe Albert, Behalum; Mohammed Chaouch, Morocco; Samson Slasia. Nigeria; Iorden Letchkov, Bulgaria; Doniel Barimirov, Bulgaria; Doniel Barimirov, Bulgaria; Doniel Peirescu, Romania; John Lorzon. Galandia: Networks. garia; Daniel Petrescu, Romania; John Lo zano. Colombia; Herman Gaviria, Colombia

> For investment information

Read the MONEY REPORT every Saturday in the IHT

Cameroon Goalkeeper Bell Quits Team PALO ALTO, California -

The goalkeeper Joseph-Antoine Bell has quit Cameroon's World Cup team because of a dispute with team officials. Bell said the officials had tried to force Coach Henri Michel to start someone else in

goal Friday against Brazil in a game that Cameroon lost, 3-0. Although Michel refused and Bell played, the 39-year-old goalkeeper said he had decided it would be better for the team if he quit because the officials' demands had not stopped. "I do not want to play any-

more," he said on Sunday. "There are too many people interfering who have nothing to do with the team. I decided these people might give the team some peace if I did not play anymore." Bell played his first international match for Cameroon in

1975 while with Union Douala, a team that he helped win the 1979 African Champions' Cup. His decision was the latest blow to the team that was the darling of the 1990 World Cup but is now beset by financial disputes and in danger of elimi-

nation after one tie and one

defeat in Group B. A victory against Russia on Tuesday would give Cameroon four points and an outside chance of sneaking ahead of Sweden into second place if the Swedes lose heavily to Brazil. But qualification as one of the best third-placed teams is more

Bell, who has already retired from club soccer in France, said he would retire from international soccer.

realistic for Cameroon.

"I will never play for Camer-oon again," he said.



Joseph Antoine-Bell with Sweden's keeper, Thomas Ravelli, after the teams' 2-2 openet.

The Landard &

there is no seen Mor see come. Bel allerential, gen Forme i not of St thropiace teams in he (at poor a wit AVD Salves

NOVER C. STOP Social Page G AGE D Buiga terries Greece. AGOUR SE Eithe of Section 1 Saudi

Or higher ting

Figy Tempera Read world Press From the Citrus to the become sowls, from World Cup has been the Al some Farticula China Total St. FI

California and the and the same transport of the hard series beyone and Farment (38) Melding games. The be in such he condition: dings; unbearable hetest saised somewha displaying the weeker blords for the control of the

Med while the Belg blog Fulled throng had shiged. in least from three co playing at the Ci the heat and hit da turned the W the cares reached

Fahrenheit (43 ce on the field Friday les could not keep of to the team from with Culf of Mexico, i

SPORTS WORLD CUP For U.S. Underdogs, Some Tough Lessons Learned at the Rose Bowl

By Ian Thomsen
International Herald Tribune
PASADENA, California — Their anticlimacue 1-O loss to Romania began with the Americans exhibiting a peculiar nonchalance. It was 46 unbearable degrees on the floor of the Rose Bowl (115 degrees Fahrenheit) Sunday and they had that silly bigtiming look to them, as if they were posturing, acting out the role of contender when they should instead

have been living it, going for it.

The answer is that they were nervous, of course, like high school boys in tuxedos. Everybody in America was watching (at least it seemed that way), they'd spent six years maturing toward this graduation day — then they smashed up the car.

But that's not the end of it. They'll be grounded for a few days, forced to sweat out the possibility that their immaturity will keep them from moving up to the second round and nobody to blame but themselves (tsk tsk). They'll learn their lesson. Then, more likely than not, they'll play Brazil in suburban San Francisco in a July 4 take-it-or-leave-it opportunity grander than any American soccer lover ever could have dreamed.

nes, all the attention."

s Official:

l Is Faster

the resolutionary new Que ananulacune anamulacture used in all 199 and of sweres a with the balls said an Adid

the cuickly the and them ke - c - Let. likeam you cut out ್ಲಿ ಇಲ್ಲೇ ಗೂಡುವಿಕ ಲೇಕನಾಟ್ಟ

केले क्राया में के प्रतास के के किया है। स्थापन के किया
The state of the s recal acodine ... al. that does starting

Game

Tool and long smith more grace. His legal

. To what so, sed ta (理)

.. T.L. in reconcerning

and the second . . . D. rate be mak

ng val ned traces with saids

- gir han hoer mahle tot

San Tarried W

and the same

A STATE OF THE STA

the second region of the second

its Team

An elaborate blend of results among the other five groups on Tuesday and Wednesday still could prevent the Americans from playing again: From the glory of last week's upset of Colombia, they would support in any sport, American football included. Other reminders followed quickly. The United become the first host oation ever to fall out in the There seemed to be thousands of American flags, and States bad been hoping to win Group A and convert first round. Even if they do advance for the first time the mention of the U.S. lineup brought louder cheers a large national TV audience to soccer. Instead, that -a second-round match against Germa-

ny on July 2 in Chicago is the other possibility — bloom of Wednesday's victory — and these introductions were made before they entered the field.

It is a result) while the loser gave into frustrations and whined about the refereeing. And then there came

the lamest of yellow cards.
Unwittingly, Harkes added to his team's hollow cockiness when a corner ricocheted out to him in the eighth minnte, on the edge of the box. He placed and fired it off the calf of a sliding Romanian, his shot slamming off the near post. The U.S.-record audience of 93,869 responded with chants of "U.S.A. U.S.A." — a chorus building since Wednesday's surprise 2-1 taking of Colombia. Later they realized

that Harkes's was the best chance they would see. Their newly beloved players appeared uptight as they marched into the Rose Bowl. Others might call it overconfidence, but when the game begins and the opponent is better, that cockiness hollows out and the effort grows hrittle.

"We thought we were going to go forward and beat this team, forgetting they're a better team than we are," said Tab Ramos, U.S. midfielder. "I don't think we remembered that we had to be humble. I didn't like the atmosphere. We are the underdogs all the way. We must remember that."

Yet their team pose was erect, arms crossed, businesslike — lacking the exuberance that seduced the crowd last week. The game began and they were playing with none of the exaggerated, almost clumsy energy that had blunted Colombia. Nooetheless, for nutes they controlled play in their new stoic way, and maybe they were good enough to play that way.

Then in the 17th minute, surreptitiously, the Romanians gathered around the U.S. box on a long ball from Gheorghe Hagi. They were entrancing, shifting from left to the center to the balf-circle, from which lie Dumitrescu succeeded in daring the U.S. goal-keeper, Tony Meola, from coming to his six-yard line.

Mesmerized, Paul Caligiuri - who was at risk all day - vacated the left side at Dumitrescu's beckoning. Now Dumitrescu's assisting pass had only to beat Harkes, who shouldn't have been the only defender back there. He looked up to see Dan Petrescu plunging his knife in between the near post and the backtracking Meola.

The mild roaring of a few thousand Romanians was the first reminder of all things Americans dislike No American soccer player has ever experienced about soccer - No. 1 being the fact that a large anything like the greeting they received Sunday. The oumber of tiny nations are stronger in the world's

than any of these players had ever heard until the full audience watched the leader protect its one goal

whined about the refereeing. And then there came Harkes's yellow card in the 40th minute, a direct result of the U.S. Soccer Federation's misunderstanding of the rules.

As Hagi was preparing a free kick, Harkes and midfielder Mike Sorber were forming a wall outside their box. The referee, Mario Van Der Ende of the Netherlands, charged Harkes with delay of game, awarding Harkes his second yellow card of the tournament (his first coming for a hard tackle in the 90th minnte of the opening match with Switzerland). Later Harkes argued that he had been wrongly punished for jumping in place and that the referee had been baited by Hagi.

But the fact remains that Harkes, coach Bora Milutinovic and the federation's executive director, Hank Steinbrecher, all admitted to believing that two yellow cards received in separate games would not be carried over into the second round.

According to a rule passed by FIFA in December, only single yellow cards are crased after the first round of the World Cup.

Had U.S. administrators understood that rule, they surely would have warned Harkes not to risk a second yellow card under any circumstances. It is a terrible lesson for this essentially neophyte organization to learn at the expense of its best player against the likes of Brazil or Germany.

More bickering followed immediately as U.S. de-fender Marcelo Balboa tried to calm Harkes, while Harkes told Balboa to get lost. The United States remained tenacious, forcing corner after corner, with Thomas Dooley barely wide trying to head the equalizer in the 77th minute and Ernie Stewart coming almost as close in the 44th and 83d minutes. Eventually Romania was celebrating its victory in the group — a surprise after its dreadful 4-1 loss to Switzerland indoors, in Pontiac, Michigan, on Wednesday - while the Swiss were finishing second in the group, having beaten the United States in the goal-differential tiebreaker.

"I understand that when a team loses, the ambience can be a very negative one." Milutinovic said. I just want to remind you that we went for four points, and now we have that. The order of finish may not be what we wanted, but now we have to wait and see what happens. I'm almost sure it will mean we play either in Chicago or San Francisco."

It's not such a bad way of looking at it. If the United States wants to make an impact, then this is the best way to make one - against the best team in the tournament. If the U.S. team had been in an easier group, drawing games and advancing without drama, how many new fans would it have converted then? Better for them to be vulnerable - not only in the eyes of their public, but probably in their own minds as well. They certainly didn't react well to their bit part as favorites on Sunday.







U.S. Prospects to Advance

PASADENA, California - The United States finished in

third place in Group A, with one victory, one tie and one loss (four points). It scored three goals and gave up three. The top two teams with the most points in each of the six groups advance to the second round, along with the four best third-place teams. Tiebreakers are determined by, in order:

goal differential, goals scored, head-to-head, lots. For the United States to not qualify for the second round, third-place teams in at least four other groups would need at least four points with better goal differentials. That means at least four of the following five scenarios would have to occur:

I) Group B: Cameroon beats Russia by at least three goals AND Sweden does not lose by more than one goal to Brazil. Group C: South Korea beats Germany by one goal and Germany scores at least two AND Spain beats Bolivia OR South Korea beats Germany by one goal and Germany scores at least two AND Bolivia beats Spain by at least two goals.

3) Group D: Bulgaria ties or beats Argentina AND Nigeria

ties or beats Greece. 4) Group E: Either Ireland-Norway or Italy-Mexico ends in a victory and the other game ends in a tie, with the tie game finishing 3-3 or higher; OR both games end 3-3 or higher. 5) Group F: Saudi Arabia beats Belgium or plays a 1-1 or higher tie AND the Netherlands beats Morocco or plays a 2-2

Good-Bye, Colombia: The Show of Skill Came Too Late

New York Times Service

they conquered the best team in their opening-round group and now they are gone. Say good-bye to Colombia, the best team to not qualify for the second round.

afternoon at Stanford Stadium, the steamrolled its way to two overpower-deft passing of midfielder Carlos Val-derrama, the wicked speed of forward

This was a hitter formight for the Faustino Asprilla and a smothering Colombians. They were considered defease carried Colombia past Switzerland, 2-0, in the final first-round match for both Group A teams.

And it is all for naught. The Colom-

second in Group A because of Roma-coaching the national team for eight nia's 1-0 victory Sunday over the Unit-years. PALO ALTO, California - They ed States. Romania, third in the fourcame as one of the favorites in the team Group A entering play on World Cup, they saw their standing Sunday, vaulted to first and will reevaporate in the heat of the Rose Bowl, main at the Rose Bowl to begin the

second round. Switzerland finishes with as many points as the United States, but is in second place because of a better goal differential against its opponents. The The Colombians, losers of their first Swiss likely will play in Washington two games, waited too late to show the and the United States could end up world just bow good they are. Sunday coming here to play Brazil, which has

one of the favorites in the tournament, but their first two losses effectively eliminated them from advancing to the Switzerland, meanwhile, advanced ter." Maturana then said he would quit game here, the Colombians knew they to the next round, but fell from first to at the end of the World Cup after were out.

"I had planned to leave," Maturana said Sunday. "This had oothing to do with our play in the World Cup." The first two games resulted in a loss

of national pride, and there was even a death threat against midfielder Gabriel Gómez. Gómez, 34, started and played all 90 minntes against Romania, hut sat out the game against the United States and was oot even with the team Sunday.

Gomez was "staying here with his family in the United States," Maturana said. "Obviously, emotionally, he's not doing very well. He's considering retirement oow due to the fact that other people are controlling his life."

Colombia needed all its stars in single-elimination second round. They alignment to advance. Its only chance bians get a one-way ticket back to Bo- lost to Romania, 3-1, then to the Unit- was to beat Switzerland, and have Rogotá, and all the ridicule they can han-dle from abject fans in their homeland. Francisco Maturana, called "a disas-in five minutes of the conclusion of the

waning moments of both halves.

The Colombians also clogged up the middle of the field when defending the second half. Switzerland had trouble attacking from the wings, and the Swiss managed only seven shots oo goal.

Colombia, pressuring from the start, had one goal called offside and was stopped by goalkeeper Marco Pascolo on several point-blank shots but finally broke through in the 44th minute for the first goal of the game. Valderrama had a free kick slightly to the right of midfield and 35 yards out. He lofted a chip shot that fell directly in the path of a streaking Herman Gaviria, who headed the ball off Pascolo's hands and into the net.

Colombia was essentially playing left-hand corner.

But Colombia played to its pretour- with a one-man advantage at the time nament notices on Sunday. The Colom- of the goal. The Swiss midfielder Cirbians were far more aggressive than iaco Sforza had been struck in the nose Switzerland. They had more chances, by Valderrama moments earlier, and with Asprilla keeping the Swiss on their was slow to get off the turf, but the heels, and the Colombians' stamma referee, Peter Mikkelsen of Denmark, won out when they scored goals in the let play continue. The Swiss fans, outraged by the call, whistled at Valder-

> Sforza and Valderrama had a nasty battle all afternoon. Sforza took down Valderrama late in the first half, and when there was no call, Valderrama tried to kick Sforza, again without penalty. The bitterness carried over at the end of the game, when both teams exited the field without the traditional. exchange of jerseys.

Colombia scored its second goal in penalty time, after 90 minutes had elapsed. Harold Lozano, who had replaced Gaviria in the 79th minute, came down the right side and ripped a shot on the ground and into the lower

Heat Has the Coaches Boiling

Fiery Temperatures Are the Tournament's Hottest Topic

From the Citrus to the Rose to the Cotton bowls, from Soltier Field to Giants Stadium, the most heated topic of the World Cup has been the tem-

At some sites, particularly in such torrid spots as Florida, California and Texas, temperatures have soared beyond 100 degrees Fahrenheit (38 centigrade) during games. The tournament began in such heat on June 17 and conditions remained almost unbearable for

The heat eased somewhat last week, but the thermometer took off again during the weekend. In Orlando, Florida, the Irish wilted, while the Belgians huffed and puffed through it. The Daich complained and the

Mexicans surged. With teams from three continents playing at the Citrus Bowl, it was the heat and humidity that turned the World

Cup into a melting pot. Temperatures reached 110 degrees Fahrenheit (43 centigrade) on the field Friday and trish less could not keep up with hish willpower. It was no sweat to the team from just across the Gulf of Mexico, and Mexico won, 2-1.

fornia, as well.

the heat bothered us as much as conditions. the pollution," the U.S. midgnys were having tronble breathing."

Goalkeeper Tony Meola thought it should have been an edge for the hosts.

Meola said, noting that readings on the field reached 120 degrees (49 centigrade). But I really think it affected them more than it did us. I know they're not used to this."

Indeed. But they seemed prepared enough for it. "It's important to score first,

particularly in this heat," said Gheorghe Hagi. Alan Rothenberg, chief exco-utive of the first World Cup

"We had to balan

held in the United States, de-nied that the weather was a de-was the hundreds of millions of ciding factor.

other didn't, but it wasn't because of the weather," he said. wenient."

"The Mexicans didn't beat The Irish, he added, even had us, the weather did," said Ireland's coach, Jack Charlton.

advantage over Mexico by training for two weeks in Orlando. land's coach, Jack Charlton.
Complaints were heard at the
Rose Bowl in Pasadena, California, as well.

ing for two weeks in Orlando.
"Nonsense," countered the
Irish goalkeeper, Pat Bonner,
indicating that two weeks do "It was hot, but I don't think not compare to a life in such

"So far, I have yet to hear a fielder Mike Sorber said after winning coach or player com-the loss to Romania. "A lot of plaining about the heat," Rothenberg said. Not so. Belgium was com-

plaining bitterly, even though it beat Morocco, 1-0, on June 19. The Moroccans were able to run a lot better in this heat," "Everybody was talking at said the Belgian coach, Paul halftime about bow hot it was." Van Himst.

Teams often have complained of the heat at a World Cup; setting kickoffs at high noon in such hot climates have compounded matters.

The world soccer federation's medical chief, Michel D'Hooghe, tried to switch kickoff times up to the last moment, realizing that playing in such the Romanian midfielder conditions could be dangerous. Bot he had to bow to commer-

"We had to balance a lot of television spectators in Europe, "One team obviously won, the Africa and the Middle East for



There was scant relief for the Romanians during their game with the U.S. team in heat of up to 115 degrees Fahrenheit (46 centigrade) at the Rose Bowl.

By David B. Ottaway

UMAG, Croatia - The way Giuseppe Rota, principal of the Italian gion's population.

"Every time there are elections in ing the border and the Osimo Treaty. der today? What does that mean? Another war, and we are tired of war."

yet," he added.

Silvio Berlusconi's rightist govern-

The alliance has called for a revision of the 1975 Osimo Treaty between Italian minority issue represents an-Italy and Yugoslavia, under which Ita- other nightmarish threat to its already ly gave up claims to the Istrian coastal region south of Trieste.

Croatia and Slovenia, two of the states seized by its Serb minority.

that emerged in 1991 from a disinte-grating Yugoslavia.

Spokesmen for the Berlusconi government say that there is "no quesprimary school bere tells it, about the last thing his small community in sunny Istria needs is Italy's neofascists through the newly independent, still defending the cause of the coastal re- fragile nations of Croatia and Slove-

The neofascist demands have raised Italy, they talk about Istria and chang- the specter that ethnic nationalism he remarked. "But changing the bor- into separate nations and now threatens the two-way partition of Bosnia could spread to Istria's Italian commu-"Fini hasn't come here to talk to us nity and even into Italy itself.

What is clear from even a brief tour Fini is Gianfranco Fini, leader of of Istria and from talks with Italians in the neofascist National Alliance in Ita- Rijeka, Pula, Umag and Koper across ly, which has re-emerged as a major the Slovenian border is that there is a tate the integration of both Croatia political force in Italian politics and strong nationalistic revival under way and Slovenia into the European has won five posts in Prime Minister among Italians - even though they Union. seem to be somewhat confused about their identity.

For Croatia, the resurgence of the fragmented sovereignty. It is now struggling to re-establish authority Today, that area is divided between over one-quarter of Croatia that was

barrier to becoming even an associate by the European Union. member of the European Union. The neo-fascists are demanding that Slovenia first resolve the demand of the 30,000 to 40,000 Italians who fled Yugoslavia after World War II and have

have claims to property there. Caught between the forces of three conflicting nationalisms, the Italian minority of Istria is seeking to charter which has already split Yugoslavia an independent course to avoid a potentially violent three-way border con-

> It is advocating a special transnational status for the whole Istrian area that it hopes will overcome the "narrow nationalism" of Italian, Slovenian and Croatian extremists and will facili-

> "We want a common region of all three parts of Istria" said Mr. Rota. who is also president of the Italian Union of Croatia and Slovenia. "We respect borders even if they divide us.

For Slovenia, the issue has become a toms union before it was superseded Army. His son is in the Croatian

The Istrian Peninsula, a summer playland of Italians, Croatians and Slovenes, is indeed a special area in

With its walled hilltop towns crowned with massive churches, its soaring stone bell towers, cypress trees dotting the landscape and pastelpainted bouses, it looks as if it belongs to Italy — a combination of Tuscany and the Ligurian Riviera.

It bas been a crossroads and melting pot of empires, republics and civilizations for centuries. Romans, Venetians, French, Italians, Austrians, Yugoslavs and now Croatians and Slovenians have taken turns occupying

gone through a bewildering change of

Take Mr. Rota, for example, whose family has lived in Umag, or Umago as ments, though at odds over their comit is still called in Italian, for three mon border in the Adriatic, agreed on but we want a Benelux status for the three areas." Benclux — Belgium, the army of the Austro-Hungarian Netherlands and Luxembourg — were joined in a special open-borders cus-

armed forces. Until 1952, all schools in Umag were Italian, according to Mr. Rota. and until 1954, when the London agreement was signed dividing the area into Italian and Yugoslav zones. there were 250,000 Italians in Istria.

Today, Umag's Italian community numbers only 2,700 out of a population of 10,000; the total of Italian stock in Croatian Istria is around 40,000, with 3,000 more living just across the border in Slovenia.

But the number of official Italian-Croatians seems to be growing as more Croatians born of mixed marriages de-

clare themselves Italian. In 1991, 19,283 Italians from 22 Istrian communities in both countries took part in elections for Istria's Ital-Even in contemporary times, it has ian communal "assembly." Last year, one through a bewildering change of the number reached 26,527 from 43

The Croatian and Slovenian govern-

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches
ZAGREB, Croana — The United Nations special envoy in the former Yugoslavia warned Tuesday that escalating Serb-Muslim fighting is seri-ously undermining the truce in Bosnia, and he told the combatants to stop attacking UN peacekeepers or face NATO air

The envoy, Yasushi Akashi, spoke before beading to Brussels for meetings with officials of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to discuss future

steps in the peace process.

I am alarmed that this upsurge in fighting threatens the prospects for reaching a comprehensive cessation of hostilities and undermines efforts already under way to broker an overall political settlement." Mr. Akashi said in a statement.

He expressed concern over a statement by General Rasim tion. Delic, commander of the Muslim-led Bosnian government army, that his troops would press ahead with an offensive to capture an important supply road in north-central Bosnia.

Mr. Akashi said fighting in the last week, concentrated mainly in the Ozren mountain region, bad increased to virtualy the same intensity as before the start of a monthlong tempo-

rary truce in Bosnia on June 10. the UN High Commissioner for air support "to eliminate any Refugees. Ron Redmond, said unit which deliberately attacks" that Bosnian Serbs were seeking personnel in the force. bumanitarian aid for 2,500 peo-

south slopes of Mount Ozren. The United Nations says the truce bas been disregarded

mainly by the government side.
"The Bosnian side is the one that has been most hostile to the

resolution that calls for a cease-fire and dialogue but which provoke a massive Serb response, he said in Sarajevo before heading to the fighting that they will resolution that calls for a cease-fire and dialogue but which appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be force and to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force an end to the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force and they are the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force and they are they are the fighting that they will be appears to offer little to force and they are the are they ar

Senior officials of the United States, Russia and the European Union were meeting in Paris on Tnesday to finalize a map as part of an agreement that would award 49 percent of Bosnia to the Serbs and 51 percent to a Croatian-Muslim federa-

Mr. Akashi deplored increasing threats to UN peacekeeping forces, including "several delib-erate and serious attacks" by both Serbian and government forces around Gorazde, where a British soldier was killed by

"firm intention" of the UN Protection Force in Bosnia to call ry truce in Bosoia on June 10. in "if necessary and without in Geneva, a spokesman for further warning" NATO close

The early adjournment was criticized by many delegates, some of whom believe the military, which has ruled the oil rich West

369 participants.

UN Threatens to Strike Muslim and Serb Snipers

ple who apparently had fled the

peace process and constantly breaching the cease-fire," said Sir Michael Rose, the British lieutenant general who commands the UN peacekeeping forces in Bosnia.

Kepeated cease-life attempts have taked but soon approved hope that the United Nations Security Council will soon approved measures that will stop the fighting and allow relief supplies too reach Aden. In New York, diplomats were working put a dialog.

fore heading to the NATO

sniper fire Sunday night.

A spokesman quoted Mr. Akashi as saying that it was the

CANINE BEGGAR - A boy in Moscow dropping money into a box on Tuesday for a dog that has been put out to join the ranks of beggars in the capital. The owners usually scrawl a sign saying money is needed to buy food for the animals.

TOPICS

AMERICAN

Not-So-Private Cellular Phones

Unwittingly Help Fight Crime "Princess Diana coos into her cellular telephone to a male friend and pays a very public price." Mike Mills writes in The Washington Post. "Colombian drug boss Pablo Escobar is shot dead hy po-lice after they trace his mobile telephone's radio signal." And Al Cowlings, the friend of O.J. Simpson, the former football star charged with murder, led police to their car when he made several cellular phone calls during a highway chase June 17.

But you don't have to be famous to be undone by using cellular telephones. The police now rank them among their most valued crime-fighting tools. Indeed, those who monitor privacy issues worry that the police may be tempted to do too much wireless-phone snooping.
Cellular telephones can be easily

tapped hy anyone with a police scanner. But it is a federal crime to listen in on them without a court-ordered wiretap

ius ask the butler...

The phones also are excellent homing

Sheraton Towers in anything you want it to be.

devices. When switched on, they periodically signal the network to announce their location.

Cellular phones can also tell the police where a suspect has been, since the relephone company keeps records of all

The privacy of conversations on cellular telephones is going to improve soon, with the introduction of "digital" wireless telephones. Because they transmit and receive in computer language and switch frequencies rapidly, eavesdrop-ping is more difficult.

Short Takes

办

S.I.N.G.A.P.O.R.E

THE THE PARTY OF T

In more than 80 percent of air accidents the pilots made mistakes that could easily have been prevented, federal investigators say. And all too often, the mistakes occurred because of poor teamwork among the crew. In one typical case in 1978, The New York Times reports. the pilot entered a holding pattern while trying to solve a problem with the landing gear. He was too absorbed too notice that the fuel gauges were dropping to empty. His two co-pilots failed "to successfully communicate their concern to the captain." The plane crashed, killing 10 people. Today, pilot training goes heyond technical skills. Crews are trained to work together. They learn to communicate, to speak their minds, to listen to each other and to share in the tasks of flying the airplane.

Revonda Bowen, 17, a mixed-race pupil who sued her local school for violation of ber civil rights after a white principal said her parents had made a "mistake" in bringing her into the world, will receive \$25,000 from the Randolph County Board of Education in Alabama. The money will be paid by the school board's insurer. The principal, Hulond Humphries, bad said the school prom would be canceled if interracial couples planned to attend. Miss Bowen, junior class president and head of the prom planning committee, has a white father and a black mother. The girl asked the principal whether her date should be white or black. The U.S. Justice Department is trying to get the principal fired.

Ever hear of Throff? That, Golf Digest explains, is "thrown golf." The player, instead of propelling the ball with a club. simply throws, tosses or rolls it from tee to cup. The magazine reports that an 82 by Joe Flynn in April 1975 is the best throlf score ever recorded. He sank his final six-foot (1.8-meter) putt by leaning over and dropping the ball into the cup.

International Herald Tribune.

022-903-012 Dominican Republic

Ecuador-

Egyptucia

El Salvadoro

Finlandiccio

Francest's 4

Germanyett

Ukraine's President African country most of the time since independence in 1960, and ploy by the government to prolong its stay in office. Wins First Round

Compiled by Our Stuff From Dispatches KIEV - President Leonid M. Kravchuk won the first round of Ukraine's presidential ballot, the electoral commission announced Tuesday.

Mr. Kravchuk got 37.72 per-cent of the vote against 31.27 percent for his opponent, for-mer Prime Minister Leonid S.

The two face a runoff round on July 10.

The results revealed a sbarp regional split in Ukraine, the world's third largest nuclear power, with the nationalist western regions voting heavily for Mr. Kravchuk and the Russian populated east favoring Mr. Kuchma.

Mr. Kravchuk was vulnerable because of Ukraine's dismal economy. Since breaking from the Soviet Union in 1991, hyperinflation has ravaged the country. The monthly state wage is below the equivalent of \$20, about a fifth of Russia's average wage.

President Kravchuk argues that market reforms must be gradual. But his critics say his reforms have been so gradual as to be nearly invisible. Elected in 1991, he was pressured to submit to early elections.

Hondures-

tecland+

treland(CC)

Israeltéer

Italyici is

LiechtensteintCO+

(Available from most major ones

Hungary CC14

8001-0022

355-5770

9800-102-80

19**₹-0**0-19

0130-0012

170

1-800-751-6624

Instead of economics, his campaign emphasized the bloodless transition from communism, and warned that his rivals' overtures toward Russia threaten independence and could provoke civil war.

Mr. Kuchma, former director of a buge missile factory, has tapped deep economic and ethnic resentment among the Russians who live in Ukraine. He accuses Mr. Kravchuk of cutting ties with Russia too hastily, and says closer links with Russia and other former Soviet republics could stave off economic collapse.

Mr. Kravcbuk bas been praised by Western countries for moving to dismantle the nuclear arsenal that Ukraine inberited from the Soviet Union. He has pledged that Ukraine will sign the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty.

Mr. Kuchma bas backed some denuclearization but opposes signing the treaty, saying the West bas been slow to offer financial support. He vows to make Ukraine a more active member of the Russian-domi-

TRAVEL UPDATE

WORLD BRIEFS

French House Lifts Tapie Immunity

PARIS (Reuters) — The French National Assembly voted overwhelmingly Tuesday to lift the parliamentary immunity of Bernard Tapie on suspicion of business and tax fraud related to the use of his livery related to the use of his liver

the use of his luxury yacht.

The opposition Socialists abstained. Socialist deputies de-

nouncing the verdict as unnecessary and prefabricated walked

out before the vote. The flamboyant businessman, a member of the assembly for the small Radical Movement of the Left, denied; guilt and said he was the victim of a political plot.

He said he would keep working in the assembly to push a taken mendating the history of popular and a second working in the assembly to push a taken mendating the history of popular and a second working in the assembly to push a taken mendating the history of popular and a second working in the assembly to push a taken mendating the history of popular and a second working in the assembly to push a taken mendating the history of popular and a second working in the second working the history of popular and the second working the sec

mandating the hiring of people under 25, confounding expects

Hearings Set in Marcos Rights Abuses

HONOLULU (AP) - Court-appointed lawyers will hear jest

mony in the Philippines later this year from some of the 9,000 victims of human rights abuses who are seeking compensators.

damage from the estate of former President Ferdinand E. Marcos of the Philippines. Mr. Marcos died in exile in Hawaii in 1989.

A jury ruled here in 1992 that he was responsible for tortures. disappearances and summary executions of thousands of people between 1977 and 1986.

between 1972 and 1986, when he was overthrown. In February

the same jury awarded the plaintiffs \$1.2 billion in exemplar demages, similar to punitive damages. Another jury trial scheen used to begin Dec. 12, will determine the amount of compensation

damages for medical costs, lost wages and pain and sufferings.

Attorneys for the victims say his estate has \$400 million in Sugar bank accounts alone. The Philippine government is seeking the same money, which it says Mr. Marcos looted from the treasury.

ADEN, Yemen (Reuters) — Northern Yemeni funces battered.

Aden's defenses on Tuesday in a fresh bid to cut off and conting
some of their southern foes' key facilities, officials said. Living

conditions inside the port city are deteriorating with residents

trying to dig wells to ease an increasingly acute water shortage.

The focus of the northern assaults is a coastal road leading west from Aden to a suburb called Little Aden, where the breakaway.

south's only oil refinery, Aden's main power station and a military complex are located. Northern units, which have besieged Aden.

for three weeks in an effort to force their southern foes into

Repeated cease-fire attempts have failed but southerners still

Russia Defense Chief Hails NATO Ties

MOSODW (AP) — Defense Minister Pavel S. Gracher hades. NATO's Partnership for Peace program on Tuesday as a bridge, that could lead Russia toward prosperity and integration into the

international community.

Russia has understood it is impossible to live in isolation.

General Grachev said at a news conference here that also was attended by General George A. Joulwan, NATO's Supreme Allie Commander in Europe. General Grachev said that Russia and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization had agreed to establish here.

son offices and hot line telephone links between the Russian General Staff and Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe General Joulwan, who arrived in Moscow on Monday said

Russia that could have a bigger role to play "given its size risk interests, its involvement in Europe and the world." But he also

stressed that Russia's integration into NATO activities would't

slow and gradual. "Let us have a way to crawl before we walk said walk before we run in this relationship," he said.

ABUIA, Nigeria (Reuters) — A conference called by Nigeria 5 military rulers to discuss democratic transition but Doycotted by the main opposition as a sham was adjourned Treaday abuos

The conference, the main item on General Sani Abachas

political agenda, was adjourned for two weeks on its second day?

Nigeria Democracy Talks Collapse

bi A orga

gua:

• Gr

ibe 📆 Depar

 0_{PP}

availe!

Arab:

For add.

TELECO

PH(

Now you

companies
off the m
DIRE
Pay less ti

 $C^{q]}$ trom

office. It

Tel: 1/21

submission, reached the road on Saturday before being pushe

North Yemen Pounds Aden Lines

tions that he would resign his seat to concentrate on the European.

Parliament, to which he was elected earlier this month.

WHO's Guidelines on 'Safe Food'

GENEVA (AP) - The World Health Organization issued guidelines Tuesday to help millions of tourists avoid disease by From 20 percent to half of all people who travel abroad year may be hit by diarrhea, according to the UN health agency said fatigue, jet lag and changes in diet and climate made travely more susceptible to bugs in water or food.

The leaflet, "Safe Food for Travelers," advises: Ask a de about risks. Make sure food has been thoroughly cooked as still hot when served. Avoid raw food unless it can be peeked shelled. Boil or disinfect any doubtful drinking water.

Trade union leaders at state-run Alitalia called a one-day gost strike for July 11 to protest job cuts by the airline. Alitalia loss billion lire (\$214 million) in 1993. The carrier said in May its losing more than a billion lire a day.

The Portuguese government, acting to calm commuters' and over sharp increases in tolls over Lisbon's only bridge over Tagus estuary, said the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to all users to the crossing will be made free to the crossing will be made fr year in July in addition to August. Railway links between France and Italy were re-estable Tuesday in the Mauricone Valley area of the Alps after being

for more than 24 hours by severe storms. Road links were rest Monday through the Frejus tunnel, one of the main routes. One person was killed in a fire early Tuesday on the car det a ferry sailing from Gedser to Rostock, Germany, the Danis

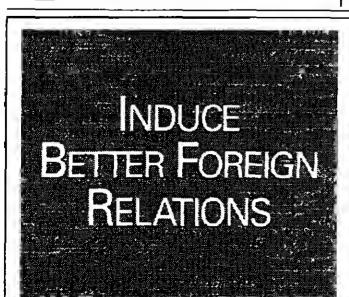
rescue service said. It said the fire apparently started in a tri few hours after midnight, killing the driver. A powerful storm Tuesday caused flash flooding and the col of buildings in southwest Germany. Three people were rep

killed in Baden-Württemberg, near the French bonder. nated Commonwealth of Independent States and give greater autonomy to Russian-speaking regions.

(AFP, AP)

A diarrhea outbreak has killed at least seven people and after a recent droughts in the West Java regency of Pandeglang, the American regions.

(AFP, AP)



TO OUR READERS IN GREAT BRITAIN

It's never been easier to subscribe and save. Just call toll-free: 0 800 89 5965

001-800-333-1141

1-600-624-1000

1-800-623-0484

1-800-888-R000

1-900-624-1000

800-002

0800-10012

0-600-2222

000-8012

To call from country to country, or back to the U.S., dial the WorldPhone number of the country you're calling from 06-022-91-22

Argentina+

Austra(C).4

00×0316 (Limited availables in casem Germany) 00-800-1211 Mexico A 980-16-0001 Greece CC-19 MICH CAMPBOOK Use your MCI Card," local telephone card or call collect, all at the same low rates. 1000 to communications college, which is the market making police all promotioned because it critical transformapph + Limited a middles ** War for so and deal rote ** Available from LAPATT

pithis places only. Rote depends on collection in Marco. I internated communications after a perfect of the places of the places of collection places and be duly to a

(Outside of Curo, dail 02 hist 1

001-800-444-1234

001-800-674-7000

00*****-800-01411

1-800-55-1001

177-150-2727

800-674-7000

172-1022

080071

15540222

0800-0112

95.800.674.7000

9994103

Nicaraguatus (Cursus of Monagua, dial 02 lirst.) Norway/CC/4 PerutOutside of Lima, doi: 190 first.) Puland: Ca. 1 Portugalities Puerto Ricorci -San Marinott : 16 Slovak Republic (CC)

Netherlands Antilled

2810-108 008-11-800 001-190 0▼-01-04-800-222 05-017-1234 1-800-888-8000 172-1022 00-42-000112 Venezueia i-4 (800-99-001)

St. Lucia Sweden (CC) 800-19912 Trinidad & Tobago . 108 (SPECIAL PHONES ONLY) United Kingdom(CC) To call the U.S. using BT to call the U.S. using MERCURY ... 0503-900 22 To call anywhere other than the US 0500 8 Uruguzy U.S. Virgin Islands(CC) Valican City (CC) 800 LI 114



Let It Take You Around the World